

Table 48. Expenditures for Wildlife-Related Recreation by State Where Spending Took Place: 2011

(Population 16 years old and older. Expenditures in thousands of dollars)

	Te	otal, wildlife-rela	ted expenditures		I	Fishing and hunti	ng expenditures	
State where spending took place	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other
United States, total	144,651,796	49,485,328	80,843,000	24,788,145	89,761,524	32,210,653	43,227,403	14,323,468
Alabama	2,665,172	763,220	1,711,316	190,636	1,930,968	722,029	1,043,040	165,898
Alaska	3.339.913	2.666.145	630.715	43,053	1,281,558	695,800	551.230	34.528
Arizona	2,367,995	897,293	1,144,520	326,181	1,432,115	506,095	808,438	117,582
Arkansas	1,775,635	691,310	810,190	274,135	1,559,561	656,790	653,616	249.155
California	7,496,449	3,903,886	2,917,174	675,389	3,718,773	2,122,206	1,431,197	165,370
Colorado	2,975,305	1,239,959	1,549,645	185,701	1,543,221	624,323	827,397	91,501
Connecticut	1,701,961	514,304	833,076	354,581	767,258	286,924	345,695	134,639
Delaware	325,374	90,245	146,729	88,400	155,586	54,176	43,460	57,950
Florida	9,036,766	4,815,253	2,733,398	1,488,115	5,995,434	3,082,600	1,944,968	967,865
Georgia	4,556,286	1,727,674	2,558,603	270,009	2,753,862	888,638	1,669,103	196,122
Hawaii	993.025	752,407	212,240	28,378	324,522	124,708	197,638	2,177
Idaho	1,582,416	628,991	780,265	173,161	1,150,375	546,512	488,083	115,780
Illinois	3,829,506	812,263	1,871,628	1,145,615	2,523,249	646,140	1,086,006	791,103
Indiana.	1,692,628	698,567	785,849	208,212	941,286	492,210	307,649	141,427
Iowa.	1,540,021	286,130	982,005	271,886	828,853	222,073	446,164	160,616
W.	006.020	202.551	226.255	256 122	607.604	247.052	150 420	270.242
Kansas	906,039	293,551	236,355	376,132	697,624	247,952	179,430	270,242
Kentucky	2,946,272	626,124	1,546,698	773,451	2,173,052	500,766	1,379,622	292,663
Louisiana	2,238,502	1,000,985	1,014,000	223,516	1,695,750	778,840	736,916	179,993
Maine	1,417,258	830,869	416,881	169,508	618,404	316,723	244,768	56,912
Maryland	1,303,595	350,179	806,654	146,762	820,174	245,757	472,892	101,525
Massachusetts	1,961,405	556,738	709,183	695,484	683,507	270,646	383,216	29,646
Michigan	6,090,451	1,780,639	3,193,893	1,115,919	4,869,636	1,364,077	2,531,190	974,369
Minnesota	3,885,325	1,387,813	2,132,200	365,311	3,264,034	1,159,597	1,962,218	142,219
Mississippi	2,629,194	650,396	1,710,722	268,076	2,286,772	559,903	1,472,411	254,458
Missouri	2,681,426	893,867	1,398,330	389,229	1,740,608	682,933	791,728	265,947
Montana	1,408,180	666,395	568,822	172,963	1,007,383	374,484	464,613	168,286
Nebraska	1,309,521	233,081	867,358	209,082	796,225	146,362	457,559	192,304
Nevada	1,182,878	284,367	511,929	386,583	500,850	170,000	236,043	94,807
New Hampshire	553,507	287,092	188,907	77,508	272,317	185,279	77,587	9,451
New Jersey	2,294,691	749,520	864,754	680,417	1,308,413	521,397	457,200	329,816
New Mexico	936,549	446,916	410,204	79,429	609,433	299,979	273,607	35,847
New York	9,166,012	2,527,906	5,098,727	1,539,380	5,014,223	1,868,034	2,674,940	471,249
North Carolina	3,294,423	1,612,019	1,418,915	263,489	2,364,762	1,244,710	969,655	150,397
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	3,510,736	1,002,362	1,412,777	1,095,597	2,771,930	915,296	955,751	900,883
Oklahoma	1,775,835	392,794	903,428	479,613	1,301,173	284,875	622,201	394,097
Oregon.	2,653,246	924,413	1,460,670	268,163	956,024	442,172	441,703	72,149
Pennsylvania	2,793,977	667,890	1,599,038	527,050	1,523,089	401,221	810,451	311,417
Rhode Island	360,420	167,465	156,775	36,180	159,940	88,545	64,637	6,757
South Carolina	2,019,749	850,232	1,046,902	122,615	1,552,496	589,394	855,615	107,487
South Dakota	1,230,541	605,390	472,350	152,801	1,063,546	471,308	441,898	150,340
Tennessee	2,868,103	991,489	1,701,509	175,106	1,925,532	493,049	1,310,767	121.716
Texas	6,222,843	2,360,889	2,867,946	994,008	4,399,085	1,882,809	1,947,975	568,300
Utah	1,749,270	708,740	879,698	160,833	1,163,865	413,017	641,686	109,162
Vermont	744,040	179,223	360,957	203,860	455,533	129,717	247,540	78,275
	2 542 170	1 066 100	1 710 520	757 540	2 592 572	766 227	1 225 200	502.025
Virginia	3,542,179	1,066,100	1,718,530	757,549	2,583,572	766,337	1,225,209	592,025
Washington	4,894,639	1,209,116	3,306,250	379,274	1,721,268	702,458	919,896	98,914
West Virginia.	1,200,485	495,132	617,953	87,400	874,707	394,806	434,257	45,644
Wisconsin	5,522,195	1,200,307	3,081,200	1,240,688	4,033,338	965,547	2,000,568	1,067,223
Wyoming	1,137,200	874,268	180,927	82,005	786,944	553,099	158,761	75,085

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 48. Expenditures for Wildlife-Related Recreation by State Where Spending Took Place: 2011—Continued

State where spending took place		Wildlife-watching expen	ditures	
State where spending took place	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other
United States, total	54,890,272	17,274,675	27,150,921	10,464,677
Alabama	734,204	*41,191	668,276	*24,738
Alaska	2,058,355	1,970,345	79,485	*8,524
Arizona	935,880	391,198	336,081	208,600
Arkansas	216,074	*34,520	156,574	200,000
California	3,777,677	1,781,680	1,485,977	510,019
Colorado	1,432,084	615,636	722,249	94,199
Connecticut	934.703	227,380	487,381	219.942
Delaware	169,788	36,069	103,269	30,450
Florida	3,041,333	1,732,652	788,430	520,250
Georgia	1,802,423	839,036	889,500	*73,887
Hawaii	668,504	627,700	14,603	26,201
Idaho	432,041	82,479	292,182	*57,380
Illinois	1,306,258	166,123	785,622	354,513
Indiana.	751,343	*206,357	478,201	66,785
Iowa.	711,168	64,058	535,840	111,270
Kansas	208,415	*45.599	56,925	105,891
Kentucky	773,221	125,358	167,075	480,788
Louisiana.	542,752	*222.145	277,084	*43,523
Maine	798,854	514,145	172,113	112,596
Maryland.	483,421	104,421	333,762	45,237
Massachusetts	1,277,898	286,092	325,967	665,838
Michigan	1,220,815	416,562	662,703	141,550
Minnesota	621,290	228,217	169,982	223,092
Mississippi	342,422	*90,493	238,311	*13,617
Missouri	940,818	210,934	606,603	123,282
Montana	400.797	291,910	104,210	*4.677
Nebraska	513,297	86,719	409,799	16,778
Nevada	682,028	114,366	275,886	291,776
New Hampshire	281,190	101,813	111,320	68,057
New Jersey	986,278	228,123	407,554	350,601
New Mexico	327,117	146,937	136,597	43,583
New York	4,151,789	659,871	2,423,787	1,068,131
North Carolina	929,661	367,309	449,260	113.092
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	738,806	87,066	457,027	194,714
Oklahoma	474,662	*107,919	281,227	*85,516
Oregon.	1,697,222	482,241	1,018,967	196.014
Pennsylvania	1,270,888	266,669	788,587	215,632
Rhode Island	200,480	78,920	92,137	29,423
South Carolina	467,253	260,838	191,288	*15,127
South Dakota	166,995	134.082	30,452	*2,461
Tennessee	942,572	498.440	390,742	53,390
Texas	1,823,758	478,080	919,971	425,708
Utah	585,405	295,723	238,012	*51,671
Vermont.	288,507	49,506	113,416	125,585
Virginia	958,607	299,762	493,321	165,524
Washington	3,173,371	506,658	2,386,353	280,360
West Virginia.	325,778	100,326	183,696	*41,756
Wisconsin	1,488,857	234,760	1,080,632	173,464
Wyoming	350,256	321,169	22,166	*6,920

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

(NA) Not available.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Table 49. Expenditures for Wildlife-Related Recreation in the United States by State Residents **Both Inside and Outside Their Resident State: 2011**

Participant's	To	otal, wildlife-rela	ted expenditures		Fishing and hunting expenditures					
state of residence	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other		
United States, total	144,651,796	49,485,328	80,843,000	24,788,145	89,761,524	32,210,653	43,227,403	14,323,468		
Alabama	2,580,330	710,864	1,692,392	177,074	1,767,160	617,679	998,359	151,122		
Alaska	1,014,001	365,578	621,150	27,273	869,773	313,999	536,453	19,321		
Arizona	2,553,755	941,641	1,283,558	328,556	1,546,497	507,957	937,457	101,083		
Arkansas	1,717,671	638,207	824,044	255,420	1,498,616	613,342	662,679	222,596		
California	8,904,405	4,928,288	3,189,756	786,361	4,427,335	2,596,721	1,596,696	233,918		
Colorado	2,444,637	1,019,057	1,281,295	144,285	1,441,355	512,345	866,761	62,250		
Connecticut	2,385,182	986,943	960,807	437,432	1,059,979	492,315	426,145	141,518		
Delaware	511,995	142,197	296,620	73,177	151,054	46,336	62,050	42,667		
Florida	8,091,232	3,820,030	2,697,940	1,573,261	5,476,780	2,613,804	1,846,212	1,016,764		
Georgia	5,060,457	2,462,015	2,354,755	243,687	2,482,983	856,617	1,462,415	163,950		
Hawaii	442,305	154,484	221,880	65,940	309,694	102,723	204,591	2,380		
Idaho	1,035,849	278,400	669,734	87,716	610,771	196,598	385,618	28,555		
Illinois	5,091,826	1,445,339	2,229,211	1,417,276	3,133,455	918,369	1,162,720	1,052,366		
Indiana	1,966,673	935,484	800,178	231,011	963,370	531,352	304,547	127,471		
Iowa	1,882,200	616,181	992,194	273,824	1,013,538	388,268	460,246	165,024		
Kansas	900.397	262,694	276,533	361,169	643,300	214,658	211,820	216,823		
Kentucky	2,924,946	579,125	1,627,013	718,808	2,112,626	485,558	1,394,306	232,761		
Louisiana	2,470,997	1,198,064	984,961	287,972	1,699,110	755,747	699,953	243,410		
Maine	622,529	217,143	328,944	76,442	387,872	168,129	173,050	46,693		
Maryland	1,730,084	652,348	854,361	223,375	1,106,794	358,666	610,726	137,401		
Massachusetts	1.939.377	607,740	827.332	504.306	774.231	335,517	371,711	67.004		
Michigan	6,150,417	1,742,178	3,284,436	1,123,803	4,919,017	1,351,218	2,578,221	989,578		
Minnesota	4,371,217	1,761,329	1,990,741	619,147	3,499,788	1,293,168	1,817,156	389,463		
Mississippi	2,524,916	556,106	1,713,495	255,315	2,173,769	487,354	1,447,246	239,169		
Missouri	2,765,273	1,034,244	1,306,487	424,541	1,582,437	606,378	698,530	277,528		
Montana	1,277,677	577,844	545,920	153,913	1,051,377	434,401	467,035	149.941		
Nebraska	1,445,193	323,928	796,405	324,860	858,584	178,484	394,386	285,714		
Nevada	1,282,868	407,053	535,633	340,182	485,601	233,524	204,670	47,407		
New Hampshire	506,690	256,534	201,908	48,248	341,541	197,176	132,719	11,646		
New Jersey	2,992,311	1,256,192	915,432	820,687	1,648,405	679,364	527,251	441,790		
New Mexico	906,190	392,074	427,509	86,608	585,688	260,497	285,114	40,076		
New York	10,665,327	3,600,610	5,130,402	1,934,315	5,309,319	2,086,496	2,668,628	554,194		
North Carolina	3,742,754	1,863,117	1,545,115	334,522	2,496,929	1,247,168	1,040,438	209,323		
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
Ohio	4,086,277	1,525,835	1,448,588	1,111,854	3,242,586	1,337,160	990,466	914,960		
Oklahoma	1,905,525	512,273	914,697	478,554	1,414,920	391,940	631,095	391,885		
Oregon	2,445,732	764,576	1,433,103	248,053	733,240	256,927	411,066	65,248		
Pennsylvania	2,475,374	507,790	1,530,270	437,314	1,472,760	421,023	793,380	258,357		
Rhode Island	330,687	151,989	140,715	37,982	168,733	63,931	98,201	6,601		
South Carolina	2,149,460	767,251	1,261,311	120,898	1,838,305	621,493	1,113,809	103,003		
South Dakota.	722,526	237,321	436,656	48,549	660,736	201,487	413,928	45,321		
Tennessee	2,871,608	897,275	1,821,155	153,178	2,137,741	590,473	1,448,405	98,862		
Texas	6,237,199	2,414,822	2,838,198	984,180	4,559,419	2,079,809	1,925,507	554,103		
Utah	1,326,803	452,085	776,883	97,835	946,736	322,728	575,859	48,149		
Vermont.	624,724	150,041	374,085	100,598	443,690	125,292	250,839	67,559		
Virginia	3,467,271	1,108,672	1,575,251	783,347	2,418,819	754,336	1,074,714	589,768		
Washington	5,275,143	1,332,774	3,477,820	464,549	2,195,318	916,795	1,085,454	193,068		
West Virginia.	1,285,342	550,452	665,620	69,270	953,839	417,965	484,767	51,107		
Wisconsin	4,906,805	1,078,953	3,026,952	800,900	3,415,396	810,087	1,980,609	624,699		
Wyoming	462,645	186,799	229,934	45,912	334,306	134,941	159,516	39,849		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 49. Expenditures for Wildlife-Related Recreation in the United States by State Residents Both Inside and Outside Their Resident State: 2011—Continued

Participant's		Wildlife-watching exper	nditures		
state of residence	Total	Trip-related	Equipment	Other	
United States, total	54,890,272	17,274,675	27,150,921	10,464,677	
Alabama	813,170	*93,185	694,033	*25.952	
Alaska	144,228	51,579	84,697	*7.952	
Arizona	1,007,258	433,685	346,100	227,474	
Arkansas	219,055	*24,866	161,365	*32.824	
				- ,-	
California	4,477,069	2,331,567	1,593,060	552,443	
Colorado	1,003,282	506,713	414,534	82,035	
Connecticut	1,325,203	494,628	534,661	295,914	
Delaware	360,941	95,861	234,570	30,510	
Florida	2,614,452	1,206,226	851,728	556,497	
Georgia	2,577,474	*1,605,397	892,339	*79,737	
Hawaii	132,611	51,761	17,289	63,560	
	425,078	*81,801	284,115	*59.161	
Idaho					
Illinois	1,958,371	526,970	1,066,491	364,911	
Indiana	1,003,303	*404,132	495,630	103,540	
Iowa.	868,662	227,914	531,948	108,800	
Kansas	257,096	48,036	64,713	144,347	
Kentucky	812,320	*93,567	232,707	486,047	
Louisiana	771,887	*442,317	285,008	*44,562	
Maine	234,657	*49.014	155,894	29.749	
Maryland	623,290	293,681	243,635	85,974	
Massachusetts	1,165,146	272.223	455,621	437.302	
	1,231,400	*390,960	706,215	134,225	
Michigan					
Minnesota	871,430	*468,161	173,584	229,684	
Mississippi	351,147	*68,752	266,249	*16,146	
Missouri	1,182,836	427,866	607,957	147,013	
Montana	226,300	*143,443	78,885	*3,972	
Nebraska	586,609	145,444	402,020	39,146	
Nevada	797,267	173,529	330,964	292,775	
New Hampshire	165,149	59,358	69,189	36,602	
New Jersey	1,343,906	576,828	388,181	378,897	
New Mexico	320,502	131,576	142,394	46,531	
New York	5,356,008	1,514,114	2,461,773	1,380,121	
North Carolina	1,245,825	615,949	504,677	125,199	
			-		
North Dakota	(NA) 843,691	(NA) 188,675	(NA) 458,123	(NA) 196,894	
	400.50#	****		*0.5.550	
Oklahoma	490,605	*120,334	283,602	*86,669	
Oregon.	1,712,492	507,648	1,022,037	182,806	
Pennsylvania	1,002,614	*86,767	736,890	178,957	
Rhode Island	161,954	88,059	42,514	31,381	
South Carolina	311,155	*145,758	147,503	*17,895	
South Dakota.	61,790	*35,834	22,728	*3,228	
Tennessee	733,867	306,802	372,750	54,315	
Texas	1,677,780	*335,013	912,691	430,076	
Utah	380,067	129,357	201,024	*49,686	
Vermont.	181,034	24,749	123,247	33,039	
Virginia	1,048,452	354,336	500,537	193,579	
Virginia					
Washington	3,079,826	415,979	2,392,366	271,481	
West Virginia.	331,503	*132,487	180,852	*18,163	
Wisconsin	1,491,409	*268,866	1,046,342	176,201	
Wyoming	128,338	51,858	70,417	*6,062	

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. (NA) Not available.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

Table 50. Anglers and Hunters by Sportsperson's State of Residence: 2011

		Fished or	hunted	Fished	only	Hunted	lonly	Fished an	d hunted
Sportsperson's state of residence			Percent of		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of
	Population	Number	population	Number	population	Number	population	Number	population
United States, total	239,313	37,397	16	23,714	10	4,285	2	9,389	4
Alabama	3,664	744	20	252	7	*228	*6	264	7
Alaska	526	235	45	129	25	*24	*5	82	16
Arizona	5,084	721	14	462	9	*135	*3	*124	*2
Arkansas	2,238	572	26	252	11	*105	*5	214	10
California	28,562	1,898	7	1,431	5	198	1	269	1
Colorado	3,946	727	18	567	14	*60	*2	99	3
Connecticut	2,781	347	12	265	10			76	3
Delaware	699	101	14	78	11	*9	*1	*14	*2
Florida	14,855	2,068	14	1,731	12	*78	*1	252	2
Georgia	7,459	981	13	672	9	*138	*2	171	2
Hawaii	995	108	11	85	9			*21	*2
Idaho	1,172	331	28	169	14			*119	*10
Illinois	9,988	1,487	15	976	10	*252	*3	260	3
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				9		*1		
Indiana	4,965	842	17	465		*56	-	322	6
Iowa	2,363	586	25	369	16	*64	*3	152	6
Kansas	2,163	453	21	275	13	*18	*1	159	7
Kentucky	3,376	643	19	327	10	*151	*4	165	5
Louisiana	3,449	802	23	511	15	*69	*2	222	6
Maine	1,066	233	22	92	9	*37	*3	104	10
Maryland	4,480	426	9	337	8			*72	*2
Massachusetts	5,320	464	9	398	7			59	1
Michigan	7,787	1,636	21	1,128	14	*170	*2	337	4
Minnesota	4,133	1,400	34	925	22	*71	*2	403	10
Mississippi	2,220	700	32	263	12	*96	*4	340	15
Missouri	4,667	1,001	21	507	11	132	3	363	8
Montana	777	223	29	114	15	*30	*4	78	10
Nebraska	1,387	258	19	143	10	*61	*4	54	4
Nevada	2,024	171	8	122	6	*15	*1	*34	*2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					13	. 1	*39	*4
New Hampshire	1,066	168	16	125	12	*20	*(7)		
New Jersey	6,852	709	10	593	9	*30	*(Z)	86	1
New Mexico	1,551	252	16	185	12	*21	*1	*47	*3
New York	15,503	1,980	13	1,241	8	*172	*1	567	4
North Carolina	7,264	1,394	19	1,077	15	*88	*1	230	3
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	8,999	1,603	18	1,075	12	*168	*2	360	4
Oklahoma	2,828	770	27	551	19			*193	*7
Oregon	3,061	444	15	263	9	*58	*2	*123	*4
Pennsylvania	10,036	1,277	13	574	6	269	3	434	4
Rhode Island	848	94	11	77	9			16	2
South Carolina	3,555	615	17	377	11	*42	*1	196	6
South Dakota	631	190	30	*58	*9	*27	*4	106	17
Tennessee	4,945	923	19	637	13	*91	*2	196	4
Texas	18,681	2,711	15	1,631	9	*356	*2	724	4
Utah	2,036	406	20	245	12	*55	*3	106	5
Vermont	512	134	26	64	12	30	6	41	8
Virginia	6,136	842	14	488	8	135	2	219	4
Washington	5,293	968	18	749	14	*54	*1	165	3
West Virginia.	1,464	322	22	111	8	*83	*6	128	9
Wisconsin	4,460	1,198	27	434	10	*260	*6	504	11
Wyoming	424	145	34	69	16	*30	*7	46	11
,, youning	727	177	J 4	07	10	1 30	/	1 40	11

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

(NA) Not available.

(Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Table 51. Anglers and Hunters by State Where Fishing or Hunting Took Place: 2011

	Anglers					Hunters							
State where fishing or hunting took place	Total ar residen nonres	ts and	State res		Nonres	idents	Total hi residen nonres	ts and	State re	sidents	Nonres	idents	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
United States, total	33,112	100	30,037	91	6,964	21	13,674	100	12,890	94	1,942	14	
Alabama	683	100	473	69	210	31	535	100	492	92	*44	*8	
Alaska	538	100	211	39	327	61	125	100	104	83			
Arizona	637	100	533	84	*104	*16	269	100	225	83	*45	*17	
Arkansas	555	100	458	83	*97	*17	363	100	316	87			
California	1,674	100	1,576	94	98	6	394	100	377	96			
Colorado	767	100	593	77	175	23	259	100	144	55	*115	*45	
Connecticut	342	100	277	81	*65	*19	50	100	46	93			
Delaware	166	100	59	36	*107	*64	23	100	19	84			
Florida	3,092	100	1,895	61	1,197	39	242	100	215	89			
Georgia	829	100	764	92	*65	*8	392	100	293	75	*98	*25	
Hawaii	157	100	104	66			*23	*100	*23	*100			
Idaho	447	100	238	53	208	47	246	100	*162	*66	*85	*34	
Illinois	1,044	100	955	92	*88	*8	512	100	459	90			
Indiana	801	100	720	90	*81	*10	392	100	377	96			
Iowa	473	100	416	88	*58	*12	253	100	200	79			
Kansas	400	100	372	93	*28	*7	283	100	170	60	*112	*40	
Kentucky	554	100	451	81	*103	*19	347	100	316	91			
Louisiana	825	100	700	85	*125	*15	277	100	253	91			
Maine	341	100	193	56	149	44	181	100	141	78	*40	*22	
Maryland	426	100	347	81	80	19	88	100	*69	*78	*19	*22	
Massachusetts	532	100	377	71	155	29	56	100	52	93			
Michigan	1,744	100	1,397	80	347	20	529	100	501	95			
Minnesota	1,562	100	1,303	83	259	17	477	100	457	96			
Mississippi	651	100	600	92			483	100	436	90			
Missouri	1,071	100	827	77	244	23	576	100	477	83	*100	*17	
Montana	267	100	185	69	82	31	150	100	104	70	*46	*30	
Nebraska	207	100	177	85			128	100	110	86			
Nevada	147	100	114	78			43	100	39	91			
New Hampshire	228	100	153	67	75	33	56	100	42	74	*14	*26	
New Jersey	766	100	509	66	*257	*34	94	100	93	99			
New Mexico	278	100	213	77	*65	*23	69	100	64	93			
New York	1,882	100	1,585	84	297	16	823	100	739	90	*84	*10	
North Carolina	1,525	100	1,196	78	329	22	335	100	259	77	*76	*23	
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio	1,342	100	1,257	94	*85	*6	553	100	516	93	*37	*7	
Oklahoma	729	100	680	93	*49	*7	244	100	219	90			
Oregon	638	100	373	59	264	41	196	100	181	92			
Pennsylvania	1,101	100	891	81	210	19	775	100	699	90	*76	*10	
Rhode Island	175	100	79	45	96	55	20	100	15	77	:		
South Carolina	744	100	561	75	*182	*25	254	100	180	71	*74	*29	
South Dakota	268	100	156	58	*112	*42	270	100	127	47	144	53	
Tennessee	826	100	709	86	*117	*14	375	100	276	74			
Texas	2,246	100	2,133	95	*114	*5	1,147	100	1,080	94	*67	*6	
Utah	414	100	343	83	*70	*17	193	100	158	82	*35	*18	
Vermont	207	100	95	46	112	54	90	100	66	74			
Virginia	833	100	649	78	184	22	432	100	326	75	*106	*25	
Washington	938	100	835	89	*103	*11	219	100	200	92			
West Virginia	305	100	222	73	*84	*27	247	100	184	74			
Wisconsin	1,247	100	910	73	337	27	895	100	763	85	*131	*15	
Wyoming	303	100	110	36	*193	*64	140	100	76	54	*64	*46	

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably. (NA) Not available.

Note: For the U.S. row, detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

Table 52. Hunters by Type of Hunting and State Where Hunting Took Place: 2011

	Total, all	hunting	Big g	ame	Small	game	Migrato	ry birds	Other a	nimals
State where hunting took place	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	13,674	100	11,570	85	4,506	33	2,583	19	2,168	16
Alabama	535	100	477	89	*126	*24			*68	*13
Alaska	125	100	110	88	*25	*20				
Arizona	269	100	*127	*47	*105	*39	*75	*28		
Arkansas	363	100	318	88	*83	*23	*97	*27	*96	*27
California	394	100	154	39	201	51	221	56	*62	*16
Cumomiu	371	100	131]	201				02	
Colorado	259	100	178	69	*101	*39			*37	*14
Connecticut	50	100	*30	*60	*31	*62				
Delaware	23	100	*18	*80			*9	*39		
Florida	242	100	187	77					*77	*32
Georgia	392	100	349	89	*117	*30			*65	*17
Hawaii	*23	*100	*22	*96						
Idaho	246	100	177	72						
Illinois	512	100	351	69	*237	*46	*156	*30	*153	*30
Indiana	392	100	266	68	*126	*32				
Iowa	253	100	199	79	*131	*52				
	202	100	1.00		100		***			
Kansas	283	100	162	57	189	67	*68	*24		
Kentucky	347	100	315	91	*134	*39	*110	*40		
Louisiana	277 181	100	217	78 79	*95 *60	*34 *33	*110	*40	*21	*12
Maine		100	143			*40	*29	*22		*12
Maryland	88	100	*73	*83	*35	*40	*29	*32		
Massachusetts	56	100	*41	*72	*26	*46				
Michigan	529	100	488	92	*114	*22				
Minnesota	477	100	412	86	*160	*34	*68	*14		
Mississippi	483	100	469	97	*106	*22	*39	*8		
Missouri	576	100	464	80	146	25	*99	*17	*45	*8
Montana	150	100	128	86	*55	*36				
Nebraska	128	100	93	72	*45	*35	*29	*22		
Nevada	43	100	*30	*70	*20	*46				
New Hampshire	56	100	46	82	*17	*31				
New Jersey	94	100	89	95	*23	*24	*18	*19		
New Mexico	69	100	*44	*64						
New York	823	100	777	94	*380	*46				
North Carolina	335	100	281	84	*59	*17	*89	*27		
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	553	100	515	93	*193	*35			*72	*13
Oklahoma	244	100	*144	*59	*123	*50			*37	*15
Oregon.	196	100	189	96	123	. 30				.13
Pennsylvania	775	100	755	97	*204	*26				
Rhode Island	20	100	*9	*47	*13	*64	*8	*39		
South Carolina	254	100	224	88	*63	*25	*63	*25		
South Dakota	270	100	122	45	212	78	*58	*21		
Tennessee	375	100	337	90	*122	*33	*114	*30		
Texas	1,147	100	937	82	*247	*22	*391	*34	432	38
Utah	193	100	149	77	*63	*33	*30 *5	*16	 ±10	*20
Vermont	90	100	84	93	*22	*24	*5	*6	*18	*20
Virginia	432	100	405	94	85	20	*85	*20		
Washington	219	100	189	86						
West Virginia	247	100	244	99	*86	*35				
Wisconsin	895	100	785	88	*219	*24	*105	*12		
Wyoming	140	100	130	93						

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 53. Days of Hunting by State Where Hunting Took Place and Hunter's State of Residence: 2011

		I	Days of hunt	ing in state				Days	of hunting b	y state resid	lents	
	Total d	lays,	Days	by	Days	by	Total days,	in state of	Days in	, ctate	Days	in
State	resident		state res		nonresi		residen		of resid		other s	
·	nonresio		27 1	ъ .	NT 1	ъ .	other s		37 1	ъ .	N. 1	·
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	281,884	100	263,038	93	20,291	7	281,884	100	263,038	93	20,291	7
Alabama	10,548	100	10,285	98	*263	*2	10,393	100	10,285	99		
Alaska	1,336	100	1,044	78			1,096	100	1,044	95		
Arizona	2,634	100	2,363	90	*271	*10	3,164	100	2,363	75		
Arkansas	10,967 6,731	100 100	10,006 6,585	91 98			10,712 8,036	100 100	10,006 6,585	93 82	*1,451	*18
Camonia	0,731	100	0,363	90			8,030	100	0,363	62	1,431	10
Colorado	2,184	100	1,553	71	*630	*29	1,806	100	1,553	86		
Connecticut	1,011	100	947	94			1,348	100	947	70	*401	*30
Delaware	380	100 100	343	90 95			453	100 100	343	76 74	*110	*24 *26
FloridaGeorgia	5,252 8,920	100	4,969 7,742	95 87	*1,177	*13	6,693 8,318	100	4,969 7,742	93	*1,724	
Georgia	0,920	100	7,742	07	1,1//	-13	0,510	100	1,742	73		
Hawaii	774	100	*774	*100			786	100	*774	*99		
Idaho	3,227	100	*1,983	*61	*1,243	*39	2,009	100	*1,983	*99		
Illinois	7,836	100	7,354	94			7,786	100	7,354	94	*432	*6
Indiana	10,863	100 100	10,814	100 94			10,926	100 100	10,814	99 96		
Iowa	4,240	100	3,988	94			4,163	100	3,988	90		
Kansas	5,209	100	4,075	78	*1,134	*22	4,193	100	4,075	97		
Kentucky	12,222	100	11,402	93			11,979	100	11,402	95		
Louisiana	5,222	100	5,044	97	*202		6,738	100	5,044	75	*1,694	*25
Maine	2,523	100 100	2,240 *919	89 *89	*283 *112	*11 *11	2,410	100 100	2,240 *919	93 *65		
Maryland	1,032	100	1919	. 93	.112	.11	1,418	100	.919	.03		
Massachusetts	1,062	100	1,041	98			1,403	100	1,041	74	*363	*26
Michigan	11,020	100	10,840	98			11,358	100	10,840	95		
Minnesota	5,589	100 100	5,502	98 94			8,053	100 100	5,502	68 98	*2,551	*32
Mississippi	9,105 10,087	100	8,537 9,154	94	*932	*9	8,755 9,716	100	8,537 9,154	98 94	*562	*6
Wiissouri	10,067	100	9,134	91	732		9,710	100	9,134	74	302	-0
Montana	2,493	100	2,002	80	*491	*20	2,158	100	2,002	93		
Nebraska	1,554	100	1,490	96			1,584	100	1,490	94		
Nevada	748	100 100	699	93 89	*153	*11	897	100 100	699	78 91	*198	*22
New Hampshire	1,359 2,400	100	1,207 2,380	99			1,330 2,928	100	1,207 2,380	81	*547	*19
New Jersey	2,400	100	2,300	,,,			2,720	100	2,300	01	347	1)
New Mexico	927	100	851	92	*7(0	 * 4	911	100	851	93		
New York	18,433 7,608	100 100	17,673 7,314	96 96	*760 *293	*4 *4	17,741 8,177	100 100	17,673 7,314	100 89		
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	8,967	100	8,688	97	*278	*3	9,066	100	8,688	96		
Oklohomo	4 069	100	4 700	06			5 201	100	4.700	92		
Oklahoma	4,968 2,205	100	4,790 2,133	96 97			5,201 2,264	100	4,790 2,133	92		
Pennsylvania	18,247	100	17,648	97	*598	*3	17,826	100	17,648	99		•••
Rhode Island	419	100	248	59			318	100	248	78	*70	*22
South Carolina	4,353	100	3,882	89	*471	*11	4,255	100	3,882	91		
South Dakota	3,742	100	2,811	75	930	25	2,901	100	2,811	97		
Tennessee	9,846	100	9,507	97	,,,,,		9,603	100	9,507	99		
Texas	20,372	100	19,778	97	*594	*3	19,905	100	19,778	99		
Utah	2,720	100	2,482	91	*238	*9	2,643	100	2,482	94		
Vermont	1,584	100	1,403	89			1,618	100	1,403	87	*215	*13
Virginia	10,060	100	9,302	92	*758	*8	10,306	100	9,302	90	*1,004	*10
Washington	2,547	100	2,445	96			2,756	100	2,445	89	*311	*11
West Virginia	3,166	100	3,035	96			3,254	100	3,035	93		
Wisconsin	12,177	100	10,085	83	*2,092	*17	10,219	100	10,085	99		
Wyoming	1,726	100	1,103	64	*623	*36	1,171	100	1,103	94	*68	*6

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 54. Days of Hunting by Type of Hunting and State Where Hunting Took Place: 2011

State where hunting took place	Total, all h	unting	Big gai	ne	Small g	ame	Migratory	birds	Other an	mals
State where number took place	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	281,884	100	212,116	75	50,884	18	23,263	8	34,434	12
Alabama	10,548	100	8,790	83	*1,282	*12			*862	*8
Alaska	1,336	100	1,211	91	*124	*9				
Arizona	2,634	100	*774	*29	*1,443	*55	*324	*12		
Arkansas	10,967	100	9,401	86	*1,253	*11	*2,018	*18	*1.214	*11
California	6,731	100	1,824	27	2,045	30	2,860	42	*1,058	*16
Colorado	2,184	100	1,327	61	*730	*33			*508	*23
Connecticut	1,011	100	*481	*48	*457	*45			300	
Delaware	380	100	*322	*85		-	*83	*22		
Florida	5,252	100	4,051	77					*1,538	*29
Georgia	8,920	100	8,268	93	*1,966	*22			*1,907	*21
Howaii	*774	*100	*688	*89						
Hawaii	3.227	100	2,664	83						
Idaho	7,836	100	4,915	63	*1.220	*16	*1,075	*14	*1,174	*15
	10,863	100	6,261	58	*1,666	*15			1,1/4	
Indiana		100		73		- 1				
Iowa	4,240	100	3,106	/3	*1,169	*28				
Kansas	5,209	100	3,486	67	1,644	32	*357	*7		
Kentucky	12,222	100	9,720	80	*1,742	*14				
Louisiana	5,222	100	3,697	71	*950	*18	*1,085	*21		
Maine	2,523	100	1,827	72	*802	*32	·		*237	*9
Maryland	1,032	100	*786	*76	*136	*13	*152	*15		
Massachusetts	1,062	100	*769	*72	*268	*25				
Michigan	11,020	100	9,584	87	*1,208	*11				
Minnesota	5,589	100	3,573	64	*2,014	*36	*1,238	*22		
Mississippi	9,105	100	7,410	81	*1,445	*16	*231	*3		
Missouri	10,087	100	8,386	83	1,298	13	*848	*8	*629	*6
		400			4.500					
Montana	2,493	100	2,040	82	*678	*27				
Nebraska	1,554	100	1,081	70	*332	*21	*255	*16		
Nevada	748	100	*343	*46	*316	*42				
New Hampshire	1,359	100	1,057	78	*185	*14				
New Jersey	2,400	100	2,078	87	*270	*11	*225	*9		
New Mexico	927	100	*569	*61						
New York	18,433	100	15,649	85	*3,620	*20				
North Carolina	7,608	100	5,059	67	*1,343	*18	*1,665	*22		
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	8,967	100	6,747	75	*1,884	*21			*1,297	*14
Oklahoma	4,968	100	*2,776	*56	*1,399	*28			*1,679	*34
Oregon.	2.205	100	1.918	87	1,377	20			′	54
Pennsylvania	18,247	100	17,389	95	*1,152	*6				
Rhode Island	419	100	*234	*56	*147	*35	*71	*17		
South Carolina	4,353	100	3,559	82	*438	*10	*333	*8		
	<u> </u>		, i							
South Dakota	3,742	100	982	26	1,660	44	*342	*9		
Tennessee	9,846	100	7,622	77	*3,061	*31	*593	*6		
Texas	20,372	100	12,651	62	*3,238	*16	*1,672	*8	7,882	39
Utah	2,720	100	1,962	72	*452	*17	*597	*22		
Vermont	1,584	100	1,406	89	*225	*14	*35	*2	*92	*6
Virginia	10,060	100	9,396	93	*699	*7	*262	*3		
Washington	2,547	100	2,210	87						
West Virginia.	3,166	100	2,580	81	*851	*27				
Wisconsin	12,177	100	8,575	70	*2,640	*22	*1,276	*10		•••
	1.726	100	1.487	86	,		,			•••

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 55. Expenditures for Hunting by State Where Spending Took Place: 2011

(Population 16 years old and older. Expenditures in thousands of dollars)

<u> </u>			Trip-related e	xnenditures			Expenditures f	or equipment		P 11:
State where spending	Total	Total	Food and	Trans-	Other	Total	Hunting	Auxiliary	Special	Expenditures for other
took place	expenditures	trip-related	lodging	portation	trip costs	equipment	equipment ¹	equipment ¹	equipment ¹	items ²
United States, total	33,702,017	10,421,189	3,881,304	4,767,915	1,771,970	13,972,490	7,738,324	1,844,880	4,389,286	9,308,340
Omicu States, total	33,702,017	10,421,107	3,001,304	4,707,713	1,771,570	13,772,470	7,750,524	1,044,000	4,505,200	7,500,540
Alabama	913,387	404,966	151,664	160,803	*92,498	357,045	173,693	*63,734		151,376
Alaska	424,803	167,664	68,265	63,078	36,321	244,032	113,578	*12,745		13,107
Arizona	337,759	148,623	57,806	74,731	*16,085	133,703	80,563	*17,195		55,433
Arkansas	1,018,793	317,150	133,327	152,564	*31,259	466,793	409,109	*50,371		234,850
California	964,054	501,877	114,203	227,036	160,638	382,590	224,800	*88,376	•••	79,588
Colorado	460,914	220,754	86,645	81,818	52,290	185,179	142,127	*25,522		54,981
Connecticut	301,988	28,253	*7,577	15,353	*5,323	159,642	108,687	*15,039		114,093
Delaware	40,771	*5,426	*2,851	*2,185		12,475	*8,430			*22,870
Florida	715,733	280,965	75,876	125,965	*79,124	219,590	185,070	*22,630		215,178
Georgia	964,887	486,854	241,218	155,601	*90,036	328,558	299,661	*21,874		149,475
Hawaii	*50,962	*22,634	*7,981	*14,099	*554	*27,374	*26,445			*954
Idaho	477,548	285,440	77,409	114,160	*93,870	131,968	73,694	*16,137		60,140
Illinois	1,216,281	273,779	139,784	106,027	*27,967	369,894	235,424	*67,077		572,608
Indiana	222,310	64,900	25,507	35,471		105,008	86,825	*15,676		52,402
Iowa	405,451	121,534	58,278	59,244		151,252	108,302	*36,960		132,665
Kansas	401,452	149,787	50,646	72,731	*26,410	71,835	61,867	*9.968		179,829
Kentucky	797,766	241,639	62,367	106,402	*72,869	350,029	272,967	*56,892		206,098
Louisiana	564,385	244,997	100,546	111,188	*33,263	177,639	142,761	*20,136		141,749
Maine	202,639	102,037	64,615	33,273	*4,149	60,394	46,748	*4,946		40,208
Maryland	264,119	50,221	*20,853	14,058	*15,310	127,600	105,922	*21,678		*86,297
Massachusetts	87,483	*16,941	*7,064	*8,640		62,893	*45,364	*16,349		7,649
Michigan	2,338,684	271,341	105,419	143,776	*22,146	1,317,004	407,636	*76,709		750,339
Minnesota	725,407	235,024	113,805	95,062	*26,158	400,397	336,690	54,429		89,986
Mississippi	914,889	244,140	114,436	98,317	*31,386	428,296	299,769	52,450		242,453
Missouri	906,888	308,718	124,111	142,245	42,362	355,911	265,218	38,051		242,259
Montana	627,298	232,599	90,862	132,275	*9,461	284,624	164,708	*88,982		110,075
Nebraska	526,527	89,522	40,072	44,014	*5,436	258,741	148,017	51,066		178,263
Nevada	204,137	86,725	25,465	29,484	*31,776	79,937	45,804	*20,582		37,475
New Hampshire	60,578	33,890	9,463	23,614		23,426	19,467	*3,959		3,262
New Jersey	115,797	34,419	*11,665	18,664		67,032	33,483	*7,214	•••	14,345
New Mexico	139,264	*65,792	*24,371	*35,197	*6,225	*54,420	*43,569	*7,257		19,051
New York	1,564,205	810,119	237,046	528,953	*44,120	483,719	397,260	*51,249		270,368
North Carolina	525,281	224,555	78,189	96,908	*49,457	181,501	146,819	*34,293		119,225
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	752,996	320,777	57,043	163,800		274,391	220,095	*54,296	•••	157,828
Oklahoma	355,680	109,173	*38,010	*37,246	*33,918	*182,698	*170,187	*10,882		*63,809
Oregon	238,696	83,492	35,895	42,322	*5,274	134,260	*36,835	*24,709		20,944
Pennsylvania	970,598	172,710	61,534	98,835	*12,342	563,664	319,457	100,525		234,223
Rhode Island	18,308	4,610	1,585	2,914		12,119	*9,583	*863		1,578
South Carolina	505,311	229,561	95,412	96,014	*38,134	191,589	81,911	*22,483		84,161
South Dakota	596,824	338,230	154,811	139,036	*44,382	115,496	65,594	*24,101		143,098
Tennessee	494,005	210,025	95,404	99,196	*15,425	216,306	158,388	*57,918		67,674
Texas	1,835,098	837,479	332,375	379,419	*125,685	537,597	343,969	*154,067		460,022
Utah	499,141	186,765	50,622	101,917	*34,226	261,972	148,128	*46,555		50,403
Vermont	292,328	39,469	14,096	21,883	*3,490	190,433	129,785	13,467		62,426
Virginia	877,038	297,241	73,309	93,747	130,185	286,072	227,495	53,040		293,725
Washington	356,251	163,423	75,198	77,154	*11,070	156,398	109,555	*38,486		36,431
West Virginia	409,219	68,531	37,185	28,376		307,999	79,373	*43,866		32,689
Wisconsin	2,544,591	358,080	160,687	156,022	*41,371	1,464,520	137,004	*64,793		721,991
Wyoming	288,736	159,115	40,461	67,319	*51,334	80,980	48,959	*25,881		48,642

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ See Table 17 for a detailed listing of hunting, auxiliary, and special equipment items.

² Includes expenditures for magazine subscriptions, membership dues and contributions, land leasing and ownership, licenses, stamps, tags, and permits, and plantings. Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

Table 56. Freshwater (Except Great Lakes) Anglers and Days of Fishing by State Where Fishing Took Place: 2011

			Angl	ers					Days of	tishing		
State where fishing took place	Total and residents nonresidents	s and	State res	sidents	Nonres	idents	Total days, residents Days by and nonresidents state residents		Days nonresi			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percen
United States, total	27,060	100	24,914	92	4,540	17	443,223	100	403,207	91	42,801	10
Alabama	598	100	451	75	*147	*25	9,746	100	8,999	92	*746	*8
Alaska	302	100	166	55	*136	*45	2,995	100	2,139	71	*857	*29
Arizona	637	100	533	84	*104	*16	4,825	100	4,141	86	*684	*14
Arkansas	555	100	458	83	*97	*17	15,662	100	15,055	96	*607	*/
California	1,352	100	1,304	96	48	4	17,382	100	17,086	98	296	2
Colorado	767	100	593	77	175	23	8,433	100	7,490	89	943	1
Connecticut	243	100	211	87	*33	*13	3,518	100	3,416	97	*102	*
Delaware	55	100	28	51			655	100	567	87		
Florida	1,214	100	956	79	258	21	25,729	100	21,001	82	4,728	13
Georgia	763	100	725	95			8,106	100	7,932	98		
·												
Hawaii	447	100	220	52	208	 47	5 507	100	2 165	39	2 2/12	
Idaho	937	100 100	238 861	53 92	208 *76	47 *8	5,507 12,312	100 100	2,165 11,959	97	3,342 *353	61
	716	100	636	92 89	*81	*8 *11	12,312	100	11,959	97	*537	*:
Indiana		100	416	88	*58	*12	5,978	100	5,790	97	*187	*
Iowa	473	100	410	00	. 36	12	3,978	100	3,790	9/	.191	
Kansas	400	100	372	93	*28	*7	4,163	100	4,088	98	*75	*2
Kentucky	554	100	451	81	*103	*19	10,245	100	9,385	92	*860	*{
Louisiana	720	100	642	89			16,665	100	16,437	99		
Maine	283	100	173	61	111	39	3,223	100	2,403	75	820	25
Maryland	227	100	192	84	*36	*16	3,160	100	2,809	89	*351	*11
Massachusetts	294	100	232	79	*62	*21	4,499	100	4,211	94	*288	*(
Michigan	1,361	100	1,054	77	307	23	20,961	100	19,006	91	1,955	(
Minnesota	1,413	100	1,159	82	254	18	20,768	100	19,086	92	1,682	8
Mississippi	609	100	562	92			7,751	100	7,086	91	·	
Missouri	1,071	100	827	77	244	23	14,865	100	13,263	89	1,603	11
Montana	267	100	185	69	82	31	2,450	100	2,091	85	358	1:
Nebraska	207	100	177	85			2,595	100	2,493	96		
Nevada	147	100	114	78			1,400	100	1,295	93		
New Hampshire	209	100	140	67	69	33	3,606	100	3,121	87	485	13
New Jersey	258	100	251	97			2,680	100	2,597	97		
New Mexico	278	100	213	77	*65	*23	3,899	100	3,622	93	*278	**
New York	1,212	100	1,056	87	156	13	19,200	100	18,257	95	942	4
North Carolina	1,054	100	948	90	*106	*10	15,764	100	15,446	98	*317	*2
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA
Ohio	1,161	100	1,099	95	*62	*5	14,040	100	13,523	96	*517	*/
Oklahoma	729	100	680	93	*49	*7	8,499	100	7,943	93	*556	*7
Oregon.	516	100	347	67	169	33	5,201	100	4,173	80	1,029	20
Pennsylvania	874	100	695	80	179	20	8,906	100	7,335	82	1,572	18
Rhode Island	42	100	34	80			739	100	690	93		
South Carolina	537	100	437	81	*100	*19	9,221	100	8,843	96	*378	*/
	260	100	156	50	*112	* 40	4.060	100	2.525	67	*544	ale 4 /
South Dakota	268	100	156	58	*112	*42	4,069	100	3,525	87	*544	*13
Tennessee	826	100	709	86	*117	*14	16,957	100	16,041	95	*916	*5
Texas	1,758	100	1,666	95	*92	*5	22,616	100	22,099	98	*518	*2
Utah Vermont	414 207	100 100	343 95	83 46	*70 112	*17 54	5,979 2,215	100 100	5,373 1,751	90 79	*606 464	*10 21
	207	100	93	40		54	2,213	100	1,/31	19	404	2.
Virginia	551	100	455	82	*97	*18	7,904	100	7,422	94	*481	*(
Washington	743	100	660	89	*84	*11	10,940	100	10,650	97	*290	*:
West Virginia	305	100	222	73	*84	*27	4,521	100	4,271	94	*250	*(
Wisconsin	1,107	100	808	73	299	27	19,950	100	13,514	68	6,436	32
Wyoming	303	100	110	36	*193	*64	3,123	100	2,009	64	*1,114	*3

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: For the U.S. row, detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 57. Great Lakes Anglers and Days of Great Lakes Fishing by State Where Fishing Took Place: 2011

	Anglers Days of fishing											
State where fishing took place	Total ar residen nonres	ts and	State residents		Nonresidents		Total days, residents and nonresidents		Days by state residents		Days by nonresidents	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	1,665	100	1,525	92	224	13	19,661	100	18,231	93	1,503	8
Illinois	 650 332 344	 100 100 100	 558 *290 *315	 86 *87 *92	*92 *42 	*14 *13 	 10,987 4,485 2,161	 100 100 100	10,373 *4,062 *2,068 	 94 *91 *96	*614 *422 	*6 *9
Wisconsin	*178	*100	*138	*77	*40	*23	*1,246	*100	*977	*78	*269	*22

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10-29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Note: For the U.S. row, detail does not add to total because of multiple responses.

Table 58. Saltwater Anglers and Days of Saltwater Fishing by State Where Fishing Took Place: 2011

(Population 16 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

	Anglers					Days of fishing						
State where fishing took place	Total anglers, residents and nonresidents		State re	State residents		Nonresidents		Total days, residents and nonresidents		by sidents	Days by nonresidents	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	8,889	100	6,600	74	2,764	31	99,474	100	86,027	86	13,681	14
Alabama	134	100	*69	*52	*65	*48	1,490	100	*1,215	*82	*275	*18
Alaska	334	100	102	30	*232	*70	1,446	100	923	64	*523	*36
California	775	100	721	93	*54	*7	7,193	100	6,998	97	*195	*3
Connecticut	165	100	126	76	*39	*24	1,291	100	1,086	84	*206	*16
Delaware	138	100	43	31	*95	*69	1,339	100	778	58	*561	*42
Florida	2,398	100	1,390	58	1,007	42	36,348	100	31,592	87	4,756	13
Georgia	*139	*100	*123	*88			*728	*100	*639	*88		
Hawaii	155	100	102	66			1,794	100	1,617	90		
Louisiana	196	100	*124	*63			1,533	100	*1,267	*83		
Maine	133	100	*71	*54	*62	*46	756	100	*547	*72	*209	*28
Maryland	224	100	177	79	*47	*21	1,533	100	1,330	87	*204	*13
Massachusetts	323	100	216	67	107	33	4,049	100	3,551	88	497	12
Mississippi	*120	*100	*116	*97			*2,293	*100	*2,284	*100		
New Hampshire	*49	*100	*40	*82			*730	*100	*669	*92		
New Jersey	604	100	354	59	*250	*41	7,020	100	5,736	82	*1,284	*18
New York	801	100	*673	*84	*128	*16	7,684	100	*6,861	*89	*822	*11
North Carolina	632	100	426	67	207	33	4,504	100	3,340	74	1,163	26
Oregon	177	100	*77	*44	*100	*56	608	100	*344	*57	*263	*43
Rhode Island	151	100	62	41	89	59	1,430	100	977	68	453	32
South Carolina	305	100	213	70	*92	*30	2,318	100	1,994	86	*324	*14
Texas	751	100	685	91	*66	*9	8,157	100	7,562	93	*595	*7
Virginia	429	100	331	77	97	23	2,772	100	2,092	75	680	25
Washington	401	100	359	89			2,700	100	2,625	97		

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Note: For the U.S. row, detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

Table 59. Days of Fishing by State Where Fishing Took Place and Angler's State of Residence: 2011

	Days of fishing in state						Days of fishing by state residents					
State	Total oresiden	days, ts and	Days state res	s by	Days		Total days, residen other	in state of ce and	Days in state of residence		Days in other states	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	553,841	100	502,008	91	57,499	10	553,841	100	502,008	91	57,499	10
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	10,878	100	9,905	91	974	9	10,176	100	9,905	97	272	3
	4,360	100	3,073	70	1,287	30	3,121	100	3,073	98	48	2
	4,825	100	4,141	86	*684	*14	5,283	100	4,141	78	1,143	22
	15,662	100	15,055	96	*607	*4	15,141	100	15,055	99	86	1
	23,754	100	23,267	98	487	2	25,662	100	23,267	91	2,395	9
Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia	8,433	100	7,490	89	943	11	8,726	100	7,490	86	1,236	14
	4,705	100	4,395	93	*310	*7	5,713	100	4,395	77	1,318	23
	2,052	100	1,328	65	*724	*35	1,681	100	1,328	79	353	21
	57,594	100	48,050	83	9,544	17	49,500	100	48,050	97	1,450	3
	8,729	100	8,456	97	*273	*3	9,061	100	8,456	93	605	7
Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana. Iowa.	1,882 5,507 13,343 20,775 5,978	100 100 100 100 100	1,705 2,165 12,946 20,238 5,790	91 39 97 97 97	3,342 *397 *537 *187	61 *3 *3 *3	1,739 2,424 15,614 21,542 6,909	100 100 100 100 100	1,705 2,165 12,946 20,238 5,790	98 89 83 94 84	34 259 2,667 1,304 1,119	2 11 17 6 16
Kansas	4,163	100	4,088	98	*75	*2	4,694	100	4,088	87	605	13
	10,245	100	9,385	92	*860	*8	10,245	100	9,385	92	860	8
	18,079	100	17,586	97	*494	*3	18,351	100	17,586	96	765	4
	3,873	100	2,897	75	976	25	2,915	100	2,897	99	18	1
	4,711	100	4,160	88	550	12	5,676	100	4,160	73	1,516	27
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	8,367	100	7,589	91	779	9	9,166	100	7,589	83	1,578	17
	28,177	100	26,014	92	2,164	8	26,744	100	26,014	97	730	3
	21,702	100	19,959	92	1,743	8	24,903	100	19,959	80	4,944	20
	9,176	100	8,501	93			8,700	100	8,501	98	199	2
	14,865	100	13,263	89	1,603	11	14,448	100	13,263	92	1,185	8
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	2,450 2,595 1,400 4,370 9,454	100 100 100 100 100	2,091 2,493 1,295 3,870 8,087	85 96 93 89 86	358 499 *1,367	15 11 *14	3,263 2,924 2,044 4,155 9,578	100 100 100 100 100	2,091 2,493 1,295 3,870 8,087	64 85 63 93 84	1,172 432 749 284 1,491	36 15 37 7 16
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	3,899	100	3,622	93	*278	*7	3,868	100	3,622	94	247	6
	29,874	100	27,804	93	2,071	7	29,112	100	27,804	96	1,309	4
	23,472	100	21,939	93	1,532	7	23,491	100	21,939	93	1,552	7
	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	16,874	100	16,264	96	*609	*4	19,116	100	16,264	85	2,851	15
Oklahoma Oregon. Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	8,499	100	7,943	93	*556	*7	8,661	100	7,943	92	718	8
	5,658	100	4,396	78	1,263	22	4,673	100	4,396	94	277	6
	10,136	100	8,364	83	1,772	17	9,926	100	8,364	84	1,562	16
	2,080	100	1,579	76	501	24	1,764	100	1,579	90	184	10
	11,189	100	10,487	94	*702	*6	11,459	100	10,487	92	973	8
South Dakota. Tennessee Texas Utah. Vermont.	4,069	100	3,525	87	*544	*13	3,649	100	3,525	97	124	3
	16,957	100	16,041	95	*916	*5	17,834	100	16,041	90	1,793	10
	30,667	100	29,572	96	*1,095	*4	34,735	100	29,572	85	5,163	15
	5,979	100	5,373	90	*606	*10	5,612	100	5,373	96	239	4
	2,215	100	1,751	79	464	21	1,885	100	1,751	93	134	7
Virginia Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin Wyoming.	10,521	100	9,367	89	1,153	11	10,342	100	9,367	91	975	9
	13,449	100	13,107	97	*341	*3	17,818	100	13,107	74	4,711	26
	4,521	100	4,271	94	*250	*6	4,767	100	4,271	90	495	10
	21,284	100	14,576	68	6,708	32	15,320	100	14,576	95	744	5
	3,123	100	2,009	64	*1,114	*36	2,170	100	2,009	93	161	7

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 60. Expenditures for Fishing by State Where Spending Took Place: 2011

(Population 16 years old and older. Expenditures in thousands of dollars)

		Trip-related expenditures						D 11:		
State where spending	Total	Total	Food and	Trans-	Other	Total	Expenditures f Fishing	Auxiliary	Special	Expenditures for other
took place	expenditures	trip-related	lodging	portation	trip costs	equipment	equipment ¹	equipment ¹	equipment ¹	items ²
United States, total	41,788,936	21,789,465	7,711,318	6,261,536	7,816,610	15,506,433	6,141,895	1,106,865	8,257,673	4,493,037
Omicu States, total	41,700,250	21,702,403	7,711,510	0,201,330	7,010,010	13,300,433	0,141,023	1,100,003	0,237,073	4,475,057
Alabama	456,442	317,064	121,973	78,970	116,120	127,616	107,492	*16,676		11,762
Alaska	639,356	528,135	227,663	164,152	136,321	91,228	56,246	20,338		19,992
Arizona	755,478	357,472	123,342	95,693	138,437	337,188	62,790	*9,343	*265,056	60,818
Arkansas	495,584	339,640	153,245	117,488	68,907	142,292	45,750			13,651
California	2,268,610	1,620,329	576,406	462,576	581,347	577,356	320,577	141,384	*115,394	70,925
Colorado	648,563	403,569	134,342	193,604	75,624	213,528	121,723	*32,643		31,466
Connecticut	436,473	258,671	66,355	46,676	145,640	163,275	58,289	32,986		14,526
Delaware	104,370	48,750	20,765	12,069	15,915	21,411	12,965	*1,100		34,209
Florida	4,629,202	2,801,636	900,222	563,990	1,337,423	1,085,576	600,093	76,817	*408,666	741,990
Georgia	872,550	401,784	166,506	152,932	82,346	430,234	111,651			40,532
Hawaii	203,492	102,074	24,985	30,283	46,806	100,236	48,734	*2,525		*1,182
Idaho	422,120	261,072	96,171	123,836	41,065	105,933	78,610	*6,297		55,115
Illinois	972,729	372,361	124,642	98,210	149,509	387,439	100,569	*15,611	*271,258	212,929
Indiana	671,840	427,310	140,320	136,879	150,110	164,516	92,066	*12,805	_, _,	80,015
Iowa	277,999	100,539	34,913	33,101	32,525	159,732	48,500	*7,180	*104,052	17,728
Vancac	210,303	98,165	28,249	35,760	34,156	68,046	24,341			44,092
Kansas	807,293	259.128							*399,129	84,925
Kentucky	807,293	533,843	92,732 217,851	93,334 126,429	73,062 189,563	463,240 242,032	51,282 88,745		1399,129	31,158
Louisiana	371,829	214,686	89,002	52,979	72,705	141,385	34,117	*11,210	*96,057	15,758
Maryland	535,232	195,536	60,387	37,093	98,056	332,279	77,882			7,417
iviai yiaiid	333,232	195,550	00,567	37,093	98,030	332,219	77,002			7,417
Massachusetts	455,403	253,705	62,852	52,098	138,754	188,541	77,827	*4,947	*105,767	13,157
Michigan	2,427,110	1,092,735	373,964	344,495	374,276	1,117,911	259,043	*84,705	*774,162	216,464
Minnesota	2,414,257	924,573	372,819	269,690	282,064	1,448,648	375,809	*25,336	*1,047,503	41,036
Mississippi	527,740	315,763	101,802	93,213	120,748	200,790	164,977			11,187
Missouri	657,024	374,215	146,842	146,217	81,157	262,939	143,930	*8,061	*110,948	19,869
Montana	339,383	141,885	54,909	57,950	29,027	140,728	83,447			56,770
Nebraska	182,679	56,840	20,029	24,374	12,437	112,780	65,105	*7,839	*39,836	13,059
Nevada	138,800	83,275	34,026	32,323	16,926	49,130	22,165	*5,180		6,395
New Hampshire	208,524	151,389	39,031	38,369	73,989	51,872	30,551	*4,093		5,263
New Jersey	1,120,236	486,978	129,828	103,695	253,455	319,118	151,784	41,474	*125,860	314,139
New Mexico	418,249	234,187	93,272	114,565	26,351	169,541	42,787	*11,780	*114,974	14,521
New York	1,962,538	1,057,916	333,483	306,506	417,927	758,530	395,723	75,814	*286,993	146,092
North Carolina	1,523,131	1,020,156	443,338	239,146	337,672	480,065	269,784	*25,767	*184,514	22,910
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	1,794,642	594,519	171,728	165,782	257,009	460,353	220,277	*39,299	*200,776	739,770
Oklahoma	730,503	175,701	69,820	71,458	34,423	227,980	70,531	*69,769		326,822
Oregon	640,855	358,680	148,761	95,820	114,099	235,384	68,013	*14,338	*153,032	46,791
Pennsylvania	485,490	228,510	76,705	83,154	68,651	193,879	114,099	*12,696	133,032	63,100
Rhode Island	130,046	83,935	22,082	17,062	44,791	41,804	14,985	*813	*26,006	4,307
South Carolina	686,328	359,834	116,079	89,606	154,149	319,015	231,271	*9,818	20,000	7,479
	202 707	122.070	44.150	(4.000	22.051	(4.024		*0.350		4.007
South Dakota	202,797	133,078	44,159	64,968	23,951	64,834	45,547	*8,359		4,885
Tennessee	1,137,104	283,024	78,345	112,279	92,401	803,472	210,219	*20,154 *27,174		50,608
Texas	1,540,434 451,259	1,045,330 226,251	422,885 93,714	297,817 77,555	324,629 54,983	471,190 211,585	203,698 52,178	*27,174 *10,909		23,914 13,423
Vermont	131,317	90,248	40,684	26,215	23,350	26,007	15,437	*819		15,062
		•								
Virginia	1,142,099	469,096	215,544	113,859	139,693	379,123	133,986	*6,264	*238,872	293,880
Washington	1,030,036	539,035	160,994	170,219	207,823	435,580	214,677	48,657	*172,245	55,421
West Virginia	428,646	326,275	158,734	77,728	89,813	97,553	56,130		*200.740	4,819
Wisconsin	1,418,591	607,467	232,140	220,905	154,422	480,273	93,996		*380,740	330,851
Wyoming	463,814	393,984	34,547	91,201	268,236	44,907	30,752			24,923

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

The Texas Parks and Wildlife Department has expressed concerns regarding the fishing expenditure estimates from the USFWS National Survey. Please contact them at inld@tpwd.state.gov or cfish@tpwd.state.gov for department statistics.

 $[\]dots$ Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ See Table 12 for a detailed listing of fishing, auxiliary, and special equipment items.

² Includes expenditures for magazine subscriptions, membership dues and contributions, land leasing and ownership, and licenses, stamps, tags, and permits.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

Table 61. Participation in Wildlife-Watching Activities by State Residents Both Inside and Outside **Their Resident State: 2011**

		Total part	icipants	Away fro	om home	Around t	he home
Participant's state of residence			Percent		Percent		Percent
state of residence	Population	Number	of population	Number	of population	Number	of population
United States, total	239,313	71,776	30	22,496	9	68,598	29
Alabama	3,664	1,079	29	*340	*9	1,073	29
Alaska	526	247	47	118	22	229	43
Arizona	5,084	1,281	25	534	11	1,222	24
Arkansas	2,238	828	37	*120	*5	820	37
California	28,562	6,475	23	2,675	9	5,939	21
Colorado	3,946	1,456	37	621	16	1,299	33
Connecticut	2,781	1,093	39	385	14	1,053	38
Delaware	699	209	30	71	10	200	29
Florida	14,855	3,598	24	1,363	9	3,312	22
Georgia	7,459	2,206	30	*1,008	*14	2,054	28
Hawaii	995	161	16	103	10	115	12
Idaho	1,172	464	40	*220	*19	439	37
Illinois	9,988	2,784	28	652	7	2,752	28
Indiana	4,965	1,681	34	477	10	1,657	33
Iowa	2,363	780	33	215	9	758	32
Kansas	2,163	776	36	168	8	751	35
Kentucky	3,376	1,221	36	298	9	1,117	33
Louisiana	3,449	840	24	*221	*6	794	23
Maine	1,066	401	38	*110	*10	399	37
Maryland	4,480	1,224	27	392	9	1,203	27
Massachusetts	5,320	1,530	29	453	9	1,490	28
Michigan	7,787	3,067	39	855	11	2,865	37
Minnesota	4,133	1,498	36	483	12	1,419	34
Mississippi	2,220	630	28	*135	*6	620	28
Missouri	4,667	1,645	35	622	13	1,538	33
Montana	777	258	33	*96	*12	235	30
Nebraska	1,387	362	26	150	11	325	23
Nevada	2,024	504	25	191	9	465	23
New Hampshire	1,066	388	36	89	8	387	36
New Jersey	6,852	1,708	25	564	8	1,661	24
New Mexico	1,551	486	31	200	13	465	30
New York	15,503	4,081	26	1,263	8	3,856	25
North Carolina	7,264	2,124	29	505	. 7	2,110	29
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	8,999	3,155	35	730	8	3,142	35
Oklahoma	2,828	1,233	44	*411	*15	1,225	43
Oregon	3,061	1,239	40	401	13	1,206	39
Pennsylvania		3,329	33	734	7	3,228	32
Rhode Island	848	270	32	66	8	260	31
South Carolina	3,555	944	27	*219	*6	915	26
South Dakota	631	267	42	*108	*17	267	42
Tennessee	4,945	1,733	35	682	14	1,584	32
Texas	18,681	4,263	23	*977	*5	4,249	23
Utah	2,036	558	27	263	13	430	21
Vermont	512	273	53	85	17	270	53
Virginia	6,136	2,212	36	553	9	2,185	36
Washington	5,293	1,932	37	693	13	1,849	35
West Virginia	1,464	751	51	*255	*17	743	51
Wisconsin	4,460	2,152	48	453	10	2,076	47
Wyoming	424	182	43	104	25	161	38

st Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table 62. Participation in Wildlife-Watching Activities by State Where Activity Took Place: 2011

State where activity	Total parti	cipants	Away fro	m home	Around t	he home
took place	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	71,776	100	22,496	31	68,598	96
Alabama	1,114	100	*336	*30	1,073	96
Alaska	640	100	498	78	229	36
Arizona	1,566	100	732	47	1,222	78
Arkansas	852	100	*137	*16	820	96
California	6,733	100	2,790	41	5,939	88
Colorado	1,782	100	902	51	1,299	73
Connecticut	1,178	100	441	37	1,053	89
Delaware	243	100	89	37	200	82
Florida	4,308	100	1,902	44	3,312	77
Georgia	2,393	100	1,129	47	2,054	86
Hawaii	358	100	295	82	115	32
Idaho	558	100	281	50	439	79
Illinois	3,019	100	704	23	2,752	91
Indiana	1,719	100	*413	*24	1,657	96
Iowa	837	100	212	25	758	91
Kansas	792	100	169	21	751	95
Kentucky	1,319	100	348	26	1,117	85
Louisiana	1,010	100	*371	*37	794	79
Maine	838	100	538	64	399	48
Maryland	1,362	100	421	31	1,203	88
Massachusetts	1,828	100	662	36	1,490	81
Michigan	3,199	100	958	30	2,865	90
Minnesota	1,577	100	509	32	1,419	90
Mississippi	781	100	*262	*34	620	79
Missouri	1,716	100	579	34	1,538	90
Montana	402	100	230	57	235	58
Nebraska	384	100	155	40	325	85
Nevada	643	100	287	45	465	72
New Hampshire	630	100	311	49	387	61
New Jersey	1,875	100	605	32	1,661	89
New Mexico	566	100	261	46	465	82
New York	4,239	100	1,157	27	3,856	91
North Carolina	2,432	100	703	29	2,110	87
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	3,197	100	744	23	3,142	98
Oklahoma	1,263	100	*411	*33	1,225	97
Oregon	1,440	100	537	37	1,206	84
Pennsylvania	3,598	100	809	22	3,228	90
Rhode Island	308	100	82	27	260	84
South Carolina	1,103	100	378	34	915	83
South Dakota	384	100	221	58	267	70
Tennessee	1,955	100	787	40	1,584	81
Texas	4,376	100	1,026	23	4,249	97
Utah	717	100	402	56	430	60
Vermont	370	100	177	48	270	73
Virginia	2,509	100	759	30	2,185	87
Washington	2,168	100	891	41	1,849	85
West Virginia	850	100	348	41	743	87
Wisconsin	2,359	100	499	21	2,076	88
Wyoming	518	100	435	84	161	31

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. (NA) Not available.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in

Table 63. Participation in Away-From-Home Wildlife Watching by State Where Activity Took Place: 2011

	Total par	ticipants	State re	sidents	Nonres	sidents
State where activity took place	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
United States, total	22,496	100	18,529	82	6,769	30
Alabama	*336	*100	*301	*90		
Alaska	498	100	104	21	395	79
Arizona	732	100	443	61	289	39
Arkansas	*137	*100	*112	*82		
California	2,790	100	2,407	86	383	14
Colorado	902	100	558	62	343	38
Connecticut	441	100	339	77	*102	*23
Delaware	89	100	48	55	102	
Florida	1,902	100	1,076	57	825	43
Georgia	1,129	100	*870	*77	*258	*23
Hawaii	295	100	88	30	*207	*70
Idaho	281	100	*184	*66	*96	*34
Illinois	704	100	444	63	*259	*37
Indiana.	*413	*100	*375	*91	237]
Iowa.	212	100	145	69	*67	*31
Kansas	169	100	135	80		
Kentucky.	348	100	*232	*67	*116	*33
Louisiana.	*371	*100	*167	*45	110	
Maine	538	100	*101	*19	437	81
Maryland	421	100	271	64	*150	*36
Maryland	721	100	2/1	04	130	30
Massachusetts	662	100	342	52	320	48
Michigan	958	100	*790	*82	*168	*18
Minnesota	509	100	*430	*84	*79	*16
Mississippi	*262	*100	*111	*43		
Missouri	579	100	465	80	*114	*20
Montana	230	100	*71	*31	160	69
Nebraska	155	100	126	81		
Nevada	287	100	132	46	*154	*54
New Hampshire	311	100	*69	*22	242	78
New Jersey	605	100	436	72	*169	*28
New Mexico	261	100	170	65	*91	*35
New York	1,157	100	913	79	244	21
North Carolina	703	100	386	55	317	45
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	744	100	696	94		·
Oklahoma	*411	*100	*381	*93		
Oregon.	537	100	336	63	*201	*37
Pennsylvania	809	100	*502	*62	307	38
Rhode Island	82	100	35	43	*47	*57
South Carolina	378	100	*211	*56	*167	*44
South Dakota	221	100	*104	*47	117	53
Tennessee	787	100	485	62	*303	*38
Texas	1,026	100	*899	*88	*127	*12
Utah	402	100	224	56	178	44
Vermont	177	100	80	45	*97	*55
Virginia	759	100	460	61	299	39
Washington	891	100	607	68	284	32
West Virginia.	348	100	*249	*71	*99	*29
Wisconsin	499	100	*282	*56	*217	*44
Wyoming.	435	100	100	23	336	77
	733	100	100			

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably. (NA) Not available.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in

Table 64. Days of Wildlife Watching Away From Home by State Where Activity Took Place and Participant's State of Residence: 2011

	Days of activity in state						Days of activity by state residents						
_	Total c		Days	by	Days	s hv	Total days,		Days in state Days in		s in		
State	resident		resid		nonres		residen		of resid		other s		
	nonresi	dents					other s	states					
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
United States, total	335,625	100	268,412	80	67,213	20	335,625	100	268,412	80	67,213	20	
Alabama	*1,525	*100	*1,269	*83			*1,831	*100	*1,269	*69			
Alaska	5,159	100	1,739	34	3,420	66	1,783	100	1,739	98			
Arizona	11,907	100	7,696	65	4,210	35	9,637	100	7,696	80	*1,941	*20	
Arkansas	*1,427	*100	*1,326	*93			*1,411	*100	*1,326	*94			
California	27,352	100	24,683	90	2,668	10	28,574	100	24,683	86	3,890	14	
Colorado	6,937	100	4,790	69	2,147	31	5,865	100	4,790	82	*1,075	*18	
Connecticut	8,964	100	8,085	90	*880	*10	10,930	100	8,085	74	2,845	26	
Delaware	1,573	100	1,330	85			1,924	100	1,330	69	595	31	
Florida	16,786	100	8,307	49	8,478	51	11,866	100	8,307	70	*3,558	*30	
Georgia	34,309	100	*33,442	*97	*866	*3	*34,530	*100	*33,442	*97			
Hawaii	4,660	100	2,675	57	*1,985	*43	2,830	100	2,675	95	*155	*5	
Idaho	3,757	100	*3,248	*86	*509	*14	*3,639	*100	*3,248	*89			
Illinois	6,434	100	4,098	64	*2,336	*36	6,898	100	4,098	. 59	*2,800	*41	
Indiana	*2,924	*100	*2,743	*94			*3,552	*100	*2,743	*77	*809	*23	
Iowa	2,547	100	2,235	88	*312	*12	3,391	100	2,235	66	*1,155	*34	
Kansas	1,019	100	780	77			1,258	100	780	62	*478	*38	
Kentucky	2,890	100	*1,868	*65	*1,021	*35	2,974	100	*1,868	*63	*1,106	*37	
Louisiana	*4,916	*100	*4,248	*86			*5,540	*100	*4,248	*77			
Maine	7,334	100	*4,675	*64	2,659	36	*4,824	*100	*4,675	*97			
Maryland	4,458	100	3,708	83	*750	*17	4,578	100	3,708	81	*870	*19	
Massachusetts	10,546	100	7,797	74	2,750	26	9,554	100	7,797	82	1,758	18	
Michigan	10,343	100	*9,498	*92	*845	*8	10,418	100	*9,498	*91			
Minnesota	6,974	100	*6,684	*96	*290	*4	*7,780	*100	*6,684	*86	*1,097	*14	
Mississippi	*3,946	*100	*3,608	*91			*4,411	*100	*3,608	*82			
Missouri	8,200	100	7,835	96	*365	*4	9,573	100	7,835	82	*1,737	*18	
Montana	1,395	100	*625	*45	770	55	*1,412	*100	*625	*44			
Nebraska	2,361	100	2,243	95			2,732	100	2,243	82	*489	*18	
Nevada	1,619	100	1,177	73	*442	*27	2,631	100	1,177	45	1,454	55	
New Hampshire	1,896	100	*1,074	*57	822	43	1,382	100	*1,074	*78	*308	*22	
New Jersey	6,210	100	5,608	90	*602	*10	8,207	100	5,608	68	2,600	32	
New Mexico	5,962	100	4,371	73	*1,590	*27	4,733	100	4,371	92	*361	*8	
New York	22,814	100	21,631	95	1,182	5	29,118	100	21,631	74	*7,487	*26	
North Carolina	9,275	100	6,768	73	2,507	27	9,463	100	6,768	72	*2,695	*28	
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio	6,251	100	6,174	99			7,285	100	6,174	85			
Oklahoma	*3,084	*100	*2,964	*96			*3,128	*100	*2,964	*95			
Oregon	7,268	100	5,294	73	*1,974	*27	6,673	100	5,294	79	*1,379	*21	
Pennsylvania	9,554	100	*7,217	*76	2,337	24	*7,863	*100	*7,217	*92			
Rhode Island	1,230	100	815	66	*416	*34	1,094	100	815	74	279	26	
South Carolina	4,254	100	*2,650	*62	*1,604	*38	*3,361	*100	*2,650	*79			
South Dakota	1,559	100	*1,090	*70	*469	*30	*1,170	*100	*1,090	*93			
Tennessee	6,424	100	4,443	69	*1,981	*31	6,521	100	4,443	68	*2,078	*32	
Texas	11,840	100	*10,441	*88	*1,399	*12	*11,193	*100	*10,441	*93			
Utah	5,169	100	2,642	51	2,527	49	3,127	100	2,642	84	*485	*16	
Vermont	2,602	100	1,908	73	*693	*27	2,092	100	1,908	91	*184	*9	
Virginia	4,552	100	2,697	59	1,855	41	5,848	100	2,697	46	3,150	54	
Washington	9,641	100	8,311	86	1,330	14	13,740	100	8,311	60	*5,429	*40	
West Virginia	3,648	100	*3,254	*89	*394	*11	*4,995	*100	*3,254	*65			
Wisconsin	6,080	100	*4,999	*82	*1,082	*18	*5,773	*100	*4,999	*87			
Wyoming	3,125	100	1,119	36	2,006	64	1,676	100	1,119	67	*557	*33	

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10-29.

(NA) Not available.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of nonresponse. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Table 65. Expenditures for Wildlife-Watching Activities by State Where Spending Took Place: 2011

(Population 16 years old and older. Expenditures in thousands of dollars)

		Trip-related expenditures								
State where spending			-				Wildlife-			Expenditures
took place	Total	Total	Food and	Trans-	Other	Total	watching	Auxiliary	Special	for other
	expenditures	trip-related	lodging	portation	trip costs	equipment	equipment1	equipment1	equipment1	items ²
United States, total	54,890,272	17,274,675	9,349,439	6,006,860	1,918,376	27,150,920	11,323,179	1,555,374	14,272,368	10,464,677
Alahama	724 204	*41,191	*12 160	*27.250		669 276	205 102			*24.729
Alabama	734,204 2,058,355	1,970,345	*12,168 1,052,372	*27,359 559,450	358,522	668,276 79,485	205,102 42,200	*30,249		*24,738 *8,524
								,	•••	
Arizona	935,880	391,198	194,925	176,576	19,697	336,081	153,714	*9,624		208,600
Arkansas	216,074	*34,520	*21,808	*12,384	104 712	156,574	130,345	202 501	*502.296	510,019
California	3,777,677	1,781,680	933,483	663,484	184,713	1,485,977	689,999	203,591	*592,386	310,019
Colorado	1,432,084	615,636	353,088	232,716	29,832	722,249	173,569	*27,294		94,199
Connecticut	934,703	227,380	110,505	67,546	49,328	487,381	194,705	*42,576	*250,100	219,942
Delaware	169,788	36,069	17,873	15,646	*2,550	103,269	41,391	*3,583	,	30,450
Florida	3,041,333	1,732,652	890,458	619,555	222,639	788,430	475,771	*31,088	*281,572	520,250
Georgia	1,802,423	839,036	499,054	325,328	*14,654	889,500	552,517			*73,887
<u> </u>		,			-		,			
Hawaii	668,504	627,700	291,313	161,888	*174,500	14,603	13,150			26,201
Idaho	432,041	82,479	*29,524	*52,108		292,182	111,633			*57,380
Illinois	1,306,258	166,123	69,757	73,868	*22,497	785,622	279,555	*16,412		354,513
Indiana	751,343	*206,357	*75,968	*105,843	*24,546	478,201	311,413	*151,057		66,785
Iowa	711,168	64,058	*21,563	38,820	*3,675	535,840	136,695	*12,723		111,270
Kansas	208,415	*45,599	*31,572	*13,199		56,925	50,966	*5,855		105,891
Kentucky	773,221	125,358	62,455	40,780	*22,122	167,075	127,922	5,055		480,788
Louisiana	542,752	*222,145	*124,839	*57,122	22,122	277,084	205,180			*43,523
Maine	798,854	514,145	347,602	122,931	43,612	172,113	102,630	*4,980		112,596
Maryland	483,421	104,421	52,292	47,525	*4,605	333,762	203,752	*8,655	•••	45,237
war y and	405,421	104,421	32,272	47,525	4,003	333,702	203,732	0,055	•••	45,257
Massachusetts	1,277,898	286,092	199,653	72,675	13,765	325,967	252,447	*22,159		665,838
Michigan	1,220,815	416,562	233,162	151,611	*31,789	662,703	428,804			141,550
Minnesota	621,290	228,217	*93,443	114,518	*20,255	169,982	133,721	*8,882		223,092
Mississippi	342,422	*90,493	*37,648	*43,128	,	238,311	109,337	-,		*13,617
Missouri	940,818	210,934	102,373	104,728	*3,833	606,603	385,224	*11,392		123,282
Montana	400,797	291,910	78,188	72,284	*141,438	104,210	57,216			*4,677
Nebraska	513,297	86,719	37,379	26,323	*23,017	409,799	74,551			16,778
			62,091					*3,594		
Nevada	682,028	114,366		47,764	*4,511	275,886	52,938		•••	291,776
New Hampshire	281,190	101,813	63,685	31,262	*6,866	111,320	71,447	*7,845	•••	68,057
New Jersey	986,278	228,123	119,222	96,801	*12,100	407,554	255,080	*36,352	•••	350,601
New Mexico	327,117	146,937	106,077	38,740	2,120	136,597	77,186	*7,940		43,583
New York	4,151,789	659,871	357,330	190,566	*111,976	2,423,787	1,072,128	*129,447		1,068,131
North Carolina	929,661	367,309	202,953	151,292	*13,064	449,260	366,507	*30,245		113,092
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	738,806	87,066	37,548	45,488		457,027	326,560			194,714
Oklahoma	474,662	*107,919	*36,629	*43,151		281,227	198,315			*85,516
Oregon	1,697,222	482,241	275,422	196,880	*9,939	1,018,967	253,194	*28,155		196,014
Pennsylvania	1,270,888	266,669	203,405	58,372	7,737	788,587	314,038	*67,809		215,632
Rhode Island	200,480	78,920	23,731	20,728	*34,460	92,137	28,841	*1,746		29,423
South Carolina	467,253	260,838	196,463	54,740	*9,635	191,288	132,988	-		*15,127
South Caronna	407,233	200,838	170,403	34,740	9,033	191,200	132,900			13,127
South Dakota	166,995	134,082	70,135	54,421	*9,526	30,452	22,878			*2,461
Tennessee	942,572	498,440	397,766	85,791	*14,883	390,742	225,362	*32,497		53,390
Texas	1,823,758	478,080	253,565	196,653	*27,862	919,971	590,272	*25,487		425,708
Utah	585,405	295,723	125,937	92,783	*77,003	238,012	92,629	*10,627		*51,671
Vermont	288,507	49,506	19,845	26,257	*3,403	113,416	37,509	*4,457	*71,451	125,585
Virginia	958,607	299,762	157,750	129,698	12,313	493,321	349,008	*27,800		165,524
Washington	3,173,371	506,658	310,010	157,634	39,014	2,386,353	248,525	*77,929		280,360
West Virginia	325,778	100,326	*47,295	*42,747		183,696	126,116	*41,168		*41,756
Wisconsin	1,488,857	234,760	144,379	81,894	*8,488	1,080,632	419,479	-		173,464
Wyoming	350,256	321,169	157,429	155,218	8,522	22,166	21,261			*6,920
	330,230	221,109	131,743	100,210	0,344	22,100	21,201		***	0,720

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

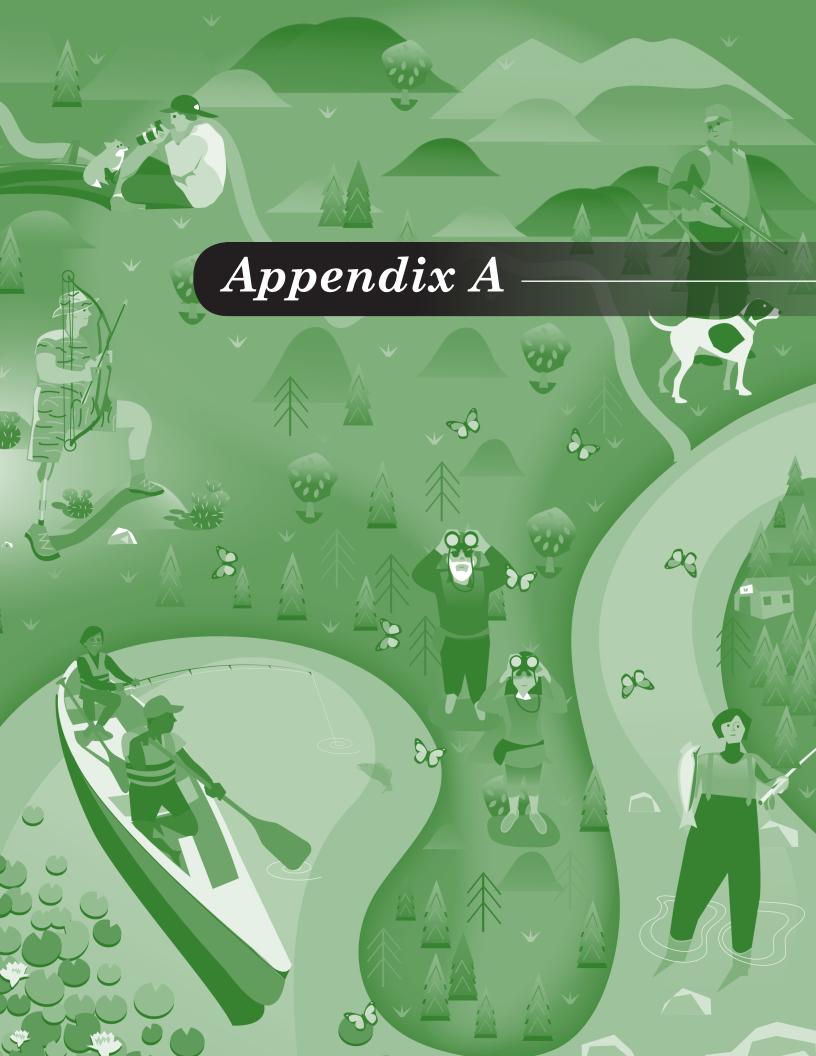
Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

¹ See Table 40 for a detailed listing of wildlife-watching, auxiliary, and special equipment items.

² Includes expenditures for magazine subscriptions, membership dues and contributions, and land leasing and ownership.



Appendix A.**Definitions**

Annual household income—Total 2011 income of household members before taxes and other deductions.

Around-the-home wildlife

watching—Activity within 1 mile of home with one of six primary purposes: (1) taking special interest in or trying to identify birds or other wildlife; (2) photographing wildlife; (3) feeding birds or other wildlife; (4) maintaining natural areas of at least one-quarter acre for the benefit of wildlife; (5) maintaining plantings (such as shrubs and agricultural crops) for the benefit of wildlife; and (6) visiting parks and natural areas to observe, photograph, or feed wildlife.

Auxiliary equipment—Equipment owned primarily for wildlife-associated recreation. For the sportspersons section, these include sleeping bags, packs, duffel bags, tents, binoculars and field glasses, special fishing and hunting clothing, foul weather gear, boots and waders, maintenance and repair of equipment, and processing and taxidermy costs. For the wildlifewatching section, these include tents, tarps, frame packs, backpacking and other camping equipment, and blinds. For both sportspersons and wildlife watchers, it also includes electronic auxiliary equipment such as Global Positioning Systems.

Away-from-home wildlife watching-

Trips or outings at least 1 mile from home for the primary purpose of observing, photographing, or feeding wildlife. Trips to zoos, circuses, aguariums, and museums are not included.

Big game—Bear, deer, elk, moose, wild turkey, and similar large animals that are hunted.

Census Divisions

East North Central

Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin

East South Central

Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee

Middle Atlantic

New Jersev New York Pennsylvania

Mountain

Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming

New England

Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont

Pacific

Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

South Atlantic

Delaware District of Columbia Florida

Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia

West North Central

Kansas Iowa Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota

West South Central

Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas

Day—Any part of a day spent participating in a given activity. For example, if someone hunted two hours one day and three hours another day, it would be reported as two days of hunting. If someone hunted two hours in the morning and three hours in the afternoon of the same day, it would be considered one day of hunting.

Education—The highest completed grade of school or year of college.

Expenditures—Money spent in 2011 for wildlife-related recreation trips in the United States, wildlife-related recreational equipment purchased in the United States, and other items. The "other items" were books, magazines, and DVDs; membership dues and contributions, land leasing or owning; hunting and fishing licenses; and plantings, all for the purpose of wildliferelated recreation. Expenditures included both money spent by participants for themselves and the value of gifts they received.

Fishing—The sport of catching or attempting to catch fish with a hook and line, bow and arrow, or spear; it also includes catching or gathering shellfish (clams, crabs, etc.); and the noncommercial seining or netting of fish, unless the fish are for use as bait. For example, seining for smelt is fishing, but seining for bait minnows is not included as fishing.

Fishing equipment—Items owned primarily for fishing:

Rods, reels, poles, and rodmaking components

Lines and leaders

Artificial lures, flies, baits, and dressing for flies or lines

Hooks, sinkers, swivels, and other items attached to a line, except lures and baits

Tackle boxes

Creels, stringers, fish bags, landing nets, and gaff hooks

Minnow traps, seines, and bait containers

Depth finders, fish finders, and other electronic fishing devices

Ice fishing equipment

Other fishing equipment

Freshwater—Reservoirs, lakes, ponds, and the nontidal portions of rivers and streams.

Great Lakes fishing—Fishing in Lakes Superior, Michigan, Huron, St. Clair, Erie, and Ontario, their connecting waters such as the St. Mary's River system, Detroit River, St. Clair River, and the Niagara River, and the St. Lawrence River south of the bridge at Cornwall, New York. Great Lakes fishing includes fishing in tributaries of the Great Lakes for smelt, steelhead, and salmon.

Home—The starting point of a wildlife-related recreational trip. It may be a permanent residence or a temporary or seasonal residence such as a cabin.

Hunting—The sport of shooting or attempting to shoot wildlife with firearms or archery equipment.

Hunting equipment—Items owned primarily for hunting:

Rifles, shotguns, muzzleloaders, and handguns

Archery equipment

Telescopic sights

Decoys and game calls

Ammunition

Hand loading equipment

Hunting dogs and associated costs

Other hunting equipment

Land leasing and owning—Leasing or owning land either singly or in cooperation with others for the primary purpose of fishing, hunting, or wildlife watching on it.

Maintain natural areas—To set aside 1/4 acre or more of natural environment, such as wood lots or open fields, for the primary purpose of benefiting wildlife.

Maintain plantings—To introduce or encourage the growth of food and cover plants for the primary purpose of benefiting wildlife.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)—A Metropolitan Statistical Area is a grouping of one or more counties or equivalent entities that contain at least one urbanized area of 50,000 or more inhabitants. The "Outside MSA" classification include census-defined Micropolitan Statistical Areas (or Micro areas). A Micro area is defined as a grouping of one or more counties or equivalent entities that contain at least one urban cluster of at least 10,000 but less than 50,000 inhabitants. Refer to <www.census.gov /population/metro/about/>, for a more detailed definition of the Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Migratory birds—Birds that regularly migrate from one region or climate to another such as ducks, geese, and doves and other birds that may be hunted.

Multiple responses—The term used to reflect the fact that individuals or their characteristics fall into more than one reporting category. An example of a big game hunter who hunted for deer and elk demonstrates the effect of multiple responses. In this case, adding the number of deer hunters (one) and elk hunters (one) would overstate the number of big game hunters (one) because deer and elk hunters are not

mutually exclusive categories. In contrast, for example, total participants is the sum of male and female participants, because "male" and "female" are mutually exclusive categories.

Nonresidents—Individuals who do not live in the State being reported. For example, a person living in Texas who watches whales in California is a nonresidential wildlife-watcher in California

Nonresponse—A term used to reflect the fact that some Survey respondents provide incomplete sets of information. For example, a Survey respondent may have been unable to identify the primary type of hunting for which a gun was bought. Total hunting expenditure estimates will include the gun purchase, but it will not appear as spending for big game or any other type of hunting. Nonresponses result in reported totals that are greater than the sum of their parts.

Observe—To take special interest in or try to identify birds, fish or other wildlife.

Other animals—Coyotes, crows, foxes, groundhogs, prairie dogs, raccoons, alligators, and similar animals that can be legally hunted and are not classified as big game, small game, or migratory birds. They may be classified as unprotected or predatory animals by the State in which they are hunted. Feral pigs are classified as "other animals" in all States except Hawaii, where they are considered big

Participants—Individuals who engage in fishing, hunting, or a wildlifewatching activity. Unless otherwise stated, a person has to have hunted, fished, or wildlife watched in 2011 to be considered a participant.

Plantings—See "Maintain plantings."

Primary purpose—The principal motivation for an activity, trip, or expenditure.

Private land—Land owned by a business, nongovernmental organization, private individual, or a group of individuals such as an association or club.

Public land—Land that is owned by local governments (such as county parks and municipal watersheds),

State governments (such as State parks and wildlife management areas), or the federal government (such as National Forests, Recreational Areas, and Wildlife Refuges).

Residents—Individuals who lived in the State being reported. For example, a person who lives in California and watches whales in California is a residential wildlife watcher in California.

Rural—All territory, population, and housing units located outside of urbanized areas and urban clusters, as determined by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Saltwater—Oceans, tidal bays and sounds, and the tidal portions of rivers and streams.

Screening interviews—The first Survey contact with a sample household. Screening interviews are conducted with a household representative to identify respondents who are eligible for in-depth interviews. Screening interviews gather data such as age and sex about individuals in the households. Further information on screening interviews is available on page vii in the "Survey Background and Method" section of this report.

Small game—Grouse, pheasants, quail, rabbits, squirrels, and similar small animals for which States have small game seasons and bag limits.

Special equipment—Big-ticket equipment items that are owned primarily for wildlife-related recreation:

Bass boats

Other types of motor boats

Canoes and other types of nonmotor boats

Boat motors, boat trailer/hitches, and other boat accessories

Pickups, campers, vans, travel or tent trailers, motor homes, house trailers, recreational vehicles (RVs)

Cabins

Off-the-road vehicles such as trail bikes, all terrain vehicles (ATVs), dune buggies, four-wheelers, 4x4 vehicles, and snowmobiles

Other special equipment

Spenders—Individuals who spent money on fishing, hunting, or wildlifewatching activities or equipment and also participated in those activities.

Sportspersons—Individuals who engaged in fishing, hunting, or both.

Trip—An outing involving fishing, hunting, or wildlife watching. A trip may begin from an individual's principal residence or from another place, such as a vacation home or the home of a relative. A trip may last an hour, a day, or many days.

Type of fishing—There are three types of fishing: (1) freshwater except Great Lakes, (2) Great Lakes, and (3) saltwater.

Type of hunting—There are four types of hunting: (1) big game, (2) small game, (3) migratory bird, and (4) other animal.

Unspecified expenditure—An item that was purchased for use in both fishing and hunting, rather than primarily one or the other. Auxiliary equipment, special equipment, magazines and books, and membership dues and contributions are the items for which a purchase could be categorized as "unspecified."

Urban—All territory, population, and housing units located within boundaries that encompass densely settled territory, consisting of core census block groups or blocks that have a population density of at least 1,000 people per square mile and surrounding census blocks that have an overall density of at least 500 people per square mile. Under certain conditions, less densely settled territory may be included, as determined by the Census Bureau.

Visit parks or natural areas—A visit to places accessible to the public and that are owned or leased by a governmental entity, nongovernmental organization, business, or a private individual or group such as an association or club.

Wildlife—Animals such as birds, fish, insects, mammals, amphibians, and reptiles that are living in natural or wild environments. Wildlife does not include animals living in aquariums, zoos, and other artificial surroundings or domestic animals such as farm animals or pets.

Wildlife observed, photographed, or **fed**—Examples of species that wildlife watchers observe, photograph, and/ or feed are (1) Wild birds—songbirds such as cardinals, robins, warblers, jays, buntings, and sparrows; birds of prey such as hawks, owls, eagles, and falcons; waterfowl such as ducks, geese, and swans; other water birds such as shorebirds, herons, pelicans, and cranes; and other birds such as pheasants, turkeys, road runners, and woodpeckers; (2) Land mammals large land mammals such as bears, bison, deer, moose, and elk; small land mammals such as squirrels, foxes, prairie dogs, and rabbits; (3) Fish such as salmon, sharks, and groupers; (4) Marine mammals such as whales, dolphins, and manatees; and (5) Other wildlife such as butterflies, turtles, spiders, and snakes.

Wildlife-related recreation—

Recreational fishing, hunting, and wildlife watching.

Wildlife watching—There are six types of wildlife watching: (1) closely observing, (2) photographing, (3) feeding, (4) visiting parks or natural areas, (5) maintaining plantings, and (6) maintaining natural areas. These activities must be the primary purpose of the trip or the around-the-home undertaking.

Wildlife-watching equipment—Items owned primarily for observing, photographing, or feeding wildlife:

Binoculars and spotting scopes

Cameras, video cameras, special lenses, and other photographic equipment

Film and developing

Commercially prepared and packaged wild bird food

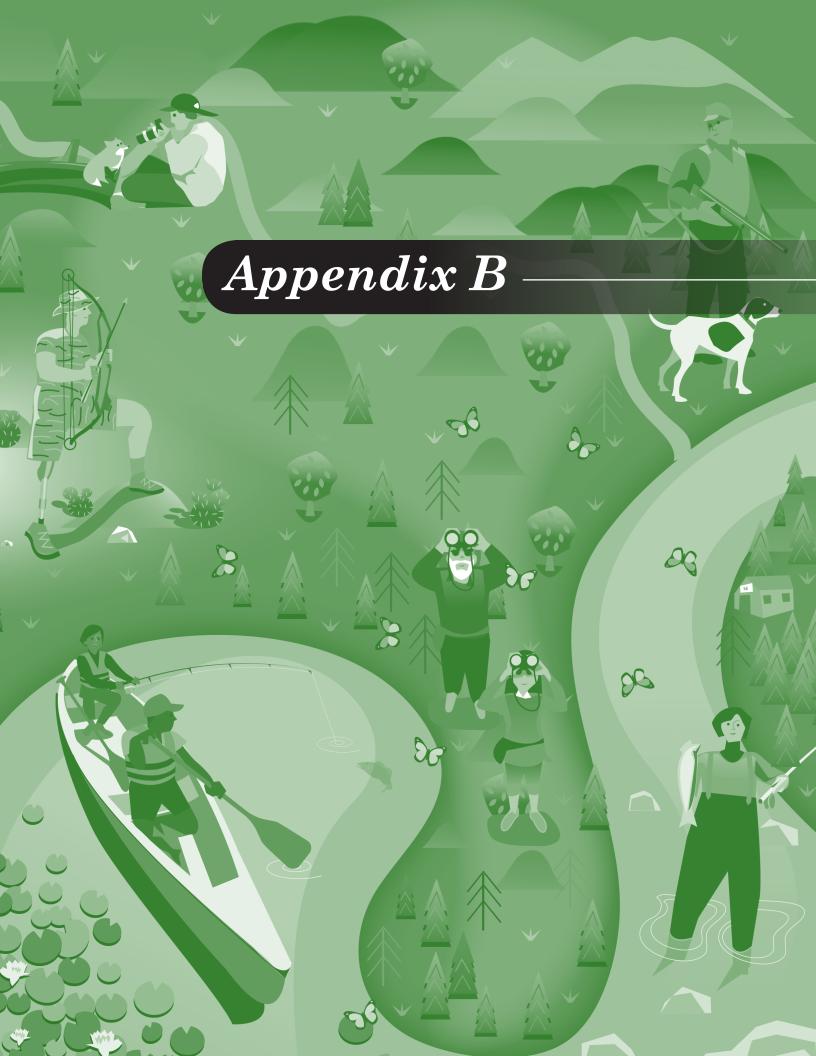
Other bulk food used to feed wild birds

Food for other wildlife

Nest boxes, bird houses, feeders, and baths

Day packs, carrying cases, and special clothing

Other items such as field guides and maps



Appendix B. 2010 Participation of 6- to 15-Year-Olds and Historical Participation of Sportspersons: Data From Screening Interviews

The 2011 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation was carried out in two phases. The first (or screening) phase began in April 2011. The main purpose of this phase was to collect information about all persons 16 years old and older in order to develop a sample of potential sportspersons and wildlife watchers for the second (or detailed) phase. However, information was also collected on the number of persons 6 to 15 years old who participated in wildlife-related recreation activities in 2010.

It is important to emphasize that the information reported from the 2011 screen relates to activity only up to and including 2010. Also, these data are reported by one household respondent speaking for all household members rather than the actual participants. In addition, these data are based on

long-term recall (at least a 12-month recall), which has been found in Survey research (see Investigation of Possible Recall/Reference Period Bias in National Surveys of Fishing, Hunting and Wildlife-Associated Recreation, December 1989, Westat, Inc.) to add bias to the resulting estimates. In many cases, longer recall periods result in overestimating participation and expenditures for wildlife-related recreation.

Tables B-1 through B-4 report data on first-time participation and the most recent year of hunting and fishing for participants 6 years of age and older. Tables B-5 through B-8 report data specifically on 6- to 15-year-old participants in 2010. Detailed expenditures and recreational activity data were not gathered for the 6- to 15-year-old participants. Table B-9 lists the trend data for 6- to 15-year-old participants.

Because of differences in methodologies of the screening and the detailed phases of the 2011 Survey, the estimates of the two phases are not comparable. Only participants 16 years old and older were eligible for the detailed phase. The screening phase covered activity for 2010 or earlier; the detailed phase has estimates for only 2011. The detailed phase was a series of interviews of the actual participants conducted at 4- and 8-month intervals. The screening phase was a single interview of one household respondent who reported household events with one year or more recall. The shorter recall period of the detailed phase enabled better data accuracy.

Table B-1. Anglers and Hunters Participating for the First Time in 2010 by Age Group

		Fishing for	first time		Hunting for first time		
Age group	Total anglers in 2010	Number	Percent of anglers in age group	Total hunters in 2010	Number	Percent of hunters in age group	
Total, all ages	55,792	4,261	8	17,060	1,365	8	
6 to 8 years	3,103	938	30	174	108	62	
9 to 11 years	3,825	646	17	533	154	29	
12 to 15 years	4,451	492	11	1,319	366	28	
16 to 17 years	1,750	167	10	571	*68	*12	
18 to 24 years	5,106	227	4	1,820	186	10	
25 to 34 years	8,525	633	7	2,578	160	6	
35 to 44 years	8,792	597	7	2,699	*156	*6	
45 to 54 years	9,467	323	3	3,482	*127	*4	
55 to 64 years	6,337	109	2	2,424			
65 years or older	4,435	129	3	1,460			

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10-29.

Table B-2. Anglers and Hunters Participating in 2009 but Not in 2010 by Age Group

(Population 6 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

Age group	Ang	lers	Hunters			
Age group	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total, all ages	12,084	100	2,930	100		
6 to 8 years	572	5				
9 to 11 years	589	5	*86	*3		
12 to 15 years	1,052	9	*92	*3		
16 to 17 years	452	4	*102	*3		
18 to 24 years	1,274	11	289	10		
25 to 34 years	1,771	15	546	19		
35 to 44 years	1,913	16	537	18		
45 to 54 years	2,093	17	550	19		
55 to 64 years	1,425	12	429	15		
65 years or older	944	8	292	10_		

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10-29.

Table B-3. Most Recent Year of Hunting by Age Group

(Population 6 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

	Total, all pe		Most recent year of hunting						
Age group	who hunted or earlier		201	0	200	9	2008	3	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total, all ages	48,941	100	17,060	35	2,945	6	1,665	3	
6 to 11 years	867	100	707	82	*93	*11			
12 to 15 years	1,550	100	1,319	85	*92	*6			
16 to 17 years	800	100	571	71	*102	*13	*88	*11	
18 to 24 years	3,357	100	1,820	54	293	9	177	5	
25 to 34 years	6,469	100	2,578	40	546	8	298	5	
35 to 44 years	7,291	100	2,699	37	539	7	305	4	
45 to 54 years	10,215	100	3,482	34	553	5	439	4	
55 to 64 years	9,113	100	2,424	27	435	5	170	2	
65 years or older	9,279	100	1,460	16	293	3	157	2	
				Most recent ye	ar of hunting				
	2007		200	6	200	15	Before 2005		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total, all ages	1,084	2	1,048	2	818	2	23,945	49	
6 to 11 years									
12 to 15 years									
16 to 17 years									
18 to 24 years	*152	*5	121	4	*89	*3	680	20	
25 to 34 years	225	3	145	2	152	2	2,496	39	
35 to 44 years	216	3	133	2	*132	*2	3,201	44	
45 to 54 years	226	2	288	3	116	1	4,970	49	
55 to 64 years	97	1	93	1	189	2	5,667	62	
65 years or older	132	1	226	2	104	1	6,869	74	
* Estimate based on a sample size of 10, 20	Commle size too		10) 4	1-41:-1-1				<u></u>	

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Note: Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Note: Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Table B-4. Most Recent Year of Fishing by Age Group

	Total, all p		Most recent year of fishing							
Age group	who fished or earlie		201	0	200)9	200	8		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total, all ages	126,710	100	55,804	44	12,224	10	5,925	5		
6 to 11 years	9,021	100	6,928	77	1,163	13	372	4		
12 to 15 years	7,327	100	4,451	61	1,052	14	553	8		
16 to 17 years	3,082	100	1,750	57	457	15	194	6		
18 to 24 years	10,982	100	5,106	46	1,327	12	737	7		
25 to 34 years	18,236	100	8,525	47	1,793	10	955	5		
35 to 44 years	18,799	100	8,793	47	1,923	10	764	4		
45 to 54 years	22,840	100	9,467	41	2,121	9	1,102	5		
55 to 64 years	19,247	100	6,346	33	1,441	7	705	4		
65 years or older	17,177	100	4,438	26	947	6	542	3		
, and the second	Most recent year of fishing									
	200	7	200	16	200)5	Before 2005			
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total, all ages	3,672	3	4,174	3	2,557	2	40,869	32		
6 to 11 years	159	2	*157	*2	*37	*(Z)	188	2		
12 to 15 years	140	2	446	6	174	2	475	6		
16 to 17 years	136	4	*97	*3	115	4	300	10		
18 to 24 years	483	4	628	6	254	2	2,104	19		
25 to 34 years	704	4	678	4	422	2	4,769	26		
35 to 44 years	575	3	645	3	398	2	5,521	29		
45 to 54 years	700	3	655	3	521	2	8,077	35		
55 to 64 years	412	2	420	2	375	2	9,401	49		
65 years or older	362	2	448	3	263	2	10,036	58		

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

Table B-5. Anglers and Hunters 6 to 15 Years Old: 2010

(Population 6 to 15 years old. Numbers in thousands)

Chantananana	Total, 6 to 15 years old		12 to 15 y	ears old	9 to 11 y	ears old	6 to 8 years old	
Sportspersons	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total sportspersons, fished or hunted	11,673	100	4,702	100	3,861	100	3,109	100
Total anglers	11,379	97	4,451	95	3,825	99	3,103	100
Fished only	9,647	83	3,384	72	3,328	86	2,935	94
Fished and hunted	1,732	15	1,067	23	497	13	168	5
Total hunters	2,026	17	1,319	28	533	14	174	6
Hunted only	293	3	251	5	*36	*1		
Hunted and fished	1,732	15	1,067	23	497	13	168	5

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10-29.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members 6 to 15 years old. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity. Includes persons who fished or hunted only in other countries.

Table B-6. Wildlife-Watching Participants 6 to 15 Years Old by Wildlife-Watching Activity: 2010

(Population 6 to 15 years old. Numbers in thousands)

	Total, 6 to 15 years old			1	12 to 15 years old			9 to 11 years old			6 to 8 years old		
Activity		Percent of	Percent of		Percent of	Percent of		Percent of	Percent of		Percent of	Percent of	
	Number	participants	population	Number	participants	population	Number	participants	population	Number	participants	population	
Total participants	12,654	100	31	4,611	100	28	4,688	100	38	3,356	100	28	
Away from home	5,287	42	13	2,001	43	12	1,793	38	14	1,492	44	13	
Around the home	11,130	88	27	4,002	87	24	4,182	89	33	2,947	88	25	
Observe wildlife	9,621	76	24	3,310	72	20	3,741	80	30	2,571	77	22	
Photograph wildlife	2,246	18	6	846	18	5	954	20	8	446	13	4	
Feed wild birds or other													
wildlife	4,436	35	11	1,412	31	9	1,744	37	14	1,279	38	11	
Maintain plantings or natural													
areas	1,718	14	4	517	11	3	813	17	7	389	12	3	

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. Columns showing percent of participants are based on the first row of each column. Columns showing percent of population in age group are based on the U.S. population in each age category, including those who did not participate in wildlife-watching activities. Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members 6 to 15 years old. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity. Includes persons who participated only in other countries.

⁽Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Table B-7. Selected Characteristics of Anglers and Hunters 6 to 15 Years Old: 2010

	U.S. popula	ntion	Sportspe	rsons, fished or h	unted		Fished only	
Characteristic	Number	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent
Total persons	40,735	100	11,673	29	100	9,647	24	100
Population Density of Residence								
Urban	30,138	74	7,329	24	63	6,444	21	67
Rural	10,596	26	4,344	41	37	3,203	30	33
Population Size of Residence								
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)	38,520	95	10,666	28	91	8,968	23	93
1,000,000 or more	21,283	52	4,786	22	41	4,272	20	44
250,000 to 999,999	8,804	22	2,521	29	22	2,102	24	22
50,000 to 249,999	8,433	21	3,358	40	29	2,595	31	27
Outside MSA	2,214	5	1,007	45	9	679	31	7
Census Geographic Division								
New England.	1,726	4	465	27	4	441	26	5
Middle Atlantic	5,034	12	1,146	23	10	1,042	21	11
East North Central	6,072	15	2,315	38	20	1,842	30	19
West North Central	2,645	6	1,242	47	11	924	35	10
South Atlantic	7,606	19	2,212	29	19	1,875	25	19
East South Central	2,407	6	850	35	7	635	26	7
West South Central	5,365	13	1,133	21	10	842	16	9
Mountain	3,168	8	1,001	32	9	870	27	9
Pacific	6,711	16	1,308	19	11	1,176	18	12
Age								
6 to 8 years	11,866	29	3,109	26	27	2,935	25	30
9 to 11 years	12,488	31	3,861	31	33	3,328	27	35
12 to 15 years	16,380	40	4,702	29	40	3,384	21	35
Sex								
Male, total	21,420	53	7,202	34	62	5,634	26	58
6 to 8 years	5,925	15	1,731	29	15	1,589	27	16
9 to 11 years	6,818	17	2,413	35	21	2,001	29	21
12 to 15 years	8,678	21	3,058	35	26	2,044	24	21
Female, total	19,315	47	4,470	23	38	4,013	21	42
6 to 8 years	5,942	15	1,378	23	12	1,346	23	14
9 to 11 years	5,670	14	1,448	26	12	1,327	23	14
12 to 15 years	7,702	19	1,645	21	14	1,340	17	14
Ethnicity								
Ethnicity Hispanic	7,846	19	1,173	15	10	1,137	14	12
Non-Hispanic	32,889	81	10,500	32	90	8,510	26	88
Race								
White	28,458	70	9,889	35	85	8,037	28	83
African American	5,116	13	557	11	5	482	9	5
Asian American.	2,055	5	227	11	2	209	10	2
All others.	5,105	13	1,000	20	9	919	18	10
A III								
Annual Household Income Less than \$20,000	1 696	12	917	20	8	796	17	0
\$20,000 to \$24,999	4,686 2,236	5	364	16	3	326	15	3
\$25,000 to \$29,999	2,073	5	364	18	3	316	15	3
\$30,000 to \$34,999	1,777	4	391	22	3	294	17	3
\$35,000 to \$39,999	2,045	5	660	32	6	519	25	5
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,939	7	842	29	7	725	25	8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7,146	18	2,009	28	17	1,661	23	17
\$75.000 to \$99.999	4,599	11	1,973	43	17	1,457	32	15
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,452	11	2,077	47	18	1,737	39	18
\$150,000 or more	3,281	8	1,058	32	9	905	28	9
Not reported	5,501	14	1,019	19	9	911	17	9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-7. Selected Characteristics of Anglers and Hunters 6 to 15 Years Old: 2010—Continued

		Hunted only			Fished and hunted	
Characteristic	Number	Percent who participated	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent
Total persons	293	1	100	1,732	4	100
Population Density of Residence						
Urban	*118	*(Z)	*40	767	3	44
Rural	176	2	60	965	9	56
Population Size of Residence						
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)	242	1	82	1,456	4	84
1,000,000 or more	*53	*(Z)	*18	462	2	27
250,000 to 999,999		·(Z)		386	4	22
50,000 to 249,999	*155	*2	*53	609	7	35
Outside MSA.	*52	*2	*18	276	12	16
Census Geographic Division						
New England.				*23	*1	*1
Middle Atlantic				*61	*1	*4
East North Central.	*99	*2	*34	374	6	22
West North Central				295	11	17
South Atlantic	*73	*1	*25	264	3	15
East South Central.				200	8	12
West South Central				274	5	16
Mountain				122	4	7
Pacific				119	2	7
Age						
6 to 8 years				168	1	10
9 to 11 years	*36	*(Z)	*12	497	4	29
12 to 15 years	251	2	86	1,067	7	62
Sex						
Male, total	170	1	58	1,399	7	81
6 to 8 years				138	2	8
9 to 11 years				398	6	23
12 to 15 years	151	2	51	863	10	50
Female, total	*124	*1	*42	333	2	19
6 to 8 years		- 1		333		
9 to 11 years			•••	99	2	6
12 to 15 years	*101	*1	*34	204	3	12
Ethnicity						
Hispanic				*36	*(Z)	*2
Non-Hispanic	293	1	100	1,697	5	98
Race						
White	292	1	100	1,560	5	90
African American				*75	*1	*4
Asian American				/5	1	7
All others				*79	*2	*5
Annual Household Income						
Less than \$20,000				*110	*2	*6
\$20,000 to \$24,999		***	***	110		0
\$25,000 to \$29,999				*40	*2	*2
\$30,000 to \$34,999				*72	*4	*4
\$35,000 to \$39,999				*134	*7	*8
\$40,000 to \$49,999				112	4	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999				310	4	18
\$75,000 to \$99,999	*91	*2	*31	425	9	25
\$100,000 to \$149,999	*40	*1	*14	300	7	17
\$150,000 or more	*45	*1	*15	*108	*3	*6
Not reported		•		93	2	5

st Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Percent who participated columns show the percent of each row's population who participated in the activity named by the column (the percent of those living in urban areas who fished only, etc.). Percent columns show the percent of each column's participants who are described by the row heading (the percent of those who fished only who lived in urban areas, etc.). Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽Z) Less than 0.5 percent.

Table B-8. Selected Characteristics of Wildlife-Watching Participants 6 to 15 Years Old: 2010

			Participants								
Characteristic	U.S. pop	ulation		Total		A	way from home		A	round the home	;
Characteristic	Number	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent	Number	Percent who participated	Percent
Total persons	40,735	100	12,654	31	100	5,287	13	100	11,130	27	100
Population Density of Residence											
Ūrban	30,138	74	8,458	28	67	3,682	12	70	7,294	24	66
Rural	10,596	26	4,196	40	33	1,605	15	30	3,836	36	34
Population Size of Residence	20.520	95	11.052	21	94	5.002	13	95	10.509	27	94
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) 1,000,000 or more	38,520 21,283	52	11,953 6,085	31 29	48	5,002 2,437	11	46	5,372	25	48
250,000 to 999,999	8,804	22	2,856	32	23	1,223	14	23	2,431	28	22
50,000 to 249,999	8,433 2,214	21	3,012 701	36 32	24	1,342 285	16 13	25 5	2,707 621	32 28	24 6
Comme Commention District	,										
Census Geographic Division New England	1,726	4	593	34	5	274	16	5	521	30	5
Middle Atlantic	5,034	12	1,434	28	11	430	9	8	1,309	26	12
East North Central	6,072 2,645	15	2,204 1,003	36 38	17 8	904 455	15 17	17	2,004 846	33 32	18 8
South Atlantic	7,606	19	2,392	31	19	1,012	13	19	2,079	27	19
East South Central	2,407 5,365	6 13	590 1,451	24 27	5 11	299 420	12 8	6 8	565 1,282	23 24	5 12
Mountain	3,168	8	999	32	8	541	17	10	822	26	7
Pacific	6,711	16	1,989	30	16	953	14	18	1,701	25	15
Age											
6 to 8 years	11,866 12,488	29 31	3,356 4,688	28 38	27 37	1,492 1,793	13 14	28 34	2,947 4,182	25 33	26 38
12 to 15 years	16,380	40	4,611	28	36	2,001	12	38	4,002	24	36
Sex											
Male, total	21,420	53	6,690	31	53	2,808	13	53	5,819	27	52
6 to 8 years	5,925 6,818	15 17	1,601 2,571	27 38	13 20	676 1,006	11 15	13 19	1,405 2,230	24 33	13 20
12 to 15 years	8,678	21	2,518	29	20	1,126	13	21	2,184	25	20
Female, total	19,315	47	5,964	31	47	2,479	13	47	5,312	28	48
6 to 8 years	5,942	15	1,755	30	14	816	14	15	1,542	26	14
9 to 11 years	5,670 7,702	14 19	2,117 2,092	37 27	17 17	787 876	14 11	15 17	1,952 1,818	34 24	18 16
Ethnicity											
Hispanic	7,846	19	1,430	18	11	510	6	10	1,278	16	11
Non-Hispanic	32,889	81	11,224	34	89	4,777	15	90	9,852	30	89
Race	20 450	70	10,346	20	82	4.226	15	80	9,178	22	92
White	28,458 5,116	13	768	36 15	6	4,226 324	6	6	704	32 14	82 6
Asian American	2,055	5	460	22	4	258	13	5	388	19	3
All others	5,105	13	1,081	21	9	480	9	9	861	17	8
Annual Household Income	1 696	12	998	21	0	392	8	7	825	10	7
Less than \$20,000	4,686 2,236	5	516	21 23	8 4	248	8 11	5	425 425	18 19	7 4
\$25,000 to \$29,999	2,073	5	574	28	5	208	10	4	518	25	5
\$30,000 to \$34,999	1,777 2,045	4 5	538 384	30 19	4 3	115 198	6 10	2 4	534 375	30 18	5
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,939	7	1,076	37	9	504	17	10	952	32	9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7,146 4,599	18 11	2,687 1,824	38 40	21 14	1,046 730	15 16	20 14	2,316 1,617	32 35	21 15
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4,399	11	1,824	40	14	816	18	15	1,567	35	13
\$150,000 or more	3,281	8	1,301	40	10	663	20	13	1,140	35	10
Not reported	5,501	14	947	17	7	367	7	7	861	16	8

Note: Percent who participated columns show the percent of each row's population who participated in the activity named by the column (the percent of those living in urban areas who fished only, etc.). Percent columns show the percent of each column's participants who are described by the row heading (the percent of those who fished only who lived in urban areas, etc.). Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity.

Participants in Wildlife-Related Recreation 6 to 15 Years Old by State Residents Both Inside Table B-9. and Outside Their Resident State: 2010

Participant's state of		Total part	ticipants	Sportsp	ersons	Wildlife-watchi	ng participants
residence	Population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population
United States, total	40,735	17,956	population 44	11,673	29	12,654	31
Clinica States, total	40,755	17,230	44	11,073		12,034	31
Alaska	621 97	219 60	35 61	182 48	29 49	134 42	22 43
Alaska	955	328	34	221	23	206	22
Arkansas	393	174	44	*155	*39	*112	*29
California	5,127	1,886	37	902	18	1,431	28
Colorado	674	303	45	200	30	219	32
Connecticut	446	209	47	120	27	150	34
Delaware	112	49	44	38	34	26	24
Florida	2,213	990	45	672	30	646	29
Georgia	1,425	601	42	297	21	390	27
Hawaii	155	50	32	25	16	41	26
Idaho	227	172	76	130	57	*113	*50
Illinois	1,737	763	44	605	35	549	32 40
Indiana	870 385	540 217	62 56	424 191	49 50	344 127	33
Kansas	384	214 222	56	161	42 37	131	34
KentuckyLouisiana	554 620	183	40 29	206 *97	*16	116 *140	21 *23
Maine	145	86	59	67	46	70	48
Maryland	738	271	37	161	22	217	29
-	700	220	41	150		240	22
Massachusetts	789 1,279	320	41	172 449	22 35	249	32 32
Michigan	677	600 414	47 61	345	51	413 *264	*39
Mississippi	414	199	48	191	46	*71	*17
Missouri	776	466	60	363	47	339	44
Montana	116	90	78	80	69	*65	*56
Nebraska	243	117	48	94	39	66	27
Nevada	367	156	43	71	19	130	35
New Hampshire	156	74	47	52	33	52	34
New Jersey	1,132	470	42	213	19	377	33
New Mexico	283	110	39	79	28	59	21
New York	2,399	722	30	523	22	479	20
North Carolina	1,249	721	58	490	39	513	41
North DakotaOhio	(NA) 1,479	(NA) 648	(NA) 44	(NA) 483	(NA) 33	(NA) 479	(NA) 32
Olilo.	1,477	040	77	403	33	4//	32
Oklahoma	505	226	45	209	41	87	17
Oregon.	476	201	42	119	25	164	35
Pennsylvania	1,504 123	810 43	54 35	410 26	27 21	578 31	38 25
South Carolina	589	290	49	191	32	192	33
0.451	106	70	60		50	***	**50
South Dakota.	106	72	68	62	59	*55	*52
Tennessee	817 3,846	333 1,446	41 38	271 672	33 17	268 1,112	33 29
Utah.	476	266	56	179	38	167	35
Vermont	67	49	72	29	43	41	61
Virginia	1,009	432	43	205	20	332	33
Washington	857	391	46	214	25	311	36
West Virginia.	214	157	73	*150	*70	*45	*21
Wisconsin	707	483	68	353	50	419	59
Wyoming	69	57	83	*41	*59	41	59

(NA) Not available.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D. Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members 6 to 15 years old. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity. Includes persons who fished or hunted only in other countries.

Anglers and Hunters 6 to 15 Years Old by State Residents Participating Both Inside and Table B-10. **Outside Their Resident State: 2010**

Superton and a 22 state of		Fished or	hunted	Fished	lonly	Hunted	lonly	Fished an	d hunted
Sportsperson's state of residence	Population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population
United States, total	40,735	11,673	29	9,647	24	293	1	1,732	4
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	621 97 955 393 5,127	182 48 221 *155 902	29 49 23 *39	*127 44 196 *94 825	*20 45 20 *24 16	 	- 	*55 *60 *77	*9 *15 *2
Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia	674 446 112 2,213 1,425	200 120 38 672 297	30 27 34 30 21	193 118 35 614 *262	29 27 31 28 *18	 	 	*47 *30	 *2 *2
Hawaii Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa	155 227 1,737 870 385	25 130 605 424 191	16 57 35 49 50	22 125 574 387 167	14 55 33 44 43	 	 	 *22	 *6
Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland	384 554 620 145 738	161 206 *97 67 161	42 37 *16 46 22	105 138 *56 155	27 25 *39 21	 	 	*49 *54 *34 	*13 *10 *5
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	789 1,279 677 414 776	172 449 345 191 363	22 35 51 46 47	169 *281 *221 *148 293	21 *22 *33 *36 38	 	 	*121 *42 68	*18 *10 9
Montana Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey	116 243 367 156 1,132	80 94 71 52 213	69 39 19 33 19	*45 77 66 46 210	*38 32 18 30 19	 	 	 	
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	283 2,399 1,249 (NA) 1,479	79 523 490 (NA) 483	28 22 39 (NA) 33	67 489 396 (NA) 375	24 20 32 (NA) 25	 (NA) 	 (NA) 	*12 (NA) 	*4 (NA)
Oklahoma Oregon. Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	505 476 1,504 123 589	209 119 410 26 191	41 25 27 21 32	190 101 343 26 *133	38 21 23 21 *23	 	 	*36	 *6
South Dakota. Tennessee Texas. Utah. Vermont.	106 817 3,846 476 67	62 271 672 179 29	59 33 17 38 43	*39 222 504 149 25	*36 27 13 31 37	 	 	*48 *161 *30	*6 *4 *6
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1,009 857 214 707 69	205 214 *150 353 *41	20 25 *70 50 *59	160 184 *111 *226 *30	16 21 *52 *32 *44	 	 	*31 	*3

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29. ... Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

Note: U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D. Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members 6 to 15 years old. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity. Includes persons who fished or hunted only in other countries.

⁽NA) Not available.

Participants in Wildlife-Watching Activities 6 to 15 Years Old by State Residents Participating Table B-11. **Both Inside and Outside Their Resident State: 2010**

				Participa	nts			
Participant's		Total		Away from	home	Around the home		
state of residence	Population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	
United States, total	40,735	12,654	31	5,287	13	11,130	27	
Alabama	621	134	22	*44	*7	132	21	
Alaska	97	42	43	*15	*15	37	38	
Arizona	955	206	22	103	11	178	19	
Arkansas	393	*112	*29			*88	*22	
California	5,127	1,431	28	661	13	1,232	24	
Colorado	674	219	32	94	14	182	27	
Connecticut	446	150	34	66	15	129	29	
Delaware	112	26	24	*12	*10	21	19	
Florida	2,213	646	29	271	12	520	24	
Georgia	1,425	390	27	*144	*10	374	26	
Hawaii	155	41	26	*27	*18	36	23	
Idaho	227	*113	*50	*99	*44	*90	*40	
Illinois	1,737	549	32	244	14	484	28	
Indiana	870	344	40	*96	*11	332	38	
Iowa	385	127	33	65	17	104	27	
Kansas	384	131	34	*49	*13	113	29	
Kentucky	554	116	21	*57	*10	105	19	
Louisiana	620	*140	*23			*136	*22	
Maine	145	70	48	*33	*22	61	42	
Maryland	738	217	29	123	17	197	27	
Massachusetts	789	249	32	114	14	219	28	
Michigan	1,279	413	32	*198	*15	375	29	
Minnesota	677	*264	*39	*149	*22	*199	*29	
Mississippi	414 776	*71 339	*17 44	114	15	*70 317	*17 41	
Montana	116	*65	*56	*42	*36	*63	*54	
Nebraska	243	66	27	*36	*15	*48	*20	
Nevada	367	130	35	*81	*22	81	22	
New Hampshire	156	52	34	*28	*18	50	32	
New Jersey	1,132	377	33	110	10	356	31	
New Mexico	283	59	21	33	12	50	18	
New York	2,399	479	20	*234	*10	375	16	
North Carolina	1,249	513	41	*287	*23	390	31	
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio.	1,479	479	32	231	16	394	27	
Oklahoma	505	87	17	*48	*9	*70	*14	
Oregon.	476	164	35	*60	*13	155	33	
Pennsylvania	1,504	578	38	*86	*6	578	38	
Rhode Island	123 589	31 192	25	13 *30	11 *5	27 189	22 32	
South Carolina	389	192	33	. 30	.3	109	32	
South Dakota	106	*55	*52	*40	*37	*44	*41	
Tennessee	817	268	33	*187	*23	258	32	
Texas	3,846	1,112	29	*318	*8	989	26	
UtahVermont	476 67	167 41	35 61	*60 *20	*13 *30	145 35	30 52	
Virginia	1,009	332	33	118	12	313	31	
Virginia	857	311	36	118	22	241	28	
West Virginia.	214	*45	*21	190	22	*45	28 *21	
Wisconsin	707	419	59	*135	*19	419	59	
Wyoming.	69	41	59	*29	*42	*33	*48	

^{*} Estimate based on a sample size of 10–29.

Note: Detail does not add to total because of multiple responses. U.S. totals include responses from participants residing in the District of Columbia, as described in Appendix D. Data reported on this table are from screening interviews in which one adult household member responded for all household members 6 to 15 years old. The screening interview required the respondent to recall 12 months worth of activity. Includes persons who fished or hunted only in other countries.

^{...} Sample size too small (less than 10) to report data reliably.

⁽NA) Not available.

Table B-12. Participation by 6-to-15-Year-Olds in 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, and 2010

(Numbers in thousands)

		1980			1985			1990	
Participant	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population
Total sportspersons. Anglers Hunters	12,141 11,787 1,962	(NA) (NA) (NA)	34 33 6	12,558 12,243 1,799	3 4 -8	36 35 5	14,011 13,790 1,730	12 13 -4	39 39 5
Total wildlife watchers	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	17,789 16,151 6,615	(NA) (NA) (NA)	51 46 19	17,136 15,406 7,311	-4 -5 11	48 43 21
	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to-15- year-old population
Total sportspersons. Anglers Hunters	15,019 14,808 1,720	7 7 -1	39 38 4	13,369 13,145 1,741	- 11 -11 1	33 32 4	12,318 12,110 1,773	- 8 -8 2	30 30 4
Around the home. Away from home.	17,449 15,425 8,314	2 (Z) 14 2010	45 40 21	15,066 13,542 6,091	- 14 -12 -27	37 33 15	13,587 12,055 5,850	- 10 -11 -4	34 30 14
	Number of participants	Percent change from previous survey	Percent of 6-to- 15-year-old population						
Total sportspersons	11,673 11,379 2,026	-5 -6 14	29 28 5						
Total wildlife watchers Around the home. Away from home.	12,654 11,130 5,287	-7 -8 -11	31 27 13						

Away from home.....

(NA) Not Available. (Z) Less than 0.5 percent.



Appendix C.

Significant Methodological Changes From Previous Surveys and Regional Trends

The 2011 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation (FHWAR) was designed to continue the data collection of the 1955 to 2006 Surveys. While complete comparability between any two Surveys cannot be achieved, this appendix compares major findings of all the Surveys and presents trends for the major categories of wildlife-related recreation where feasible. Differences among the Surveys are discussed in the following two sections.

The principal characteristics of the 1955 to 2011 Surveys are summarized in Table C-1. The table shows the scope and design of all 12 Surveys.

This appendix provides trend information in two sections (1991 to 2011 and 1955 to 1985). A significant change was made in 1991 in the recall period used in the detailed phase of the FHWAR Surveys. The recall period in 1991 was shortened from the 12 months used in previous Surveys to 4 months in order to improve the accuracy of the data collected. As a result of that change, the Surveys conducted since 1991 cannot be compared with those conducted earlier.

The 1955 to 1985 Surveys required respondents to recall their recreation activities for the survey year at the beginning of the following year. The 1991 to 2011 Surveys went to the respondents two or three times during the survey year to get their activity information. The change in the recall period was due to a study¹ of the effect of the respondent recall length

on survey estimates. The study found significant differences in FHWAR Survey results using annual recall periods versus shorter recall periods. Longer recall periods lead to higher estimates. Even when everything else was held constant, such as questionnaire content and sample design, increasing the respondent's recall period resulted in significantly higher estimates for the same phenomenon.

The recall study also found that the extent of recall bias varied for different types of fishing and hunting participation and expenditures. For example, annual recall respondents gave an estimate of average annual days of saltwater fishing that was 46 percent higher than the trimester recall estimate, while the annual recall estimate of average annual saltwater fishing trips was 30 percent higher than the trimester recall estimate. This means there is no single correction factor for all survey estimates when calculating trends from Surveys using different recall periods.

Reliable trends analysis needs to use data compiled from surveys in which the important elements, such as the sample design and recall period, are not significantly different.

1991 to 2011 Significant **Methodological Differences**

The most significant design differences in the five Surveys are as follows:

1. The 1991 Survey data was collected by interviewers filling out paper questionnaires. The data entries were keyed in a separate operation after the interview. The 1996, 2001, 2006, and 2011 Survey data were collected by the use of computer-assisted interviews. The

- questionnaires were programmed into computers, and the interviewer keyed in the responses at the time of the interview.
- 2. The 1991 Survey screening phase was conducted in January and February of 1991, when a household member of the sample households was interviewed on behalf of the entire household. The screening interviews for the 1996, 2001, and 2006 Surveys were conducted April through June of their survey years in conjunction with the first wave of the detailed interviews. The 2011 Survey also conducted screening interviews and the first detailed interviews April through June of 2011, but furthermore had an additional screening and detailed effort from February 2012 to the end of May 2012. The April–June 2011 screening effort had a high noncontact rate because of poor results using sample telephone numbers obtained from a private firm. Census went back to the noncontacted component of the original sample in February-May 2012 and interviewed a subsample, requiring annual recall for those respondents. The Wave 3 screen sample was 12,484 of the total 48,600 household screen sample. A modification of the 2011 sampling scheme was to oversample counties that had relatively high proportions of hunting license purchases.

The screening interviews for all five Surveys consisted primarily of demographic questions and wildlife-related recreation questions concerning activity in the previous year (1990, 1995, etc.) and intentions for recreating in the survey year.

¹ Investigation of Possible Recall/Reference Period Bias in National Surveys of Fishing, Hunting and Wildlife-Associated Recreation, December 1989, Westat, Inc.

Table C-1. Major Characteristics of Surveys: 1955 to 2011

Table C-1. Major Characteristics of Surveys: 1955 to 2011									
Characteristic	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980			
Survey design: Screening interview mode and population of interest	Combined with detailed phase	Personal interview, 12 years old and older	Personal interview, 9 years old and older	Mail questionnaire, 9 years old and older	Telephone interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older			
Detailed interview mode and population of interest	Personal interview, 12 years old and older	Personal interview, 12 years old and older. Substantial participants ¹	Personal interview, 12 years old and older. Substantial participants ¹	Personal interview, 12 years old and older. Substantial participants ²	Mail questionnaire, 9 years old and older	Personal interview, 16 years old and older			
Respondent's recall period	1 year	1 year	1 year	1 year	1 year	1 year			
Sample sizes: Screening phase (households)	20,000	18,000	16,000	24,000	106,294	116,025			
Detailed phase (individuals): Fishing and hunting Wildlife watching ³	9,328 (X)	10,300 (X)	6,400 (X)	8,700 (X)	20,211 (X)	30,291 5,997			
Response rates: Screening phase	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	95 percent	95 percent			
Detailed phase: Fishing and hunting	(NA)	93 percent	(NA)	(NA)	37 percent	90 percent			
Wildlife watching ³	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	95 percent			
Level of reporting	National	National	National	National	State and National	State and National			
Data collection agent	Private contractor	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	Private contractor	U.S. Census Bureau			

See footnotes at end of table.

Table C-1. Major Characteristics of Surveys: 1955 to 2011—Continued

Characteristic	1985	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011
Survey design: Screening interview mode and population of interest	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 6 years old and older
Detailed interview mode and population of interest	Personal interview, 16 years old and older	Telephone/personal interview, 16 years old and older				
Respondent's recall period	1 year	4 months	4–8 months	4–8 months	4–8 months	4–12 months
Sample sizes: Screening phase (households)	102,694	102,804	44,000	52,508	66,688	30,400
Detailed phase (individuals): Fishing and hunting Wildlife watching ³	28,011 26,671	23,179 22,723	13,222 9,802	25,070 15,303	21,938 11,279	11,330 9,329
Response rates: Screening phase	93 percent	95 percent	71 percent	75 percent	90 percent	77 percent
Detailed phase: Fishing and hunting	92 percent	95 percent	80 percent	88 percent	77 percent	67 percent
Wildlife watching ³	94 percent	95 percent	82 percent	90 percent	78 percent	66 percent
Level of reporting	State and National	State and National	State and National	State and National	State and National	State and National
Data collection agent	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau	U.S. Census Bureau

(NA) Not available. (X) Not applicable; wildlife-watching (nonconsumptive) interviews were not conducted prior to 1980.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Spent \$5.00 or more or participated 3 days or more during the year.

² Spent \$7.50 or more or participated 3 days or more during the year.

³ Termed "nonconsumptive" in 1980, 1985, and 1991 Surveys.

In the 1991 Survey, an attempt was made to contact every sample person in all three detailed interview waves. In 1996, 2001, 2006, and 2011 respondents who were interviewed in the first detailed interview wave were not contacted again until the third wave (unless they were part of the other subsample, i.e., a respondent in both the sportsperson and wildlife watching subsamples could be in the first and third wave of sportsperson interviewing and the second and third wave of wildlife watching interviewing). Also, all interviews in the second wave were conducted only by telephone. In-person interviews were only conducted in the first and third waves. The 2011 wave 3 screen phase was composed of both telephone and in-person interviews.

Section I. Important Instrument Changes in the 1996 Survey

- 1. The 1991 Survey collected information on all wildlife-related recreation purchases made by participants without reference to where the purchase was made. The 1996 Survey asked in which state the purchase was made.
- 2. In 1991, respondents were asked what kind of fishing they did, i.e., Great Lakes, other freshwater, or saltwater, and then were asked in what states they fished. In 1996, respondents were asked in which states they fished and then were asked what kind of fishing they did. This method had the advantage of not asking about, for example, saltwater fishing when they only fished in a noncoastal state.
- 3. In 1991, respondents were asked how many days they "actually" hunted or fished for a particular type of game or fish and then how many days they "chiefly" hunted or fished for the same type of game or fish rather than another type of game or fish. To get total days of hunting or fishing for a particular type of game or fish, the "actually" day response was used, while to get the sum of all days of hunting or fishing, the "chiefly" days were summed. In 1996, respondents were asked their total days of hunting or fishing in the country and each state, then how

- many days they hunted or fished for a particular type of game or
- 4. Trip-related and equipment expenditure categories were not the same for all Surveys. "Guide fee" and "Pack trip or package fee" were two separate trip-related expenditure items in 1991, while they were combined into one category in the 1996 Survey. "Boating costs" was added to the 1996 hunting and wildlife-watching trip-related expenditure sections. "Heating and cooking fuel" was added to all of the trip-related expenditure sections. "Spearfishing equipment" was moved from a separate category to the "other" list. "Rods" and "Reels" were two separate categories in 1991 but were combined in 1996. "Lines, hooks, sinkers, etc." was one category in 1991 but split into "Lines" and "Hooks, sinkers, etc." in 1996. "Food used to feed other wildlife" was added to the wildlife-watching equipment section, "Boats" and "Cabins" were added to the wildlife-watching special equipment section, and "Land leasing and ownership" was added to the wildlife-watching expenditures section.
- 5. Questions asking sportspersons if they participated as much as they wanted were added in 1996. If the sportspersons said no, they were asked why not.
- 6. The 1991 Survey included questions about participation in organized fishing competitions; anglers using bows and arrows, nets or seines, or spearfishing; hunters using pistols or handguns and target shooting in preparation for hunting. These questions were not asked in 1996.
- 7. The 1996 Survey included guestions about catch and release fishing and persons with disabilities participating in wildliferelated recreation. These questions were not part of the 1991 Survey.
- 8. The 1991 Survey included questions about average distance traveled to recreation sites. These questions were not included in the 1996 Survey.

- 9. The 1996 Survey included questions about the last trip the respondent took. Included were questions about the type of trip, where the activity took place, and the distance and direction to the site visited. These questions were not asked in 1991.
- 10. The 1991 Survey collected data on hunting, fishing, and wildlife watching by U.S. residents in Canada. The 1996 Survey collected data on fishing and wildlife-watching by U.S. residents in Canada.

Section II. Important instrument changes in the 2001 Survey

- 1. The 1991 and 1996 single race category "Asian or Pacific Islander" was changed to two categories "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander". In 1991 and 1996, the respondent was required to pick only one category, while in 2001 the respondent could pick any combination of categories. The next question stipulated that the respondent could only be identified with one category and then asked what that category was.
- 2. The 1991 and 1996 land leasing and ownership sections asked the respondent to combine the two types of land use into one and give total acreage and expenditures. In 2001, the two types of land use were explored separately.
- 3. The 1991 and 1996 wildlifewatching sections included questions on birdwatching for aroundthe-home participants only. The 2001 Survey added a question on birdwatching for away-from-home participants. Also, questions on the use of birding life lists and how many species the respondent can identify were added.
- 4. "Recreational vehicles" was added to the sportspersons and wildlifewatchers special equipment section. "House trailer" was added to the sportspersons special equipment section.
- 5. Total personal income was asked in the detailed phase of the 1996 Survey. This was changed to total

Table C-2. Anglers and Hunters by Census Division: 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, and 2011

(U.S. population 16 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

A	199	1	199	6	200)1	200)6	201	1
Area and sportsperson	Number	Percent								
UNITED STATES										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	189,964 39,979 35,578 14,063	100 21 19 7	201,472 39,694 35,246 13,975	100 20 17 7	212,298 37,805 34,067 13,034	100 18 16 6	229,245 33,916 29,952 12,510	100 15 13 5	239,313 37,397 33,112 13,674	100 16 14 6
New England										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	10,180 1,658 1,545 444	100 16 15 4	10,306 1,673 1,520 465	100 16 15 5	10,575 1,504 1,402 386	100 14 13 4	11,233 1,353 1,246 374	100 12 11 3	11,593 1,441 1,355 420	100 12 12 4
Middle Atlantic										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	29,216 4,508 3,871 1,746	100 15 13 6	29,371 4,192 3,627 1,453	100 14 12 5	29,806 3,810 3,250 1,633	100 13 11 5	31,518 3,214 2,550 1,520	100 10 8 5	32,392 3,966 3,496 1,558	100 12 11 5
East North Central										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	32,188 7,202 6,264 2,789	100 22 19 9	33,121 6,912 6,006 2,712	100 21 18 8	34,082 6,400 5,655 2,421	100 19 17 7	35,609 5,975 5,190 2,376	100 17 15 7	36,199 6,766 5,861 2,688	100 19 16 7
West North Central										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	13,504 4,143 3,647 1,709	100 31 27 13	13,875 3,977 3,416 1,917	100 29 25 14	14,430 4,239 3,836 1,710	100 29 27 12	15,458 3,836 3,284 1,779	100 25 21 12	15,860 3,980 3,591 1,661	100 25 23 10
South Atlantic										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	33,682 6,996 6,441 2,083	100 21 19 6	36,776 7,282 6,636 2,050	100 20 18 6	39,286 6,957 6,451 1,875	100 18 16 5	43,965 6,633 6,116 1,884	100 15 14 4	46,417 6,749 6,163 1,870	100 15 13 4
East South Central.										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	11,667 2,984 2,635 1,279	100 26 23 11	12,459 2,907 2,514 1,301	100 23 20 10	12,976 2,865 2,543 1,164	100 22 20 9	13,722 2,689 2,436 1,101	100 20 18 8	14,206 3,010 2,444 1,531	100 21 17 11
West South Central										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	19,926 5,125 4,592 1,843	100 26 23 9	21,811 5,093 4,616 1,812	100 23 21 8	23,337 4,924 4,375 1,988	100 21 19 9	25,407 4,499 3,952 1,810	100 18 16 7	27,195 4,855 4,298 1,909	100 18 16 7
Mountain										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	10,092 2,488 2,079 1,069	100 25 21 11	11,966 2,761 2,411 1,061	100 23 20 9	13,308 2,757 2,443 1,020	100 21 18 8	15,651 2,372 2,084 868	100 15 13 6	17,013 2,976 2,586 1,043	100 17 15 6
Pacific										
Total population Sportspersons Anglers Hunters	29,508 4,875 4,505 1,101	100 17 15 4	31,787 4,897 4,501 1,203	100 15 14 4	34,498 4,349 4,111 837	100 13 12 2	36,681 3,345 3,094 798	100 9 8 2	38,438 3,654 3,319 996	100 10 9 3

Table C-3. Wildlife-Watching Participants by Census Division: 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, and 2011

(U.S. population 16 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

	199	1	199	96	200)1	200)6	201	1
Area and wildlife watcher	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
UNITED STATES										
Total population	189,964	100	201,472	100	212,298	100	229,245	100	239,313	100
Total wildlife watchers	76,111	40	62,868	31	66,105	31	71,132	31	71,776	30
	29,999	16	23,652	12	21,823	10	22,977	10	22,496	9
Away from home	73,904	39	60,751	30	62,928	30	67,756	30	68,598	29
	, 5,, 0 .		00,701		02,720		07,700		00,570	27
New England.										
Total population	10,180	100	10,306	100	10,575	100	11,233	100	11,593	100
Total wildlife watchers	4,598	45	3,710	36	3,875	37	4,489	40	3,954	34
Away from home	1,856	18	1,443	14	1,155	11	1,340	12	1,187	10
Around the home.	4,544	45	3,586	35	3,765	36	4,310	38	3,858	33
Middle Atlantic										
Total population	29,216	100	29,371	100	29,806	100	31,518	100	32,392	100
Total wildlife watchers	10,556	36	8,185	28	8,740	29	8,723	28	9,118	28
Away from home	4,166	14	2,960	10	2,849	10	2,729	9	2,561	8
Around the home.	10,282	35	8,023	27	8,452	28	8,451	27	8,744	27
East North Central.										
Total population	32,188	100	33,121	100	34,082	100	35,609	100	36,199	100
Total wildlife watchers	14,511	45	11,731	35	11,631	34	12,215	34	12,840	35
Away from home	5,572	17	4,501	14	3,571	10	3,792	11	3,168	9
Around the home	14,175	44	11,297	34	11,196	33	11,845	33	12,492	35
West North Central										
Total population	13,504	100	13,875	100	14,430	100	15,458	100	15,860	100
Total wildlife watchers	6,924	51	5,089	37	6,206	43	6,741	44	5,479	35
Away from home	2,654	20	1,927	14	2,059	14	2,163	14	1,783	11
Around the home	6,722	50	4,900	35	5,938	41	6,447	42	5,201	33
South Atlantic										
Total population	33,682	100	36,776	100	39,286	100	43,965	100	46,417	100
Total wildlife watchers	13,047	39	11,252	31	11,395	29	12,862	29	13,315	29
Away from home	4,450	13	3,992	11	3,469	9	3,208	7	4,393	9
Around the home	12,813	38	10,964	30	10,911	28	12,432	28	12,767	28
East South Central.										
Total population	11,667	100	12,459	100	12,976	100	13,722	100	14,206	100
Total wildlife watchers	4,864	42	3,904	31	4,514	35	4,931	36	4,663	33
Away from home	1,592	14	1,118	9	1,086	8	1,758	13	1,456	10
Around the home	4,765	41	3,795	30	4,390	34	4,683	34	4,394	31
West South Central										
Total population	19,926	100	21,811	100	23,337	100	25,407	100	27,195	100
Total wildlife watchers	7,035	35	5,933	27	5,747	25	6,764	27	7,164	26
Away from home	2,459	12	2,096	10	1,822	8	2,127	8	1,728	6
Around the home.	6,817	34	5,773	26	5,490	24	6,319	25	7,087	26
Mountain										
Total population	10,092	100	11,966	100	13,308	100	15,651	100	17,013	100
Total wildlife watchers	4,437	44	4,099	34	4,619	35	4,968	32	5,189	30
Away from home	2,215	22	1,967	16	2,019	15	2,004	13	2,230	13
Around the home	4,145	41	3,855	32	4,282	32	4,605	29	4,716	28
Pacific										
Total population	29,508	100	31,787	100	34,498	100	36,681	100	38,438	100
Total wildlife watchers	10,139	34	8,966	28	9,377	27	9,439	26	10,054	26
Away from home	5,035	17	3,648	11	3,793	11	3,856	11	3,990	10
Around the home.	9,641	33	8,558	27	8,504	25	8,664	24	9,337	24

- household income in the 2001 Survey.
- 6. A question was added to the triprelated expenditures section to ascertain how much of the total was spent in the respondent's state of residence when the respondent participated in hunting, fishing, or wildlife watching out-of-state.
- 7. Boating questions were added to the fishing section. The respondent was asked about the extent of boat usage for the three types of fishing.
- The 1996 Survey included questions about the months around-thehome wildlife watchers fed birds. These questions were not repeated in the 2001 Survey.
- 9. The contingent valuation sections of the three types of wildlife-related recreation were altered, using an open-ended question format instead of 1996's dichotomous choice format.

Section III. Important instrument changes in the 2006 Survey

- 1. A series of boating questions was added. The new questions dealt with anglers using motorboats and/ or nonmotorboats, length of boat used most often, distance to boat launch used most often, needed improvements to facilities at the launch, whether or not the respondent completed a boating safety course, who the boater fished with most often, and the source and type of information the boater used for his or her fishing.
- Questions regarding catch and release fishing were added. They were whether or not the respondent caught and released fish and, if so, the percent of fish released.
- 3. The proportion of hunting done with a rifle or shotgun, as contrasted with muzzleloader or archery equipment, was asked.
- 4. In the contingent valuation section, where the value of wildlife-related recreation was determined, two quality-variable questions were added: the average length of certain fish caught and whether a deer, elk, or moose was killed. Plus the

- economic evaluation bid questions were rephrased, from "What is the most your [species] hunting in [State name] could have cost you per trip last year before you would NOT have gone [species] hunting at all in 2001, not even one trip, because it would have been too expensive?", for the hunters, for example, to "What is the cost that would have prevented you from taking even one such trip in 2006? In other words, if the trip cost was below this amount, you would have gone [species] hunting in [State name], but if the trip cost was above this amount, you would not have gone."
- 5. Questions concerning hunting, fishing, or wildlife watching in other countries were taken out of the Survey.
- Questions about the reasons for not going hunting or fishing, or not going as much as expected, were deleted.
- 7. Disability of participants questions were taken out.
- 8. Determination of the types of sites for wildlife watching was discontinued.
- The birding questions regarding the use of birding life lists and the ability to identify birds based on their sight or sounds were deleted.
- 10. Public transportation costs were divided into two sections, "public transportation by airplane" and "other public transportation, including trains, buses, and car rentals, etc.".

Section IV. Important instrument changes in the 2011 Survey

- 1. The series of boating questions added in 2006 was deleted.
- Questions about target shooting and the usage of a shooting range in preparation for hunting were added. The types of weapon used at the shooting range were quantified.
- 3. Questions about plantings expenditures for the purpose of hunting were added.

- "Feral pig" was recategorized from big game to other animals for all states except Hawaii.
- "Ptarmigan" was included as its own small game category, instead of lumped in "other."
- 6. In previous Surveys, "Moose" was included as its own category only for Alaska. For 2011, "Moose" was included as its own big game category, instead of lumped in "other," for all fifty states.
- 7. In previous Surveys, "Wolf" was included as its own category only for Alaska. For 2011, "Wolf" was included as its own other animal category, instead of lumped in "other," for all fifty states.
- 8. The household income categories were modified. The top categories were changed from "\$100,000 or more" to "\$100,000 to \$149,999" and "\$150,000 or more."
- The "Steelhead" category was deleted from the saltwater fish species section, with the idea that it would be included in "other."
- 10. The 2006 around-the-home wildlife-watching category that quantified visitors of "public parks or areas" was rewritten to wildlife watching at "parks or natural areas." This change was to make clear that respondents should include recreating at quasi-governmental and private areas.
- 11. The 2006 wildlife watching equipment category "Film and developing" was rewritten to "Film and photo processing."

1955 to 1985 Significant **Methodological Differences**

1955 to 1970 Surveys

The 1955 to 1970 Surveys included only substantial participants. Substantial participants were defined as people who participated at least three days and/or spent at least \$5 (the 1955-1965 Surveys) or \$7.50 (the 1970 Survey) during the surveyed year. Under most circumstances, the Surveys may be compared for totals, but the effects of differences should be considered when comparing the details of the Surveys.

The 1960, 1965, and 1970 Surveys differed from the 1955 National Survey in classification of expenditures as outlined below:

- 1. Alaska and Hawaii were not included in the 1955 Survey.
- 2. Expenditure categories were more detailed in 1970 than in earlier Surveys.
- 3. The 1960 to 1970 classification of some expenditures differs from the 1955 Survey in the following respects:
 - "Boats and boat motors" shown under "auxiliary equipment" were included in "equipment, other" in 1955.
 - b. "Entrance and other privilege fees" asked separately were included in "trip expenditures, other" in 1955.
 - "Snacks and refreshments" not included with "food" expenditures in the 1960 to 1970 reports were under "trip expenditures, other" in 1955.
 - d. Starting in 1960, expenditures on equipment, magazines, club dues, licenses, and similar items were classified by the one sport activity for which expenditures were chiefly made. In 1955, these expenditures were evenly divided among all the activities in which the sportsperson took part.
 - e. Compared with 1955, the 1960 to 1970 Surveys reported fewer expenditures within the "other" category because selected items were transferred to more appropriate categories.
 - f. Expenditures on alcoholic beverages were reported separately in the 1970 Survey.
- 4. The number of waterfowl hunters in the 1970 Survey is not comparable with those reported in the 1960 and 1965 Surveys. In 1960 and 1965, respondent sportspersons were not included in the waterfowl hunter total if they reported that they went waterfowl hunting but

did not take the trip chiefly to hunt waterfowl. In 1970, all respondents who reported that they had hunted waterfowl during 1970, regardless of trip purpose, were included in the total. The number of hunters who did not take trips chiefly to hunt waterfowl in 1970 was 1,054,000.

1975 Survey

In contrast to previous Surveys which covered substantial participants 12 years old and older, the 1975 Survey based all the estimates on responses from individuals 9 years of age and older and did not select respondents based upon substantial participation as defined above. As a result, individuals who participated fewer than three days or spent less than \$7.50 on hunting or fishing were included in the estimates of participants, days of activity, and expenditures.

Categories of hunting and fishing expenditures differed from the previous four Surveys in that only major categories were reported. For example, hunting equipment expenditures were not further delineated by subcategory. Similarly, no detail was provided within the category of fishing equipment expenditures. Expenses for items such as daily entrance fees, magazines, club dues, and dogs were categorized as "other" in the 1975 report.

In addition to the above differences, the 1975 Survey gathered data on species sought for the favorite hunting and fishing activity. This data replaced the "chiefly" category where hunting or fishing was the primary purpose of the trip or day of activity. Data omitted in the 1975 Survey that were included in previous Surveys include the respondents' population density of residence, occupation, and level of education.

1980 to 1985 Surveys

The 1980 and 1985 Surveys were similar. Each measured participants, rather than substantial participants. Questions were incorporated into the 1980 and 1985 Survey questionnaires to facilitate the construction of categories of data for comparisons with earlier Surveys. The use of "chiefly" to delimit primary purpose appeared in the 1970 and prior Surveys, and its use was continued in the 1980 and 1985

Surveys. The expenditure categories in 1980 and 1985 are similar to the 1970 categories with the addition of fish finders, motor homes, and camper trucks as separate categories. The definition of fishing included the use of nets or seines and spearfishing. An extensive wildlife watching section was added in 1980, necessitating a separate detailed phase subsample.

As in the 1970 and 1975 Surveys, the 1980 and 1985 Surveys used a twophase process to gather information from households and individuals. In the first phase, household respondents were asked to identify each participant six years of age and older who resided in their household. In comparison, the 1975 and 1970 Surveys screened households for participants who were nine years of age and older. In the second phase, the detailed interview phase, interviews were conducted in person for the 1985, 1980, and 1970 Surveys and were conducted by mail for the 1975 Survey. Participants were included in the detailed phase of the Survey if they were at least 12 years old in 1970, 9 years old in 1975, and 16 years old in 1980 and 1985. As a result, the population of hunters and anglers was more narrowly defined in 1980 and 1985. However, estimates of sportspersons 6 years old and older, 9 years old and older, and 12 years old and older, derived from the screening phase, are available for comparison with past Surveys.

Regional Trends

Section I. Most recent trends

This trends section covers the period from 1991 to 2011. The 1991, 1996, 2001, 2006, and 2011 Surveys used similar methodologies, making all published information for the five Surveys directly comparable.

Section II. Historical trends

This trends section covers the period from 1955 to 1985. The methodology of these Surveys differed (see above), but approximate correction factors were estimated.

Table C-4. Comparison of Major Findings of the National Surveys: 1955 to 1985

(U.S. population 12 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

Sportspersons	1955	1960	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985
Total sportspersons	24,917	30,435	32,881	36,277	45,773	46,966	49,827
Anglers	20,813	25,323	28,348	33,158	41,299	41,873	45,345
Freshwater	18,420	21,677	23,962	29,363	36,599	35,782	39,122
Saltwater	4,557	6,292	8,305	9,460	13,738	11,972	12,893
Hunters	11,784	14,637	13,583	14,336	17,094	16,758	16,340
Small game	9,822	12,105	10,576	11,671	14,182	12,496	11,130
Big game	4,414	6,277	6,566	7,774	11,037	11,047	12,576
Waterfowl	1,986	1,955	1,650	2,894	4,284	3,177	3,201
Expenditures ¹	11,401,464	13,948,974	14,991,502	19,618,548	33,398,677	34,517,421	42,058,860
Anglers	7,655,522	9,743,971	9,952,411	13,699,311	23,498,506	23,387,469	28,585,686
Freshwater	5,700,187	7,476,454	7,231,851	10,315,966	17,333,212	16,663,239	18,942,060
Saltwater	1,955,336	2,267,512	2,720,574	3,383,345	6,165,294	5,581,976	7,191,387
Hunters	3,745,942	4,204,997	3,814,303	5,919,236	9,900,171	10,812,058	10,256,668
Small game	1,975,707	2,629,360	2,093,137	2,612,390	4,525,942	3,335,852	2,342,860
Big game	1,295,357	1,251,800	1,424,711	2,631,532	4,238,341	5,638,395	5,345,606
Waterfowl	474,878	323,840	296,452	675,315	1,135,889	766,033	783,315
Days	566,870	658,308	708,578	909,876	1,459,551	1,300,983	1,415,379
Fishing.	397,447	465,769	522,759	706.187	1.058.075	952,420	1,064,986
Freshwater	338,826	385,167	426,922	592,494	890.576	788.392	895.027
Saltwater	58,621	80,602	95,837	113,694	167,499	164,040	171,055
Hunting	169,423	192,539	185,819	203,689	401,476	348,543	350,393
Small game	118,630	138,192	128,448	124,041	269.653	225,793	214,544
Big game.	30.834	39.190	43.845	54,536	100,600	117.406	135.447
Waterfowl	19,959	15,158	13,526	25,113	31,223	26,179	25,933

¹ In 1985 dollars.

Note: Methodological differences described in the text make the estimates in this table not comparable with the estimates in Tables C-2 and C-3.

Table C-5. Anglers and Hunters by Census Division: 1955 to 1985

(U.S. population 12 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

Year	Populati	on	Sportsperson hunte		Angl	ers	Hunters	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
UNITED STATES.								
1955	118,366	100	24,917	21.1	20,813	17.6	11,784	10.0
1960	131,226	100	30,435	23.2	25,323	19.3	14,637	11.2
1965	141,928	100	32,881	23.2	28,348	20.0	13,585	9.6
1970	155,230	100	36,277	23.4	33,158	21.4	14,336	9.2
1975	171,860	100	45,773	26.6	41,299	24.0	17,094	9.9
1980	184,691	100	46,966	25.4	41,873	22.7	16,758	9.1
1985	195,659	100	49,827	25.5	45,345	23.2	16,340	8.4
New England								
1955	7,919	100	1,224	15.4	1,002	12.7	589	7.4
1960	8,349	100	1,368	16.4	1,205	14.4	517	6.2
1965	9,256	100	1,650	17.8	1,488	16.0	583	6.3
1970	8,652	100	1,579	18.3	1,430	16.5	582	6.7
1975	9,910	100	2,004	20.2	1,861	18.8	566	5.7
1980.	10,205	100	1,974	19.3	1,788	17.5	572	5.6
1985	10,554	100	2,058	19.5	1,914	18.1	552	5.2
Middle Atlantic								
1955.	24,869	100	3,539	14.2	2,811	11.3	1,608	6.5
1960.	26,493	100	3,432	13.0	2,569	9.7	1,723	6.5
1965.	27,346	100	3,602	13.2	2,760	10.1	1,631	6.0
1970	28,244	100	4,539	16.1	4,504	14.4	1,731	6.1
I						I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1975	30,449	100	5,919	19.4	5,097	16.7	2,096	6.9
1980	30,256 31,099	100 100	5,181 5,565	17.1 17.9	4,332 4,820	14.3 15.5	2,001 1,972	6.6 6.3
Fort Month Control			,		,		•	
East North Central	25,733	100	5,489	21.3	4,583	17.8	2,538	9.9
1960	26,833	100	6,316	32.5	5,317	19.8	2,985	11.1
I	28,124	100	6,214	22.1	5,336	19.0	2,563	9.1
1965	31,550	100		23.1	6,699	21.2	2,812	8.9
1970			7,284					
1975	32,796	100	9,049	27.6	8,181	24.9	3,392	10.3
1980	33,526 33,747	100 100	8,725 8,973	26.0 26.6	7,891 8,270	23.5 24.5	2,955 2,814	8.8 8.3
W AN ALC A L	ĺ		,		,			
West North Central	9,201	100	2.012	31.7	2 246	25.5	1,534	16.7
1955	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,913		2,346	I		16.7
1960	10,149	100	3,383	33.3	2,855	28.1	1,709	16.8
1965	11,681	100	3,678	31.5	3,226	27.6	1,620	13.9
1970	12,904	100	4,000	31.0	3,579	27.7	1,783	13.8
1975	13,564	100	4,524	33.3	4,089	30.1	1,863	13.7
1980	13,826	100	4,770	34.5	4,220	30.5	1,965	14.2
1985	14,137	100	5,140	36.4	4,681	33.1	1,971	13.9
South Atlantic								
1955	14,336	100	3,223	22.5	2,805	19.6	1,449	10.1
1960	17,798	100	4,423	24.9	3,695	20.8	2,045	11.5
1965	20,593	100	5,626	27.3	5,054	24.5	1,900	9.2
1970	23,539	100	5,461	23.2	5,129	21.8	1,904	8.1
1975	27,127	100	7,110	26.2	6,479	23.9	2,494	9.2
1980	30,512	100	7,769	25.5	7,086	23.2	2,444	8.0
1985	33,636	100	8,721	25.9	8,056	24.0	2,467	7.3
East South Central.								
1955	7,959	100	1,963	24.7	1,665	20.9	989	12.4
1960.	9,277	100	2,778	29.9	2,207	23.8	1,510	16.3
1965	9,652	100	2,587	26.8	2,201	22.8	1,294	13.4
1970.	9,862	100	2,660	27.0	2,464	25.0	1,162	11.8
		100	3,007	27.8	2,689	24.9	1,355	
1975	10,798	100						12.5
1980	11,771		3,614	30.7	3,173	27.0	1,567	13.3
1985	12,364	100	3,671	29.7	3,308	26.8	1,441	11.7

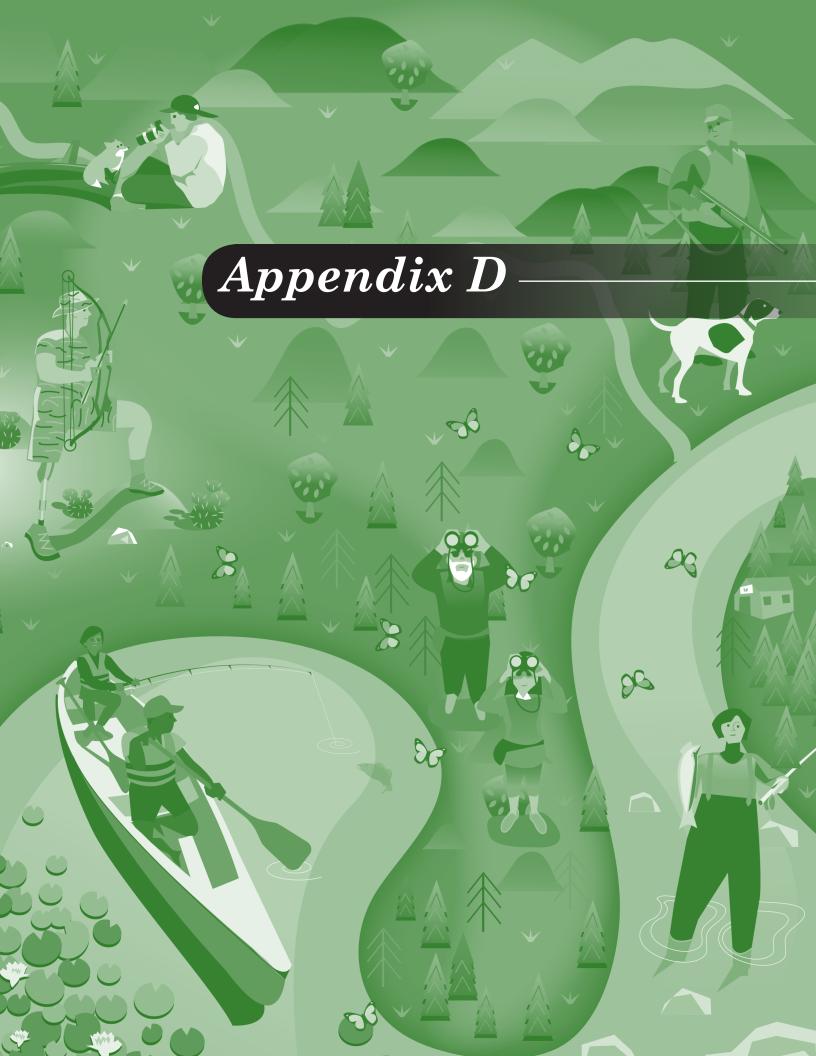
See footnote at end of table.

Table C-5. Anglers and Hunters by Census Division: 1955 to 1985—Continued

(U.S. population 12 years old and older. Numbers in thousands)

Year	Popula	ntion	Sportsperson, fi	shed or hunted	Anglers		Hunters	
Year	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
West South Central								
1955	10,250	100	2,560	25.0	2,237	21.8	1,165	11.4
1960	11,837	100	3,666	31.0	3,133	26.5	1,750	14.8
1965	12,724	100	3,713	29.2	3,278	25.8	1,571	12.3
1970	14,624	100	4,380	30.0	4,006	27.4	1,918	13.1
1975	16,628	100	5,781	34.8	5,267	31.7	2,563	15.4
1980	19,136	100	5,862	30.6	5,136	26.8	2,456	12.8
1985	21,184	100	6,418	30.3	5,704	26.9	2,572	12.1
Mountain								
1955	4,529	100	1,369	30.2	1,112	24.6	796	17.6
1960	5,222	100	1,646	31.5	1,372	26.3	1,120	21.4
1965	5,029	100	1,565	31.1	1,261	25.1	988	19.6
1970	5,656	100	2,044	36.1	1,769	31.3	980	17.3
1975	7,576	100	2,570	33.9	2,252	29.7	1,159	15.3
1980	9,160	100	2,903	31.7	2,500	27.3	1,268	13.8
1985	10,215	100	3,128	30.6	2,765	27.1	1,241	12.1
Pacific								
1955	13,570	100	2,637	19.4	2,252	16.6	1,116	8.2
1960	15,268	100	3,422	22.4	2,971	19.5	1,279	8.4
1965	17,523	100	4,246	24.2	3,744	21.4	1,433	8.2
1970	20,199	100	4,332	21.4	4,030	20.0	1,466	7.3
1975	23,012	100	5,811	25.2	5,386	23.4	1,607	7.0
1980	26,299	100	6,168	23.5	5,747	21.9	1,531	5.0
1985	38,725	100	6,154	21.4	5,829	20.3	1,310	4.6

Note: Methodological differences described in the text make the estimates in this table not comparable with the estimates in Tables C-2 and C-3.



Appendix D. Sample Design and Statistical Accuracy

This appendix is presented in two parts. The first part is the U.S. Census Bureau Source and Accuracy Statement. This statement describes the sampling design for the 2011 Survey and highlights the steps taken to produce estimates from the completed questionnaires. The statement explains the use of standard errors and confidence intervals. It also provides comprehensive information about errors characteristic of surveys and formulas and parameters to calculate an approximate standard error or confidence interval for each number published in this report. The second part, Tables D-1 through D-11, reports approximate standard errors and 95-percent confidence intervals for selected measures of participation and expenditures for wildlife-related recreation.

Source and Accuracy Statement for the 2011 National Survey of Fishing. Hunting, and Wildlife-Associated Recreation

SOURCE OF DATA

The estimates in this report are based on data collected in the 2011 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wild*life-Associated Recreation* (FHWAR) conducted by the Census Bureau and sponsored by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

The eligible universe for the FHWAR is the civilian noninstitutionalized and nonbarrack military population living in the United States. The institutionalized population, which is excluded from the population universe, is composed primarily of the population in correctional institutions and nursing homes (98 percent of the 4 million institutionalized people in Census 2010).

The 2011 FHWAR was designed to provide state-level estimates of the

number of participants in recreational hunting and fishing and in wildlife watching activities (e.g., wildlife observation). Information was collected on the number of participants, where and how often they participated, the type of wildlife encountered, and the amounts of money spent on wildlife-related recreation.

The FHWAR was conducted in two stages: an initial screening of households to identify likely sportspersons and wildlife-watching participants and a series of follow-up interviews of selected persons to collect detailed data about their wildlife-related recreation during 2011.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The 2011 FHWAR sample was selected from the Census Bureau's master address file (MAF).

The FHWAR is a multistage probability sample, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. In the first stage of the sampling process, primary sampling units (PSUs) are selected for sample. The PSUs are defined to correspond to the Office of Management and Budget definitions of Core Based Statistical Area definitions and to improve efficiency in field operations. The United States is divided into 2,025 PSUs. These PSUs are grouped into 824 strata. Within each stratum, a single PSU is chosen for the sample, with its probability of selection proportional to its population as of the 2000 decennial census. This PSU represents the entire stratum from which it was selected. In the case of strata consisting of only one PSU, the PSU is chosen with certainty.

Within the selected PSUs, the FHWAR sample was selected from the MAF.

FHWAR Screening Sample

The total screening sample in the United States consisted of **48,600** households. Interviewing for the screen was conducted during April, May, and June 2011. Due to a high noncontact rate, an additional personal visit screening interview, for a subsample of noncontact cases, occurred again in February, March, April, or May 2012. Of all housing units in sample, about 42,800 were determined to be eligible for interview. Interviewers obtained interviews at 30,400 of these units for a national response rate of 71 percent.¹ The national weighted response rate was 77 percent. The interviewers asked screening questions for all household members 6 years old and older. Noninterviews occur when the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason.

Data for the FHWAR sportspersons sample and wildlife-watchers sample were collected in three waves.² The first wave started in April 2011, the second in September 2011, and the third in January 2012. In the sportspersons sample, all persons who hunted or fished in 2011 by the time of the screening interview were interviewed in the first wave. The remaining sportspersons in sample were interviewed in the second wave. The reference period was the preceding 4 months for waves 1 and 2. In wave 3, the reference period was either 4, 8, or 12 months depending on when the sample person was first interviewed.

¹ Response rates are calculated by using APPOR's RR2

² The sample cases selected due to high noncontact rates were only interviewed once. They received a screener and, if they had some form of participation, a detailed questionnaire. These participants did not get three waves of interviewing. The reference period for these sampled cases was between 13 and 16 months.

Detailed Samples

Two independent detailed samples were chosen from the FHWAR screening sample. One consisted of sportspersons (people who hunt or fish) and the other of wildlife watchers (people who observe, photograph, or feed wildlife).

A. Sportspersons

The Census Bureau selected the detailed samples based on information reported during the screening phase. Based on information collected from the household respondent, every person 16 years old and older in the FHWAR screening sample was assigned to a sportspersons stratum. The criteria for the strata included time devoted to hunting or fishing in previous years, participation in hunting or fishing in 2011 by the time of the screening interview, and intentions to participate in hunting and fishing activities during the remainder of 2011.³ The four sportspersons categories were:

- 1. Active—a person who had already participated in hunting or fishing in 2011 at the time of the screener interview.
- 2. *Likely*—a person who had not participated in 2011 at the time of the screener, but had participated in 2010 OR was likely to participate in 2011.
- 3. *Inactive*—a person who had not participated in 2010 or 2011 AND was somewhat unlikely to participate in 2011.
- 4. *Nonparticipant*—a person who had not participated in 2010 or 2011 AND was very unlikely to participate in 2011.

Due to the high noncontact rates in wave 1, all persons in the active, likely, and inactive groups were selected with certainty.

Active sportspersons were given the detailed interview twice—at the time of the screening interview (in April, May, or June 2011) and

³The sample cases selected due to high noncontact rates were not assigned a sportsperson stratum.

B. Wildlife Watchers

The wildlife-watching detailed sample was also selected based on information reported during the screening phase. Based on information collected from the household respondent, every person 16 years old and older was assigned to a stratum. The criteria for the strata included time devoted to wildlifewatching activities in previous years, participation in wildlifewatching activities in 2011 by the time of the screening interview, and intentions to participate in wildlife-watching activities during the remainder of 2011. The five wildlife-watching categories were:

- 1. *Active*—a person who had already participated in 2011 at the time of the screening interview.
- 2. Avid—a person who had not yet participated in 2011, but in 2010 had taken trips to participate in wildlife-watching activities for 21 or more days or had spent \$300 or more.
- 3. Average—a person who had not yet participated in 2011, but in 2010 had taken trips to wildlife watch for less than 21 days and had spent less than \$300 OR had not participated in wildlifewatching activities but was very

- likely to in the remainder of 2011.
- 4. Infrequent—a person who had not participated in 2010 or 2011, but was somewhat likely or somewhat unlikely to participate in the remainder of 2011.
- 5. *Nonparticipant*—a person who had not participated in 2010 or 2011 AND was very unlikely to participate during the remainder of 2011.

Persons were selected for the detailed sample based on these groupings, but persons in the nonparticipant group were not eligible for a detailed interview.

A subsample of each of the other groups was selected to receive a detailed interview with the chance of selection diminishing as the likelihood of participation diminished. Wildlife-watching participants were given the detailed interview twice.5 Some received their first detailed interview at the same time as the screening interview (in April, May, or June 2011). The rest received their first detailed interview in September or October 2011. All wildlifewatching participants received their second interview in January or February 2012. Some respondents were given the screener and detailed interview in February, March, April, or May 2012. About 13,900 persons were designated for interviews in the United States. The detailed wildlife-watching sample sizes varied by state to get reliable state-level estimates. During each interview period, about 33 percent of the designated persons were not found at home or were unavailable for some other reason. Overall. about 9,300 detailed wildlife watcher interviews were completed at a response rate of 67 percent.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

Several stages of adjustments were used to derive the final 2011 FHWAR person weights. A brief description of the major components of the weights is given below. All statistics for the popu-

again in January or February 2012.4 Likely sportspersons and inactive sportspersons were also interviewed twice—first in September or October 2011, then in January or February 2012. Persons in the nonparticipant group were not eligible for a detailed interview. About **16,400** persons were designated for interviews in the United States. The detailed sportspersons sample sizes varied by state to get reliable state-level estimates. During each interview period, about 31 percent of the designated persons were not found at home or were unavailable for some other reason. Overall, about 11,300 detailed sportspersons interviews were completed at a response rate of 69 percent.

⁴ The sample cases selected due to high noncontact rates were given the detailed sportsperson interview once.

⁵The sample cases selected due to high noncontact rates were given the detailed wildlife-watching interview

lation 6 to 15 years of age were derived from the screening interview. Statistics for the population 16 years old and older come from both the screening and detailed interviews. Estimates that come from the screening sample are presented in Appendix B.

A. Screening Sample

Every interviewed person in the screening sample received a screening weight that was the product of the following factors:

- 1. Base Weight. The base weight is the inverse of the household's probability of selection.
- 2. Household Noninterview Adjustment. The noninterview adjustment inflates the weight assigned to interviewed households to account for households eligible for interview but for which no interview was obtained
- 3. First-Stage Adjustment. The 824 areas designated for our samples were selected from 2,025 such areas of the United States. Some sample areas represent only themselves and are referred to as self-representing. The remaining areas represent other areas similar in selected characteristics and are thus designated non-selfrepresenting. The first-stage factor reduces the component of variation arising from sampling the non-self-representing areas.
- 4. Second-Stage Adjustment. This adjustment brings the estimates of the total population into agreement with census-based estimates of the civilian noninstitutionalized and nonbarrack military populations for each state.

B. Sportspersons Sample

Every interviewed person in the sportspersons detailed sample received a weight that was the product of the following factors:

- 1. Screening Weight. This is the person's final weight from the screening sample.
- 2. Sportspersons Stratum Adjust*ment*. This factor inflates the weights of persons selected for the detailed sample to account for the subsampling done within each sportsperson stratum.
- 3. Sportspersons Noninterview Adjustment. This factor adjusts the weights of the interviewed sportspersons to account for sportspersons selected for the detailed sample for whom no interview was obtained. A person was considered a noninterview if he or she was not interviewed in the third wave of interviewing.
- 4. Sportspersons Ratio Adjustment Factor. This is a ratio adjustment of the detailed sample to the screening sample within the sportspersons sampling strata. This adjustment brings the population estimates of persons aged 16 years old and older from the detailed sample into agreement with the same estimates from the screening sample, which was a much larger sample.

C. Wildlife-Watchers Sample

Every interviewed person in the wildlife-watchers detailed sample received a weight that was the product of the following factors:

- 1. Screening Weight. This is the person's final weight from the screening sample.
- 2. Wildlife-Watchers Stratum Adjustment. This factor inflates the weights of persons selected for the detailed sample to account for the subsampling done within each wildlife watcher stratum.
- 3. Wildlife-Watchers Noninterview *Adjustment*. This factor adjusts the weights of the interviewed wildlife-watching participants to account for wildlife watchers

- selected for the detailed sample for whom no interview was obtained. A person was considered a noninterview if he or she was not interviewed in the third wave of interviewing.
- 4. Wildlife-Watchers Ratio Adjustment Factor. This is a ratio adjustment of the detailed sample to the screening sample within the wildlife-watchers sampling strata. This adjustment brings the population estimates of persons aged 16 years old and older from the detailed sample into agreement with the same estimates from the screening sample, which was a much larger sample.

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

A sample survey estimate has two types of error: sampling and nonsampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error. The nature of the sampling error is known given the survey design; the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

For a given estimator, the difference between the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population and the true population value being estimated is known as nonsampling error. There are several sources of nonsampling error that may occur during the development or execution of the survey. It can occur because of circumstances created by the interviewer, the respondent, the survey instrument, or the way the data are collected and processed. For example, errors could occur because:

- The interviewer records the wrong answer, the respondent provides incorrect information, the respondent estimates the requested information, or an unclear survey question is misunderstood by the respondent (measurement error).
- Some individuals who should have been included in the survey frame were missed (coverage error).

- Responses are not collected from all those in the sample or the respondent is unwilling to provide information (nonresponse error).
- Values are estimated imprecisely for missing data (imputation error).
- Forms may be lost; data may be incorrectly keyed, coded, or recoded, etc. (processing error).

The Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the production process, including the overall design of surveys, the wording of questions, and the review of the work of interviewers and coders to minimize these errors. Two types of nonsampling error that can be examined to a limited extent are nonresponse and undercoverage.

Nonresponse. The effect of nonresponse cannot be measured directly, but one indication of its potential effect is the nonresponse rate. For the FHWAR screener interview in the United States, the household-level nonresponse rate was 29 percent. The person-level nonresponse rate for the detailed sportsperson interview in the United States was an additional 31 percent and for the wildlife watchers it was 33 percent. Since the screener nonresponse rate is a household-level rate and the detailed interview nonresponse rate is a person-level rate, we cannot combine these rates to derive an overall nonresponse rate. Since it is unlikely the nonresponding households to the FHWAR have the same number of persons as the households successfully interviewed, combining these rates would result in an overestimate of the "true" person-level overall nonresponse rate for the detailed interviews.

Coverage. Overall screener undercoverage is estimated to be about 13 percent. Ratio estimation to independent population controls, as described previously, partially corrects for the bias due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics from those of interviewed persons in the same age group.

Comparability of Data. Data obtained from the 2011 FHWAR and other

sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in interviewer training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing results from different sources. (See Appendix C.)

A Nonsampling Error Warning. Since the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on small differences between estimates. The Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate information about nonsampling errors into their analyses, as nonsampling error could impact the conclusions drawn from the results. Caution should also be used when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases. Summary measures (such as medians and percentage distributions) probably do not reveal useful information when computed on a subpopulation smaller than 90,000 for screener data, 100,000 for the detailed sportsperson data, and 235,000 for the wildlife-watchers data.

SAMPLING ERROR

Since the FHWAR estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from an enumeration of the entire population using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. For a given estimator, the difference between an estimate based on a sample and the estimate that would result if the sample were to include the entire population is known as sampling error. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described in "Standard Errors and Their Use," are primarily measures of the magnitude of sampling error. However, they may include some nonsampling error.

Standard Errors and Their Use. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range that has a known probability of including the average result of all possible samples. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 95 percent of the intervals from 1.96 standard errors below

the estimate to 1.96 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples. A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples. However, one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples. Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis is that the population parameters are different. An example would be comparing the proportion of anglers to the proportion of hunters. Tests may be performed at various levels of significance. A significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. For example, to conclude that two characteristics are different at the 0.05 level of significance, the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics must be greater than or equal to 1.96 times the standard error of the difference. This report uses 95-percent confidence intervals and 0.05 level of significance to determine statistical validity. Consult standard statistical textbooks for alternative criteria.

Estimating Standard Errors. The Census Bureau uses replication methods to estimate the standard errors of FHWAR estimates. These methods primarily measure the magnitude of sampling error. However, they do measure some effects of nonsampling error as well. They do not measure systematic biases in the data associated with nonsampling error. Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the true value.

Generalized Variance Parameters. While it is possible to compute and present an estimate of the standard error based on the survey data for each estimate in a report, there are a number of reasons why this is not done. A presentation of the individual standard errors would be of limited use, since one could not possibly predict all of the combinations of results that may be of interest to data users. Additionally, data users have access to FHWAR microdata files, and it is impossible to

compute in advance the standard error for every estimate one might obtain from those data sets. Moreover, variance estimates are based on sample data and have variances of their own. Therefore, some methods of stabilizing these estimates of variance, for example, by generalizing or averaging over time, may be used to improve their reliability. Experience has shown that certain groups of estimates have similar relationships between their variances and expected values. Modeling or generalizing may provide more stable variance estimates by taking advantage of these similarities. The generalized variance function is a simple model that expresses the variance as a function of the expected value of the survey estimate. The parameters of the generalized variance function are estimated using direct replicate variances. These generalized variance parameters provide a relatively easy method to obtain approximate standard errors for numerous characteristics. Table D-5 provides the generalized variance parameters for FHWAR data. Methods for using the parameters to calculate standard errors of various estimates are given in the next sections.

Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers. The approximate standard error, s_a, of an estimated number shown in this report can be obtained using the following formulas. Formula (1) is used to calculate the standard errors of levels of sportspersons, anglers, and wildlife watchers.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \tag{1}$$

Here, x is the size of the estimate and a and b are the parameters in the tables associated with the particular characteristic.

Formula (2) is used for standard errors of aggregates, i.e., trips, days, and expenditures.

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + \frac{cx^2}{y}} \tag{2}$$

Here, x is again the size of the estimate; y is the base of the estimate; and a, b, and c are the parameters in the tables associated with the particular characteristic.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of an Estimated Number

Suppose there were an estimated 37,397,000 persons age 16 years old and older who either fished or hunted in the United States in 2011. Using formula (1) with the parameters a = -0.000070 and b = 16,823 from table D-5, the approximate standard error of the estimated number of 37,397,000 sportspersons age 16 years old and older is

$$s_x = \sqrt{-0.000070 * 37,397,000^2 + 16,823 * 37,397,000} = 728,857$$

The 95-percent confidence interval for the estimated number of sportspersons 16 years old and older is from 35,968,000 to 38,826,000, i.e., $37,397,000 \pm 1.96 \times 728,857$. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 95 percent of all possible samples.

Suppose there were an estimated 13,674,000 hunters age 16 years old and older who engaged in 281,884,000 days of participation in 2011. Using formula (2) with the parameters a = -0.000284, b = -127.863, and c = 46.699 from table D-5, the approximate standard error on 281,884,000 estimated days on an estimated base of 13,674,000 hunters is

$$s_x = \sqrt{-0.000284 * 281,884,000^2 - 127,863 * 281,884,000 + \frac{46,699 * 281,884,000^2}{13,674,000}} = 14,586,000$$

The 95-percent confidence interval on the estimate of 281,884,000 days is from 253,295,000 to 310,473,000, i.e., 281,884,000 ± 1.96 x 14,586,000. Again, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 95 percent of all possible samples.

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on the size of the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and the denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the parameter in the tables indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, $s_{x,p}$, can be obtained by use of the formula

$$S_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{bp(100 - p)}{x}}$$
 (3)

Here, x is the total number of sportspersons, hunters, etc., which is the base of the percentage; p is the percentage; and b is the parameter in the tables associated with the characteristic in the numerator of the percentage.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of an Estimated Percentage

Suppose there were an estimated 13,674,000 hunters age 16 years old and older of whom 18.9 percent hunted migratory birds. From table D-5, the appropriate b parameter is 15,798. Using formula (3), the approximate standard error on the estimate of 18.9 percent is

$$s_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{15,798 * 18.9 * (100 - 18.9)}{13,674,000}} = 1.33$$

Consequently, the 95-percent confidence interval for the estimate percentage of migratory bird hunters 16 years old and older is from 16.3 percent to 21.5 percent, i.e., $18.9 \pm 1.96 \times 1.33$.

Standard Error of a Difference. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$S_{x-y} = \sqrt{S_x^2 + S_y^2} \tag{4}$$

where s₁ and s₂ are the standard errors of the estimates x and y. The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. This will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of a Difference

Suppose there were an estimated 13,608,000 females in the age range of 18-24 of whom 726,000 or 5.3 percent were sportspersons. Similarly, suppose there were an estimated 12,909,000 males in the same age range of whom 2,160,000 or 16.7 percent were sportspersons. The apparent difference between the percentage of female and male sportspersons is 11.4 percent. Using formula (3) and the appropriate b parameter from table D-5, the approximate standard errors of 5.3 percent and 16.7 percent are 0.79 and 1.35, respectively. Using formula (4), the approximate standard error of the estimated difference of 11.4 percent is

$$s_{x-y} = \sqrt{0.79^2 + 1.35^2} = 1.56$$

The 95-percent confidence interval on the difference between 18- to 24-year-old female and male sportspersons is from 8.3 to 14.5, i.e., 11.4 ± 1.96 x 1.56. Since the interval does not contain zero, we can conclude with 95 percent confidence that the percentage of 18- to 24-year-old female sportspersons is less than the percentage of 18- to 24-year-old male sportspersons.

Standard Errors of Estimated Averages. Certain mean values for sportspersons, anglers, etc., shown in the report were calculated as the ratio of two numbers. For example, average days per angler is calculated as:

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{total\ days}{total\ anglers}$$

Standard errors for these averages may be approximated by the use of formula (5) below.

$$s_{x/y} = \frac{x}{y} \sqrt{\left[\frac{s_x}{x}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{s_y}{y}\right]^2 - 2r\frac{s_x s_y}{xy}}$$
(5)

In formula (5), r represents the correlation coefficient between the numerator and the denominator of the estimate. In the above formula, use 0.7 as an estimate of r.

Illustration of the Computation of the Standard Error of an Estimated Average

Suppose that the estimated number of the average days per angler age 16 years old and older for all fishing was 16.7 days. Using formulas (1) and (2) above, we compute the standard error on total days, 553,841,000, and total anglers, 33,112,000, to be 20,329,124 and 693,033, respectively. The approximate standard error on the estimated average of 16.7 days is

$$s_{x/y} = \frac{553,841,000}{33,112,000} \sqrt{\left[\frac{20,329,124}{553,841,000}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{693,033}{33,112,000}\right]^2 - 2*0.7 \frac{20,329,124*693,033}{553,841,000*33,112,000}} = 0.45$$

Therefore, the 95-percent confidence interval on the estimated average of 16.7 days is from 15.8 to 17.6, i.e., $16.7 \pm 1.96 \times 0.45$.

Table D-1. Approximate Standard Errors and 95-Percent Confidence Intervals for Selected Fishing Estimates: 2011

Anglers, days, and expenditures	Estimate	Standard error	Lower 95 percent	Upper 95 percent
ANGLERS (thousands)				
Total Freshwater Freshwater, except Great Lakes. Great Lakes Saltwater	33,112 27,547 27,060 1,665 8,889	693 640 635 167 379	31,754 26,292 25,815 1,338 8,145	34,470 28,802 28,305 1,992 9,633
DAYS OF FISHING (thousands)				
Total. Freshwater. Freshwater, except Great Lakes Great Lakes Saltwater	553,841 455,862 443,223 19,661 99,474	20,329 18,246 17,872 2,989 6,523	513,996 420,100 408,194 13,803 86,689	593,686 491,624 478,252 25,519 112,259
Average Days Per Angler				
Total Freshwater Freshwater, except Great Lakes Great Lakes Saltwater	16.7 16.5 16.4 11.8 11.2	0.4 0.5 0.5 1.3 0.5	15.9 15.6 15.4 9.3 10.2	17.6 17.5 17.3 14.3 12.2
FISHING EXPENDITURES (thousands of dollars)				
Total Freshwater Freshwater, except Great Lakes Great Lakes Saltwater	41,788,936 25,732,493 23,782,678 1,867,098 10,266,904	2,152,483 1,392,372 1,294,461 321,774 842,314	37,570,069 23,003,444 21,245,535 1,236,420 8,615,969	46,007,803 28,461,542 26,319,821 2,497,776 11,917,839
Average Expenditure Per Angler (dollars)				
Total . Freshwater Freshwater, except Great Lakes Great Lakes Saltwater	1,262 934 879 1,121 1,155	50 39 36 140 70	1,164 858 807 847 1,018	1,360 1,010 950 1,396 1,292

Table D-2. Approximate Standard Errors and 95-Percent Confidence Intervals for Selected Hunting Estimates: 2011

Hunters, days, and expenditures	Estimate	Standard error	Lower 95 percent	Upper 95 percent
HUNTERS (thousands)				
Total . Big game . Small game . Migratory birds . Other animals	13,674 11,570 4,506 2,583 2,168	451 417 264 201 184	12,789 10,753 3,988 2,189 1,807	14,559 12,387 5,024 2,977 2,529
DAYS OF HUNTING (thousands)				
Total Big game Small game Migratory birds Other animals	281,884 212,116 50,884 23,263 34,434	14,587 11,905 4,426 2,580 4,561	253,293 188,783 42,208 18,206 25,495	310,475 235,449 59,560 28,320 43,373
Average Days Per Hunter				
Total Big game Small game Migratory birds Other animals	20.6 18.3 11.3 9.0 15.9	0.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.5	19.1 16.9 9.9 7.6 12.9	22.1 19.8 12.7 10.4 18.8
HUNTING EXPENDITURES (thousands of dollars)				
Total Big game Small game Migratory birds Other animals	33,702,017 16,853,654 2,560,859 1,808,030 857,607	2,434,362 1,301,699 294,923 258,986 145,374	28,930,668 14,302,324 1,982,810 1,300,418 572,674	38,473,366 19,404,984 3,138,908 2,315,642 1,142,540
Average Expenditure Per Hunter (dollars)				
Total Big game Small game. Migratory birds Other animals	2,465 1,457 568 700 396	134 85 48 73 50	2,201 1,291 473 556 298	2,728 1,622 663 844 493

Table D–3. Approximate Standard Errors and 95-Percent Confidence Intervals for Selected Fishing and Hunting Expenditure Estimates: 2011

(Thousands of dollars)

Expenditures	Estimate	Standard error	Lower 95 percent	Upper 95 percent
FISHING AND HUNTING EXPENDITURES				
Total	89,761,524	4,417,179	81,103,853	98,419,195
Trip-related, total.	32,210,653	1,611,890	29,051,348	35,369,958
	11,592,622	600.321	10.415.993	12,769,251
Food and lodging			., .,	l ' '
Transportation	11,029,451	567,248	9,917,645	12,141,257
Other trip costs	9,588,580	507,643	8,593,600	10,583,560
Equipment, total	43,227,403	1,973,222	39,359,887	47,094,919
Fishing	6,179,132	346,771	5,499,462	6,858,802
Hunting	8,182,297	580,360	7,044,792	9,319,802
Auxiliary	3,736,648	266,416	3,214,473	4,258,823
Special	25,129,326	2,818,767	19,604,543	30,654,109
Other, total.	13,620,867	653,752	12,339,513	14,902,221
Magazines, books, DVDs	319,781	26,571	267,702	371,860
		107,185	912,705	
Membership dues and contributions	1,122,787			1,332,869
Land leasing and ownership	10,563,362	1,363,654	7,890,601	13,236,123
Licenses, stamps, tags, and permits	1,614,937	83,880	1,450,533	1,779,341
Fishing Expenditures				
Total	41,788,936	2,152,483	37,570,069	46,007,803
Trip-related, total	21,789,465	1,130,303	19,574,071	24,004,859
Food and lodging	7,711,318	415,250	6,897,427	8,525,209
Transportation	6,261,536	335,609	5.603.743	6.919.329
Other trip costs	7,816,610	421,072	6,991,309	8,641,911
Other trip costs	7,810,010	421,072	0,991,309	0,041,911
Equipment, total	15,506,433	811,537	13,915,821	17,097,045
Fishing	6,141,895	346,725	5,462,314	6,821,476
Auxiliary	1,106,865	115,939	879.625	1,334,105
Special	8,257,673	1,196,090	5,913,337	10,602,009
Other, total.	4,493,037	249,307	4,004,395	4,981,679
Magazines, books, DVDs	108,308	12,923	82,978	133,638
Membership dues and contributions.	321,990	51,720	220,619	423,361
			,	l '
Land leasing and ownership	3,434,097	771,086	1,922,768	4,945,426
Licenses, stamps, tags, and permits	628,642	33,876	562,245	695,039
Hunting Expenditures				
Total	33,702,017	2,434,362	28,930,668	38,473,366
Trip-related, total	10,427,189	777,308	8,903,666	11,950,712
Food and lodging	3,881,304	300,335	3,292,647	4,469,961
Transportation	4,767,915	361,834	4,058,720	5,477,110
Other trip costs	1,771,970	212,437	1,355,593	2,188,347
Equipment, total	13,972,490	948,614	12,113,206	15,831,774
	1 ' '			l ' '
Hunting	7,738,324	602,758	6,556,919	8,919,729
Auxiliary	1,844,880	185,407	1,481,483	2,208,277
Special	4,389,286	1,195,275	2,046,546	6,732,026
Other, total.	9,308,340	613,476	8,105,927	10,510,753
Magazines, books, DVDs	107,272	13,470	80,871	133,673
Membership dues and contributions	382,817	57,968	269,199	496,435
Land leasing and ownership	7,129,265	1,039,867	5,091,126	9,167,404
Licenses, stamps, tags, and permits	986,385	71,671	845,910	1,126,860
,		,,,,,,]	1,120,000

Table D-4. Approximate Standard Errors and 95-Percent Confidence Intervals for Selected Wildlife-Watching Estimates: 2011

Participants and expenditures	Estimate	Standard error	Lower 95 percent	Upper 95 percent
WILDLIFE-WATCHING PARTICIPANTS (thousands)				
Total Away from home Observe wildlife Photograph wildlife. Feed wildlife	71,776 22,496 19,808 12,354 5,399	1,196 762 719 578 388	69,431 21,003 18,398 11,222 4,639	74,121 23,989 21,218 13,486 6,159
Around the home. Observe wildlife. Photograph wildlife. Feed wildlife Visit public parks or natural areas. Maintain plantings or natural areas.	68,598 45,046 25,370 52,817 12,311 13,399	1,180 1,020 804 1,083 577 600	66,284 43,046 23,795 50,695 11,181 12,223	70,912 47,046 26,945 54,939 13,441 14,575
DAYS OF PARTICIPATION IN AWAY-FROM-HOME ACTIVITIES (thousands)				
Total	335,625 268,798 110,459 59,255	28,425 24,209 13,146 9,604	279,911 221,349 84,693 40,432	391,339 316,247 136,225 78,078
Average Days of Participation in Away-From-Home Activities				
Total Observe wildlife Photograph wildlife Feed wildlife	14.9 13.6 8.9 11.0	0.98 0.95 0.83 1.35	13.0 11.7 7.3 8.3	16.8 15.4 10.6 13.6
EXPENDITURES (thousands)				
Total	54,890,272 17,274,675 9,349,439 6,006,860 1,918,376	3,146,979 1,431,121 822,822 505,292 214,540	48,722,193 14,469,677 7,736,707 5,016,488 1,497,879	61,058,351 20,079,673 10,962,171 6,997,232 2,338,873
Equipment and other, total Equipment, total Wildlife watching equipment Auxiliary equipment Special equipment	37,615,597 27,150,921 11,323,179 1,555,374 14,272,368	2,194,526 1,544,420 671,280 207,202 3,249,460	33,314,326 24,123,857 10,007,471 1,149,258 7,903,427	41,916,868 30,177,985 12,638,887 1,961,490 20,641,309
Other, total. Magazines, books, DVDs Membership dues and contributions Land leasing and ownership Plantings	10,464,677 420,395 2,163,568 5,676,794 2,203,920	739,717 43,842 227,318 1,723,393 254,626	9,014,832 334,465 1,718,024 2,298,943 1,704,853	11,914,522 506,325 2,609,112 9,054,645 2,702,987

Table D–5. Approximate Standard Errors and 95-Percent Confidence Interval for Participants in Wildlife-Related Recreation by Participant's State of Residence: 2011

(Numbers in thousands)

Participant's state of residence	Total participants	Standard error	Lower 95 percent	Upper 95 percent
United States, total	90,108	1,310	87,541	92,675
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California	1,490	174	1,149	1,831
	337	23	292	382
	1,660	113	1,438	1,882
	1,119	91	941	1,297
	7,360	378	6,620	8,100
Colorado	1,854	118	1,622	2,086
Connecticut	1,204	73	1,062	1,346
Delaware	260	18	225	295
Florida	4,652	274	4,115	5,189
Georgia	2,752	310	2,145	3,359
Hawaii	222	18	188	256
Idaho	638	68	505	771
Illinois	3,493	226	3,050	3,936
Indiana	2,131	204	1,732	2,530
Iowa.	1,097	73	954	1,240
Kansas	1,011	69	875	1,147
Kentucky	1,470	130	1,216	1,724
Louisiana	1,380	164	1,059	1,701
Maine	520	45	431	609
Maryland	1,396	93	1,213	1,579
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri	1,779	106	1,571	1,987
	3,709	245	3,228	4,190
	2,107	186	1,742	2,472
	1,017	101	819	1,215
	2,105	135	1,841	2,369
Montana	334	31	272	396
Nebraska	499	42	416	582
Nevada	594	58	481	707
New Hampshire	470	30	412	528
New Jersey	2,057	113	1,835	2,279
New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota. Ohio.	592	53	487	697
	5,143	390	4,378	5,908
	2,717	223	2,280	3,154
	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	4,078	261	3,567	4,589
Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina	1,549	119	1,317	1,781
	1,396	106	1,187	1,605
	4,063	348	3,381	4,745
	309	18	274	344
	1,299	123	1,059	1,539
South Dakota. Tennessee Texas Utah. Vermont.	371	43	287	455
	2,121	162	1,803	2,439
	5,888	404	5,097	6,679
	784	52	682	886
	316	22	273	359
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	2,580	161	2,265	2,895
	2,311	156	2,005	2,617
	868	95	683	1,053
	2,499	172	2,161	2,837
	250	18	215	285

Table D-6. Parameters a and b for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors of Sportspersons, Anglers, Hunters, and Wildlife-Watching Participants

(These parameters are to be used only to calculate estimates of standard error s for characteristics developed from the screening sample)

State	6 years old	and older	6 to 15 years old only		
State	a	b	a	b	
United States, total	-0.000043	12,272	-0.000387	15,783	
Alabama	-0.001517	6,503	-0.009621	5,974	
Alaska	-0.001275	795	-0.010120	986	
Arizona	-0.000765	4,622	-0.003646	3,484	
Arkansas	-0.001766	4,647	-0.014655	5,761	
California	-0.000236	7,936	-0.002632	13,492	
Colorado	-0.000805	3,719	-0.006685	4,508	
Connecticut	-0.000429	1,384	-0.004817	2,149	
Delaware	-0.000758	614	-0.009410	1,051	
Florida	-0.000354	6,040	-0.004700	10,400	
Georgia	-0.000756	6,717	-0.003496	4,981	
Hawaii	-0.000603	694	-0.007618	1,184	
Idaho	-0.001708	2,389	-0.017208	3,904	
Illinois	-0.000633	7,425	-0.005382	9,348	
Indiana	-0.000849	4,951	-0.012557	10,925	
Iowa	-0.000988	2,714	-0.008723	3,356	
Kansas	-0.001014	2,584	-0.009102	3,499	
Kentucky	-0.001476	5,802	-0.009316	5,165	
Louisiana	-0.000840	3,418	-0.014093	8,744	
Maine	-0.001824	2,210	-0.016808	2,441	
Maryland	-0.000570	2,976	-0.008290	6,120	
Massachusetts	-0.000394	2,406	-0.003000	2,365	
Michigan	-0.001153	10,458	-0.009872	12,626	
Minnesota	-0.001905	9,166	-0.015878	10,749	
Mississippi	-0.001191	3,137	-0.012208	5,053	
Missouri	-0.000858	4,672	-0.004859	3,768	
Montana	-0.001690	1,418	-0.015626	1,816	
Nebraska	-0.001546	2,519	-0.015670	3,805	
Nevada	-0.000431	1,029	-0.007455	2,739	
New Hampshire	-0.000920	1,125	-0.015100	2,356	
New Jersey	-0.000359	2,868	-0.003386	3,831	
New Mexico	-0.000706	1,294	-0.006025	1,703	
New York	-0.000416	7,444	-0.005818	13,956	
North Carolina	-0.000905	7,706	-0.008882	11,091	
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio	-0.000807	8,454	-0.006870	10,159	
Oklahoma	-0.001132	3,772	-0.008501	4,297	
Oregon	-0.001359	4,806	-0.010991	5,226	
Pennsylvania	-0.000593	6,843	-0.005995	9,017	
Rhode Island	-0.000308	300	-0.003287	405	
South Carolina	-0.000739	3,060	-0.005611	3,303	
South Dakota	-0.001620	1,194	-0.034414	3,643	
Tennessee	-0.000730	4,204	-0.003532	2,887	
Texas	-0.000807	18,178	-0.004712	18,120	
Utah	-0.001050	2,638	-0.008515	4,056	
Vermont	-0.001401	811	-0.014942	1,003	
Virginia	-0.000533	3,805	-0.004771	4,816	
Washington	-0.000640	3,938	-0.006644	5,691	
West Virginia	-0.001618	2,714	-0.015297	3,266	
Wisconsin	-0.002449	12,656	-0.016762	11,855	
Wyoming	-0.002057	1,013	-0.029622	2,038	

Table D-7. Parameters a and b for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors for Levels for the Detailed **Sportspersons Sample**

State	Sportspersons and anglers 16	years old and older	Hunters 16 years old and older		
State	a	b	a	b	
United States, total	-0.000070	16,823	-0.000066	15,798	
Alabama	-0.002013	7,375	-0.001789	6,556	
Alaska	-0.003854	2,028	-0.002828	1,488	
Arizona	-0.001928	9,801	-0.001483	7,539	
Arkansas	-0.006403	14,328	-0.008765	19,615	
California	-0.000352	10,066	-0.000199	5,673	
Colorado	-0.001432	5,651	-0.000959	3,784	
Connecticut	-0.001549	4,309	-0.000814	2,264	
Delaware	-0.001485	1,038	-0.000692	484	
Florida	-0.000737	10,943	-0.000364	5,407	
Georgia	-0.001334	9,948	-0.000897	6,692	
Hawaii	-0.001157	1,151	-0.000846	842	
Idaho	-0.010247	12,009	-0.004564	5,348	
Illinois	-0.001679	16,769	-0.002058	20,557	
Indiana	-0.002038	10,118	-0.002294	11,391	
Iowa.	-0.002068	4,887	-0.002076	4,905	
Kansas	-0.002932	6,342	-0.002590	5,602	
Kentucky	-0.003245	10,954	-0.002763	9,328	
Louisiana	-0.003723	12,838	-0.001421	4,899	
Maine	-0.003040	3,241	-0.003340	3,561	
Maryland	-0.001084	4,855	-0.000949	4,252	
Massachusetts	-0.000437	2,325	-0.000367	1,950	
Michigan	-0.002590	20,167	-0.001899	14,792	
Minnesota	-0.004611	19,060	-0.001598	6,606	
Mississippi	-0.006731	14,944	-0.006339	14,075	
Missouri	-0.001315	6,139	-0.001437	6,706	
Montana	-0.006507	5,056	-0.005775	4,488	
Nebraska	-0.001667	2,313	-0.001801	2,498	
Nevada	-0.001056	2,136	-0.001108	2,241	
New Hampshire	-0.002879	3,070	-0.000896	956	
New Jersey	-0.000704	4,827	-0.000287	1,967	
New Mexico	-0.002617	4,059	-0.000648	1,006	
New York	-0.001079	16,730	-0.000725	11,247	
North Carolina	-0.001281	9,305	-0.001279	9,290	
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio	-0.001605	14,444	-0.001351	12,159	
Oklahoma	-0.005114	14,461	-0.002771	7,836	
Oregon.	-0.002276	6,968	-0.001995	6,108	
Pennsylvania	-0.001820	18,266	-0.001269	12,740	
Rhode Island	-0.000764	649	-0.000291	247	
South Carolina	-0.002655	9,438	-0.001677	5,961	
South Dakota.	-0.009550	6,028	-0.011761	7,424	
Tennessee	-0.002018	9,981	-0.000754	3,728	
Texas	-0.001644	30,704	-0.001150	21,490	
Utah	-0.001969	4,009	-0.002043	4,159	
Vermont	-0.003247	1,662	-0.003046	1,559	
Virginia	-0.000965	5,920	-0.001933	11,864	
Washington	-0.001320	6,986	-0.000561	2,971	
West Virginia	-0.002455	3,594	-0.001928	2,822	
Wisconsin	-0.002985	13,311	-0.003141	14,006	
Wyoming.	-0.004945	2,095	-0.005055	2,141	

Parameters a, b, and c for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors for Expenditures for the Detailed Sportspersons Sample

	Sportspersons and anglers 16 years old and older			Hunters 16 years old and older		
State	a	b	С	a	b	c
United States, total	0.001159	-575,615	45,670	0.001923	-978,460	44,416
Alabama	0.021918	-163,227	21,197	0.026237	-310,700	20,618
Alaska	0.068721	-3,823	2,765	0.086885	-80,157	2,587
Arizona	0.072204	-64,996	7,713	0.112668	32,711	4,512
Arkansas	0.190512	-51,366	5,554	0.208269	3,305	4,958
California	0.041958	323,332	11,979	0.056429	1,177,647	6,717
Colorado	0.038767	15,704	8,931	0.080446	-49,174	5,370
Connecticut	0.062963	-54,211	6,250	0.156423	-403,680	4,065
Delaware	0.138101	-7,091	1,280	0.206480	-291	823
Florida	0.031125	129,668	13,980	0.044416	-273,423	13,786
Georgia	0.133758	-35,054	10,761	0.180457	-30,025	9,196
Hawaii	0.099271	-1,810	905	0.154210	-1,865	677
Idaho	0.197816	-5,230	3,806	0.216778	170,971	2,339
Illinois	0.016086	-95,430	23,661	0.059422	-369,151	14,496
Indiana	0.084408	56,304	7,293	0.113115	42,035	5,378
Iowa	0.110741	-6,756	5,107	0.110417	-42,038	6,849
Kansas	0.119262	-8,287	3,770	0.130458	-38,144	4,212
Kentucky	0.032291	-262,907	19,693	0.050336	-549,944	21,014
Louisiana	0.125543	72,794	4,657	0.123353	-129,712	6,086
Maine	0.073133	-64,912	4,685	0.133009	-24,957	2,602
Maryland	0.069557	-8,036	7,163	0.119862	-92,688	6,155
Massachusetts	0.041124	13,503	3,733	0.092555	-231	2,727
Michigan	0.071988	-130,103	28,404	0.026267	-153,883	33,794
Minnesota	0.056048	-43,079	17,112	0.064508	-189,054	15,975
Mississippi	0.143495	-50,131	8,984	0.146486	14,053	8,097
Missouri	0.027623	-7,268	10,503	0.066759	-24,068	8,944
Montana	0.178611	-16,817	2,622	0.105263	-209,610	3,801
Nebraska	0.100459	-1,618	2,551	0.119872	-19,296	2,785
Nevada	0.040428	-34,230	2,962	0.141457	-114,260	1,968
New Hampshire	0.127497	6,106	2,383	0.176749	14,447	1,443
New Jersey	0.027546	11,544	6,195	0.036515	-45,032	6,045
New Mexico	0.036052	-17,835	4,123	0.147509	-35,750	2,313
New York	0.152342	-343,859	17,854	0.209665	-176,671	10,911
North Carolina	0.029116	-209,241	18,945	0.064157	-163,564	13,190
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	0.128010	-37,131	20,232	0.216544	-1,019,186	18,675
Oklahoma	0.098427	-170,608	14,307	0.276027	126,332	2,101
Oregon	0.010568	7,416	9,002	0.011236	96,792	7,900
Pennsylvania	0.039841	-43,889	24,057	0.037830	-316,859	27,692
Rhode Island	0.077596	-203.9579	657	0.110230	-39,344	696
South Carolina	0.180012	-120,717	6,857	0.181351	-87,421	5,445
South Dakota	0.114248	-43,160	4,683	0.102506	-203,831	6,355
Tennessee	0.051884	-61,213	15,306	0.073335	-522,076	17,760
Texas	0.049244	-64,415	42,177	0.077228	-819,919	50,873
Utah	0.063366	-20,537	4,266	0.066238	-2,994	4,293
Vermont	0.271264	-10,725	1,629	0.339375	-128,675	1,810
Virginia	0.034590	-93,405	11,648	0.037134	-222,277	13,083
Washington	0.067952	22,119	7,169	0.080042	-119,224	6,687
West Virginia	0.173583	-44,746	4,014	0.117366	-52,107	4,868
Wisconsin	0.045614	-215,022	29,192	0.057107	164,685	22,483
Wyoming	0.037366	-31,308	2,986	0.032006	-10,196	3,038
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Table D–9. Parameters a, b, and c for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors for Days or Trips for the Detailed Sportspersons Sample

Stata	Sportspersons and anglers 16 years old and older			Hunters 16 years old and older		
State	a	b	С	a	b	c
United States, total	0.000068	-160,414	51,951	-0.000284	-127,863	46,699
Alabama	-0.006409	-33,141	16,434	-0.001309	-24,163	13,815
Alaska	0.040044	-1,378	2,306	0.014819	-3,686	3,262
Arizona	0.010858	-12,760	16,639	0.094988	-10,415	13,604
Arkansas	0.029081	-47,335	22,178	-0.069327	-298,461	51,645
California	0.018455	62,656	11,126	0.002617	35,822	14,331
Colorado	0.012264	-4,831	7,675	0.057492	-4,094	6,123
Connecticut	0.010321	-20,427	7,687	0.178663	1,319	1,609
Delaware	0.202009	-718	940	0.322859	-120	316
Florida	0.030335	-13,138	12,228	0.050279	-17,145	11,045
Georgia	-0.016400	-22,749	29,830	0.034924	-19,534	26,050
Hawaii	0.011790	-1,565	1,950	0.134936	-560	912
Idaho	0.044270	113	10,482	0.221214	-2,323	5,468
Illinois	-0.005565	-7,990	21,553	-0.015684	-60,913	34,960
Indiana	0.079426	-2,044	8,077	0.088709	7,770	5,819
Iowa	0.012302	-22,937	13,314	0.074986	-46,595	14,146
Kansas	0.061820	-2,259	4,674	0.158439	10,639	277
Kentucky	0.023655	-6,641	17,832	0.015712	-15,751	21,050
Louisiana	0.105459	53,216	2,251	0.124945	55,464	167
Maine	0.026901	-3,659	4,612	-0.011197	-41,449	8,337
Maryland	0.023534	-8,872	6,975	0.039987	-4,806	5,572
Massachusetts	0.032450	-2,312	3,371	0.038816	-2,548	3,080
Michigan	0.006455	-21,327	31,990	-0.023017	-23,908	33,169
Minnesota	0.000310	-20,823	26,365	0.008351	-106,597	30,823
Mississippi	0.001714	-39,317	19,444	0.020445	-27,887	17,239
Missouri	0.004697	-8,884	10,776	-0.002402	9,637	8,938
Montana	0.055324	-1,581	4,356	-0.059715	-48,367	13,442
Nebraska	0.033324	-2,510	3,593	0.034127	-46,307 -72	2,640
Nevada	0.005007	-8,090	4,055	0.008052	600	2,787
New Hampshire	0.112057	177	1,530	0.259509	1,299	402
New Jersey	0.030384	-392	4,901	0.103886	1,299	2,432
New Mexico	-0.011244	-8,297	9,568	0.230217	2.552	2 200
New York	0.046461	-16,384	18,549	0.230217	-2,553 14,380	3,300 6,931
North Carolina	0.013151	-7,442	16,655	-0.007341	-5,733	18,773
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
Ohio	0.008805	44,579	17,178	-0.000533	(NA) -55,316	(NA) 25,603
Oklahoma	0.010053	17,862	15,896	0.135080	27,988	6,568
Oregon.	0.017087	-5,837	8,095	0.133080	27,988 -8,838	8,179
Pennsylvania	0.050758	-16,535	18,668	0.056836	-8,838 -15,548	1
Rhode Island	0.030738	-10,535 -1,416	914	0.102558	-13,348 -994	18,131 499
South Carolina	0.039217	-3,630	7,815	0.020949	-8,305	10,720
South Delvete	0.000220	0.205	11 104	0.070200	4 221	7.150
South Dakota	-0.000329	-9,205 -9,998	11,194	0.070309	-4,221 2,242	7,158
Tennessee	0.084448		12,576	0.203468	-3,342 71,201	5,689
	0.114686 0.009602	-85,855	44,518 7,922	0.128279	-71,291	38,430
Utah	0.042093	-5,402 -2,395	2,132	0.007556 0.067655	-7,585 -2,349	7,951 1,435
Virginia	0.079698	778	4,363	0.112100		1.240
Virginia	0.095993	-3,056		0.112100	9,122	1,340
Washington			4,652	0.084185 0.012519	-13,640	6,129
West Virginia	0.042905	-11,238	6,458		-13,442	7,608
Wisconsin	0.014256	-12,514	22,081	0.021117	-19,455	18,855
Wyoming	-0.003362	-3,606	4,480	-0.030790	-4,007	4,809

Table D-10. Parameters a and b for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors for Levels of Wildlife-Watching Participants for the Detailed Wildlife-Watching Sample

State	Away-from-home	e participants	Wildlife-watching participants ¹		
State	a b		a	b	
United States, total	-0.000134	32,078	-0.000119	28,477	
Alabama	-0.003523	12,908	-0.009869	36,163	
Alaska	-0.004221	2,221	-0.005350	2,815	
Arizona	-0.001319	6,703	-0.001925	9,787	
Arkansas	-0.003939	8,814	-0.003938	8,814	
California	-0.000739	21,116	-0.000937	26,764	
Camornia	-0.000739	21,110	-0.000737	20,704	
Colorado	-0.003019	11,913	-0.003309	13,057	
Connecticut	-0.002392	6,653	-0.002609	7,256	
Delaware	-0.001438	1,005	-0.002547	1,780	
Florida	-0.001411	20,956	-0.001591	23,634	
Georgia	-0.003335	24,875	-0.007832	58,421	
Hawaii	-0.002051	2,041	-0.001805	1,797	
Idaho	-0.007948	9,315	-0.008539	10,006	
Illinois	-0.001219	12,172	-0.001994	19,916	
Indiana.	-0.001219				
I		10,030	-0.006775	33,637	
Iowa.	-0.003386	8,000	-0.003220	7,607	
Kansas	-0.003728	8,064	-0.003222	6,969	
Kentucky	-0.002201	7,431	-0.005428	18,327	
Louisiana	-0.001619	5,582	-0.009544	32,914	
Maine	-0.003739	3,986	-0.006455	6,881	
Maryland	-0.000762	3,414	-0.001982	8,879	
Managhuanta	-0.001036	5.510	0.001020	0.702	
Massachusetts		5,512	-0.001839	9,783	
Michigan	-0.003032	23,610	-0.003331	25,940	
Minnesota	-0.005468	22,603	-0.006274	25,934	
Mississippi	-0.005131	11,393	-0.005454	12,110	
Missouri	-0.002842	13,264	-0.003139	14,653	
Montana	-0.004110	3,194	-0.004772	3,708	
Nebraska	-0.003608	5,004	-0.004078	5,656	
Nevada	-0.005369	10,865	-0.004111	8,319	
New Hampshire	-0.002275	2,425	-0.002428	2,589	
New Jersey	-0.000795	5,449	-0.001272	8,715	
N	0.002021	4.606	0.004740	7.264	
New Mexico	-0.003021	4,686	-0.004748	7,364	
New York	-0.002450	37,975	-0.002910	45,114	
North Carolina	-0.003857	28,014	-0.004098	29,769	
North Dakota.	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	
Ohio	-0.001006	9,055	-0.003043	27,382	
Oklahoma	-0.001850	5,230	-0.005081	14,367	
Oregon	-0.002304	7,055	-0.004554	13,942	
Pennsylvania	-0.003639	36,519	-0.004874	48,914	
Rhode Island	-0.001580	1,340	-0.001829	1,552	
South Carolina	-0.004536	16,126	-0.004877	17,337	
C d D L	0.002022	1.700	0.012604	0.620	
South Dakota	-0.002833	1,788	-0.013684	8,638	
Tennessee	-0.007450	36,840	-0.004097	20,260	
Texas	-0.001436	26,817	-0.001909	35,657	
Utah	-0.002560	5,211	-0.002329	4,741	
Vermont	-0.007044	3,605	-0.006399	3,275	
Virginia	-0.002247	13,787	-0.002743	16,828	
Washington	-0.004645	24,585	-0.003371	17,846	
West Virginia.	-0.019113	27,981	-0.015998	23,421	
Wisconsin	-0.004020	17,926	-0.013998	22,851	
Wyoming	-0.004020 -0.003576	1,515	-0.003124	1,988	
wyoming	-0.003370	1,313	-0.004094	1,988	

¹ Use these parameters for total wildlife-watching participants and around-the-home participants.

Parameters a, b, and c for Calculating Approximate Standard Errors for Expenditures and Days or Trips for Wildlife-Watching Sample Table D-11.

	Expenditures			Days or trips		
State	a	ь	c	a	b	С
United States, total	0.001308	-1,548,024	112,362	0.002307	826,023	54,100
Alabama	0.292431	-9,893	10,505	-0.079778	174,629	61,748
Alaska	0.108738	-34,916	4,682	0.016446	-58,833	12,421
Arizona	0.077675	-4,716	7,536	-0.027772	286,426	30,687
Arkansas	0.313406	-11,247	9,078	0.0627772	-194,867	34,370
California	0.048430		28,990			
Camoma	0.048430	-43,155	28,990	0.006079	-38,139	52,624
Colorado	0.124349	-14,729	9,702	0.026976	183,987	10,254
Connecticut	0.007486	-436,089	16,607	-0.024420	125,914	23,606
Delaware	0.061895	-18,947	3,005	-0.074027	13,351	10,785
Florida	0.083730	104,408	21,053	0.007541	-194,343	57,112
Georgia	0.249488	-25,092	26,678	0.050793	-3,332,773	479,805
Hawaii	0.120445	-32,991	1,567	0.083382	-9,149	3,825
Idaho	0.223371	-147,314	10,203	-0.062345	-258,027	89,698
Illinois	0.107605	-13,356	18,919	0.044699	-258,027 -354,008	68,862
			,			
Indiana	0.193872	-322,885	13,396	-0.040883	-166,121	69,136
Iowa	0.021305	94,648	4,636	0.079467	-75,095	20,869
Kansas	0.072491	6,025	5,519	-0.013518	-72,502	27,154
Kentucky	0.157856	-96,510	5,459	0.029898	-95,012	43,749
Louisiana	0.362140	107,638	6,464	0.246426	368,942	-24,469
Maine	0.094142	-35,394	5,069	0.150679	-50,401	9,088
Maryland	0.095353	39,360	3,760	-0.020442	-46,263	37,328
Massachusetta	0.014000	162 624	14.762	0.020104	50.520	22.402
Massachusetts	0.014009	-163,624	14,762	-0.020104	-59,530	32,483
Michigan	0.072396	489	41,625	0.046186	1,002,661	-40,953
Minnesota	0.096860	-27,052	22,699	0.018847	-405,415	80,062
Mississippi	0.040018	23,616	8,811	-0.060202	-43,904	39,904
Missouri	0.077023	-29,229	11,649	0.021741	-290,522	62,546
Montana	0.102248	27,322	3,406	-0.004215	-16,717	12,349
Nebraska	0.250670	-146,886	4,935	0.027770	347,687	3,046
Nevada	0.100312	-90,487	4,723	-0.038534	-44,832	21,999
New Hampshire	0.024368	-13,607	3,264	0.043269	9,164	578
New Jersey	0.089631	-120,587	9,071	-0.020528	-231,435	57,548
New Mexico	0.110251	1,905	3,130	0.021449	197,267	5,813
New York	0.122911	-1,425,885	68,948	0.006340	-44,103	93,311
North Carolina	0.017031			-0.058093		
		-326,265	56,212		-593,772	133,445
North Dakota	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Ohio	0.080684	-39,489	26,461	0.001012	-1,543	45,574
Oklahoma	0.235454	57,625	3,593	0.014729	-152,377	38,659
Oregon.	0.099298	-158,238	13,407	0.010117	-157,164	46,869
Pennsylvania	0.084612	-12,972	30,509	-0.007189	-465,695	137,527
Rhode Island	0.097369	-15,709	1,525	-0.006225	65,378	2,641
South Carolina	0.063035	-24,816	15,855	0.022948	-180,925	43,937
Carrella Dallanda	0.071412	122.040	5 (70	0.000702	0.007	10.004
South Dakota	0.071413	123,949	5,679	0.089793	-8,087	10,884
Tennessee	0.031635	-32,698	21,276	0.086824	-18,925	12,703
Texas	0.072728	-140,319	44,225	0.058100	-1,079,923	206,159
UtahVermont	0.085970 0.038545	-75,950 -10,496	8,631 2,590	-0.041299 -0.014657	-141,530 6,845	33,231 6,875
	0.030343			0.014037	0,043	0,873
Virginia	0.077984	46,506	9,684	-0.013749	-12,650	34,877
Washington	0.046435	-44,547	25,839	-0.074088	-88,929	109,017
West Virginia.	0.369202	18,732	2,180	0.243904	-8,874	7,939
Wisconsin	0.256246	-223,513	26,643	-0.019357	-228,892	138,515
Wyoming	0.098137	502	2,339	0.039285	-9,043	7,534







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